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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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11	JESUS DE LEON, ET AL., No. 2:12-cv-2740-TLN-EFB
12	Plaintiffs, AMENDED PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER
13	V.
14	ROBERT BURKETT, ET AL.,
15	Defendants. /
16	·´
17	After reviewing Defendants' request to allow further
18	pleading amendments, the Court amends the Pretrial Scheduling
19	Order.
20	I. <u>SERVICE OF PROCESS</u>
21	All named Defendants have been served and no further service
22	is permitted without leave of court, good cause having been
23	shown.
24	II. <u>ADDITIONAL PARTIES/AMENDMENTS/PLEADINGS</u>
25	The parties have until October 17, 2013, to amend pleadings.
26	After that date, further amendments to pleadings will not be
27	allowed except by leave of court, good cause having been shown.
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III. JURISDICTION/VENUE

Jurisdiction is predicated upon 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and Section 16(b) of the FLSA, and 29 U.S.C. § 216(b). Jurisdiction and venue are not contested.

PHASE I - CLASS CERTIFICATION

IV. <u>CLASS CERTIFICATION</u>

9 The Plaintiff's motion for class certification shall be 10 filed by January 16, 2014. Defendant's opposition shall be filed 11 by February 6, 2014. Plaintiff's reply shall be filed by 12 February 20, 2014. The Class Certification Hearing is set for 13 March 13, 2014, at 2:00 p.m.

PHASE II

V. <u>DISCOVERY</u>

17 All discovery, with the exception of expert discovery, shall be completed by November 13, 2014. In this context, "completed" 18 means that all discovery shall have been conducted so that all 19 20 depositions have been taken and any disputes relative to 21 discovery shall have been resolved by appropriate order if 22 necessary and, where discovery has been ordered, the order has 23 been obeyed. All motions to compel discovery must be noticed on 24 the magistrate judge's calendar in accordance with the local rules of this Court. 25

VI. <u>DISCLOSURE OF EXPERT WITNESSES</u>

All counsel are to designate in writing, file with the Court, and serve upon all other parties the name, address, and 1 area of expertise of each expert that they propose to tender at 2 trial not later than January 13, 2015.¹ The designation shall be 3 accompanied by a written report prepared and signed by the 4 witness. The report shall comply with Fed. R. Civ. P. 5 26(a)(2)(B).

Within thirty (30) days after the designation of expert 6 7 witnesses, any party may designate a supplemental list of expert witnesses who will express an opinion on a subject covered by an 8 expert designated by an adverse party. The right to designate a 9 supplemental expert for rebuttal purposes only shall apply to a 10 party who has not previously disclosed an expert witness on the 11 date set for expert witness disclosure by this Pretrial 12 Scheduling Order. 13

Failure of a party to comply with the disclosure schedule as 14 set forth above in all likelihood will preclude that party from 15 calling the expert witness at the time of trial. An expert 16 17 witness not appearing on the designation will not be permitted to 18 testify unless the party offering the witness demonstrates: 19 (a) that the necessity for the witness could not have been reasonably anticipated at the time the list was proffered; 20 21 (b) that the Court and opposing counsel were promptly notified 22 upon discovery of the witness; and (c) that the witness was 23 promptly made available for deposition.

For purposes of this Pretrial Scheduling Order, an "expert" is any person who my be used at trial to present evidence under

¹ The discovery of experts will include whether any motions based on <u>Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc.</u>, 509 U.S. 579 (1993) and/or <u>Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael</u>, 119 S. Ct. 1167 (1999) are anticipated.

Rules 702, 703, and 705 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, which include both "percipient experts" (persons who, because of their expertise, have rendered expert opinions in the normal course of their work duties or observations pertinent to the issues in the case) and "retained experts" (persons specifically designated by a party to be a testifying expert for the purposes of litigation).

8 Each party shall identify whether a disclosed expert is 9 percipient, retained, or both. It will be assumed that a party 10 designating a retained expert has acquired the express permission 11 of the witness to be so listed. Parties designating percipient 12 experts must state in the designation who is responsible for 13 arranging the deposition of such persons.

All experts designated are to be fully prepared at the time of designation to render an informed opinion, and give their bases for their opinion, so that they will be able to give full and complete testimony at any deposition taken by the opposing party. Experts will not be permitted to testify at the trial as to any information gathered or evaluated, or opinion formed, after deposition taken subsequent to designation.

Counsel are instructed to complete all discovery of expert witnesses in a timely manner in order to comply with the Court's deadline for filing dispositive motions.

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VII. MOTION HEARING SCHEDULE

25 The last day to hear dispositive motions shall be April 9, 26 2015. The parties shall comply with the following filing 27 deadlines:

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Dispositive motion filed at least 8 weeks prior to hearing Opposition and any filed at least 5 weeks cross-motion prior to hearing Reply and opposition to filed at least 3 weeks cross-motion prior to hearing Reply to cross-motion filed at least 1 week prior to hearing

All purely legal issues are to be resolved by timely pretrial motions. Failure to comply with Local Rules 230 and 260, as modified by this Order, may be deemed consent to the motion and the Court may dispose of the motion summarily. Further, failure to timely oppose a summary judgment motion² may result in the granting of that motion if the movant shifts the burden to the nonmovant to demonstrate that a genuine issue of material fact remains for trial.

