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20 HOME DEPOT U.S.A., INC. and
21 JOHN BROOKS

22 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
23 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

24 SANDY BELL and MARTIN GAMA,
25 individually, and on behalf of other
26 members of the general public similarly
27 situated, and as aggrieved employees
28 pursuant to the Private Attorneys General
Act ("PAGA"),

Plaintiffs,

vs.

HOME DEPOT U.S.A., INC., a Delaware
corporation; JOHN BROOKS, an
individual; and DOES 1 through 10,
inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:12-cv-02499-GEB-CKD

[Assigned for All Purposes to
Hon. Garland E. Burrell, Jr.]

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
GOVERNING DISCOVERY**

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action may involve production of confidential, proprietary, and/or private information, including but not limited to operational and financial data, wage data and personal and financial information regarding putative class members, for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. This Order is necessary for the purpose of protecting the interests of confidential information in the parties' possession, to control the access to and use of such information, and to provide a mechanism for enforcement of such protection and control. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order.

The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal, and parties seeking to file a document under seal will comply with Local Rule 141.

2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or items under this Order.

2.2 "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c).

2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their support staff).

2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL."

2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium

1 or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,
2 transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
3 discovery in this matter.

4 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
5 the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a
6 consultant in this action.

7 2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
8 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

9 2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal
10 entity not named as a Party to this action.

11 2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action
12 but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on
13 behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

14 2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
15 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

16 2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
17 Material in this action.

18 2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services
19 (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing,
20 storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

21 2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
22 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

23 2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
24 Producing Party.

25 3. SCOPE

26 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as
27 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all
28 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,

1 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.
2 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following
3 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving
4 Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of
5 publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record
6 through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the
7 disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the
8 information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of
9 Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

10 4. DURATION

11 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
12 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order
13 otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and
14 defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion
15 and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the
16 time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

17 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

18 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or
19 Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to
20 limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. To the
21 extent it is practical to do so, the Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of
22 material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of
23 the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not
24 swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

25 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown
26 to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily
27 encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on
28 other parties) may expose the Designating Party to sanctions. If it comes to a Designating Party's

1 attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that
2 Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken
3 designation.

4 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
5 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
6 Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so
7 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

8 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

9 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
10 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party
11 affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion
12 or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly
13 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

14 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not
15 designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would
16 like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made
17 available for inspection shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has
18 identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which
19 documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the
20 specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL” legend to each page
21 that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
22 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
23 appropriate markings in the margins).

24 (b) for testimony given in deposition, that the Designating Party identify portions of the
25 testimony as to which protection is sought within 30 days of receipt of the transcript. Only those
26 portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protection shall be covered by the
27 provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order. For testimony in other pretrial or trial proceedings,
28 parties shall meet and confer and propose reasonable procedures for use of Protected Material.

1 Transcripts containing Protected Material shall have an obvious legend on the title page
2 that the transcript contains Protected Material, and the title page shall be followed by a list of all
3 pages (including line numbers as appropriate) that have been designated as Protected Material and
4 the level of protection being asserted by the Designating Party. The Designating Party shall inform
5 the court reporter of these requirements. Any transcript that is prepared before the expiration of a 30
6 day period for designation shall be treated during that period as if it had been designated
7 “CONFIDENTIAL” in its entirety unless otherwise agreed. After the expiration of that period, the
8 transcript shall be treated only as actually designated.

9 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other
10 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or
11 containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a
12 portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent
13 practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

14 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
15 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s
16 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
17 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in
18 accordance with the provisions of this Order.

19 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

20 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
21 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality
22 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens,
23 or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a
24 confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original
25 designation is disclosed.

26 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process
27 by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and substantively describing the
28 basis for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written

1 notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific
2 paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith
3 and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of
4 communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the
5 Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not
6 proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to
7 reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the
8 chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only
9 if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is
10 unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely manner.

11 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
12 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality within 21
13 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and
14 confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be
15 accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and
16 confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make
17 such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall
18 automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the
19 Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is
20 good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any
21 portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a
22 competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer
23 requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

24 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
25 Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose
26 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions.
27 Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to
28 retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question

the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the court rules on the challenge.

7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein is intended to limit Plaintiffs' counsel's right to communicate with putative class members about their rights in this Action, provided that Protected Material may not be used for any purpose other than in connection with the present litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(d) the court and its personnel;

1 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and
2 Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have
3 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

4 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably
5 necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A),
6 unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed
7 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately
8 bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this
9 Stipulated Protective Order.

10 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or
11 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

12 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
13 LITIGATION

14 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
15 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that Party
16 must:

17 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a
18 copy of the subpoena or court order;

19 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the
20 other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this
21 Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

22 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the
23 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

24 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena
25 or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL”
26 before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has
27 obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and
28 expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these

provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

9. A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:

(1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the information requested; and

(3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

(c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order,

1 the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized
2 disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c)
3 inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this
4 Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to
5 Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

6 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
7 MATERIAL

8 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced
9 material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties
10 are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to
11 modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production
12 without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the
13 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by
14 the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement
15 in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

16 12. MISCELLANEOUS

17 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek
18 its modification by the court in the future. The parties to this Action reserve all rights to apply to the
19 Court for any order modifying this Order, seeking greater access to Protected Material than those
20 provided above, or seeking further protection against discovery or other use of Protected Material.

21 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order
22 no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
23 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no
24 Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by
25 this Protective Order.

26 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party or a
27 court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the
28 public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected

Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 141. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue.

13. FINAL DISPOSITION

Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

Dated: March 22, 2015

CAPSTONE LAW APC

By: _____
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Melissa Grant (SBN 205633)
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Counsel for Plaintiffs Sandy Bell and Martin Gama

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Dated: May 26, 2015

AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD LLP

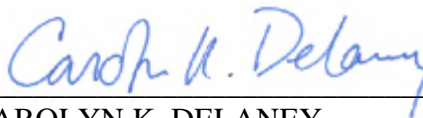
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*Counsel for Defendants Home Depot U.S.A., Inc. and
John Brooks*

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 28, 2015



CAROLYN K. DELANEY
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

1 EXHIBIT A

2 ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

3 I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____ [print or
4 type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the
5 Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Eastern
6 District of California on [date] in the case of *Bell v. Home Depot U.S.A., Inc., et al.*, Case No. 2:12-
7 cv-02499-GEB-CKD (E.D. Cal.). I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this
8 Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could
9 expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not
10 disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to
11 any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

12 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Eastern District
13 of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such
14 enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

15 I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
16 _____ [print or type full address and telephone number] as
17 my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related
18 to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

19
20 Date: _____

21 City and State where sworn and signed: _____

22
23 Printed name: _____

24
25 Signature: _____