The Court places a page limit of twenty (20) pages on all initial moving papers, twenty (20) pages on oppositions, and ten (10) pages for replies. All requests for page limit increases must be made in writing to the Court setting forth any and all reasons for any increase in page limit at least fourteen (14) days prior to the filing of the motion.

For the Court's convenience, citations to Supreme Court cases should include parallel citations to the Supreme Court Reporter.

² The Court urges any party that contemplates bringing a motion for summary judgment or who must oppose a motion for summary judgment to review Local Rule 260.

The parties are reminded that a motion <u>in limine</u> is a pretrial procedural device designed to address the admissibility of evidence. The Court will look with disfavor upon dispositional motions presented at the Final Pretrial Conference or at trial in the guise of motions <u>in limine</u>.

The parties are cautioned that failure to raise a dispositive legal issue that could have been tendered to the court by proper pretrial motion prior to the dispositive motion cut-off date may constitute waiver of such issue.

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VIII. FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE

The Final Pretrial Conference is set for June 18, 2015 at 11 2:00 p.m. At least one of the attorneys who will conduct the 12 trial for each of the parties shall attend the Final Pretrial 13 Conference. If by reason of illness or other unavoidable 14 15 circumstance a trial attorney is unable to attend, the attorney who attends in place of the trial attorney shall have equal 16 17 familiarity with the case and equal authorization to make commitments on behalf of the client. 18

Counsel for all parties are to be fully prepared for trial at the time of the Final Pretrial Conference, with no matters remaining to be accomplished except production of witnesses for oral testimony.

The parties shall file, not later than **May 21, 2015**, a Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement. The provisions of Local Rules 281 shall apply with respect to the matters to be included in the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement. In addition to those subjects listed in Local Rule 281(b), the parties are to provide the Court with a plain, concise statement that identifies every non-discovery motion tendered to the Court and its
resolution. Failure to comply with Local Rule 281, as modified
by this Pretrial Scheduling Order, may be grounds for sanctions.

At the time of filing the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement, counsel shall also electronically mail to the Court in digital format compatible with Microsoft Word, the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement in its entirety including the witness and exhibit lists. These documents shall be sent to: Ilnorders@caed.uscourts.gov.

The parties should identify first the core undisputed facts 10 relevant to all claims. The parties should then, in a concise 11 manner, identify those undisputed core facts that are relevant to 12 each claim. The disputed facts should be identified in the same 13 manner. Where the parties are unable to agree as to what 14 disputed facts are properly before the Court for trial, they 15 should nevertheless list all disputed facts asserted by each 16 17 party. Each disputed fact or undisputed fact should be separately numbered or lettered. 18

Each party shall identify and concisely list each disputed evidentiary issue which will be the subject of a motion in limine.

Each party shall identify the points of law which concisely describe the legal issues of the trial which will be discussed in the parties' respective trial briefs. Points of law should reflect issues derived from the core undisputed and disputed facts. Parties shall not include argument or authorities with any point of law.

The parties shall prepare a joint statement of the case in

1 plain concise language which will be read to the jury at the 2 beginning of the trial. The purpose of the joint statement is to 3 inform the jury what the case is about.

The parties are reminded that pursuant to Local Rule 281 4 they are required to list in the Joint Final Pretrial Conference 5 Statement all witnesses and exhibits they propose to offer at 6 7 trial. After the name of each witness, each party shall provide a brief statement of the nature of the testimony to be proffered. 8 9 The parties may file a joint list or each party may file separate 10 lists. These list(s) shall not be contained in the body of the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement itself, but shall be 11 12 attached as separate documents to be used as addenda to the Final Pretrial Order. 13

14 Plaintiff's exhibits shall be listed numerically. 15 Defendant's exhibits shall be listed alphabetically. The parties shall use the standard exhibit stickers provided by the Court 16 17 Clerk's Office: pink for plaintiff and blue for defendant. In 18 the event that the alphabet is exhausted, the exhibits shall be 19 marked "AA-ZZ" and "AAA-ZZZ" etc. After three letters, note the 20 number of letters in parenthesis (i.e., "AAAA(4)") to reduce 21 confusion at trial. All multi-page exhibits shall be stapled or otherwise fastened together and each page within the exhibit 22 23 shall be numbered. All photographs shall be marked individually. 24 The list of exhibits shall not include excerpts of depositions, 25 which may be used to impeach witnesses. In the event that Plaintiff and Defendant offer the same exhibit during trial, that 26 27 exhibit shall be referred to by the designation the exhibit is 28 first identified. The Court cautions the parties to pay

1 attention to this detail so that all concerned, including the 2 jury, will not be confused by one exhibit being identified with 3 both a number and a letter.

The Final Pretrial Order will contain a stringent standard for the offering at trial of witnesses and exhibits not listed in the Final Pretrial Order, and the parties are cautioned that the standard will be strictly applied. On the other hand, the listing of exhibits or witnesses that a party does not intend to offer will be viewed as an abuse of the court's processes.

10 The parties also are reminded that pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure it will be their duty at the 11 Final Pretrial Conference to aid the Court in: (a) the 12 formulation and simplification of issues and the elimination of 13 frivolous claims or defenses; (b) the settling of facts that 14 15 should properly be admitted; and (c) the avoidance of unnecessary proof and cumulative evidence. Counsel must cooperatively 16 17 prepare the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement and 18 participate in good faith at the Final Pretrial Conference with these aims in mind. A failure to do so may result in the 19 20 imposition of sanctions which may include monetary sanctions, 21 orders precluding proof, elimination of claims or defenses, or 22 such other sanctions as the Court deems appropriate.

IX. <u>TRIAL BRIEFS</u>

The parties shall file trial briefs not later than **June 4**, 25 **2015**. Counsel are directed to Local Rule 285 regarding the 26 content of trial briefs.

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Х. EVIDENTIARY AND/OR PROCEDURAL MOTIONS

Any evidentiary or procedural motions are to be filed by May 28, 2015. Oppositions must be filed by June 4, 2015 and any 3 reply must be filed by **June 11, 2015.** The motions will be heard by the Court at the same time as the Final Pretrial Conference.

> XI. TRIAL SETTING

The trial is set for August 31, 2015 at 9:00 a.m. Trial will be by jury. The panel will consist of **eight (8) jurors**. The parties estimate a trial length of ten (10) days.

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XII. SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE

At the Final Pretrial Conference, the Court may set a 11 12 settlement conference if the parties so request. In the event no 13 settlement conference is requested, the parties are free to continue to mediate or attempt to settle the case with the 14 15 understanding that the trial date is a firm date.

In the event a settlement conference is set by the Court, 16 17 counsel are instructed to have a principal with full settlement 18 authority present at the Settlement Conference or to be fully authorized to settle the matter on any terms. At least seven (7) 19 20 calendar days before the settlement conference, counsel for each 21 party shall submit to the chambers of the settlement judge a confidential Settlement Conference Statement. Such statements 22 23 are neither to be filed with the Clerk nor served on opposing 24 counsel. Each party, however, shall serve notice on all other 25 parties that the statement has been submitted. If the settlement 26 judge is not the trial judge, the Settlement Conference Statement 27 shall not be disclosed to the trial judge.

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Notwithstanding the foregoing, the parties may request a

settlement conference prior to the Final Pretrial Conference if 1 2 they feel it would lead to the possible resolution of the case. In the event an early settlement conference date is requested, 3 the parties shall file said request jointly, in writing. 4 The request must state whether the parties waive disqualification, 5 pursuant to Local Rule 270(b), before a settlement judge can be 6 7 assigned to the case. Absent the parties' affirmatively requesting that the assigned Judge or Magistrate Judge 8 9 participate in the settlement conference AND waiver, pursuant to Local Rule 270(b), a settlement judge will be randomly assigned 10 to the case. 11

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XIII. VOLUNTARY DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROGRAM

Pursuant to Local Rule 271 parties will need to lodge a stipulation and proposed order requesting referral to the Voluntary Dispute Resolution Program.

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XIV. MODIFICATION OF PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER

The parties are reminded that pursuant to Rule 16(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Pretrial Scheduling Order shall not be modified except by leave of court upon a showing of **good cause**. Agreement by the parties pursuant to stipulation alone to modify the Pretrial Scheduling Order does not constitute good cause. Except in extraordinary circumstances, unavailability of witnesses or counsel will not constitute good cause.

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XV. OBJECTIONS TO PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER

This Pretrial Scheduling Order will become final without further order of the Court unless objections are filed within seven (7) *court* days of service of this Order.

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XVI. PROPOSED REVISIONS

2 The Court is in receipt of Defendants' proposed revisions to paragraph 6 of the joint status report and request for status 3 4 conference. (ECF No. 16.) Defendants appear to change positions 5 from their joint scheduling report submitted previously and signed by counsel for Defendants. (ECF No. 15.) 6 The Court 7 considers the proposed revisions submitted by Defendants but declines to adopt Defendants' proposals for phased discovery at 8 9 this time. See Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v. Dukes, 131 S. Ct. 2541, 10 2551-52 (2011) ("Frequently that rigorous analysis [of class 11 certification] will entail some overlap with the merits of the plaintiff's underlying claim. . . . The class determination 12 13 generally involves considerations that are enmeshed in the 14 factual and legal issues comprising the plaintiff's cause of 15 action.") (internal quotation marks omitted). 16 IT IS SO ORDERED. 17 DATED: August 8, 2013 18 19 Troy L. Nunley 20 United States District Judge 21 22 23 24 25 26

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