Doc. 31 Avazian v. Beers et al 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 Gevorg Avazian, No. 2:13-cv-02589-KJM 12 Plaintiff, ORDER 13 v. 14 Rand Beers, Acting Secretary of Department of Homeland Security, Alejandro 15 Mayorkas, Director, U.S. Citizenship and 16 Immigration Services; Mari-Carmen Jordan, Director, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration 17 Services, Sacramento Office, and Michael C. Biggs, Field Officer Director, U.S. Citizenship 18 and Immigration Services, Sacramento Office. 19 Defendant. 20 21 Defendants request this case be dismissed under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(1), 22 arguing the requested remedy has already been provided to plaintiff, mooting his claim. See 23 Mot., ECF No. 29. The motion is unopposed. 24

On December 13, 2013, Mr. Avazian¹ filed his complaint, requesting a writ of mandamus compelling adjudication of his request for a hearing on a decision in naturalization proceedings, otherwise referenced as an N-336. *See* Compl. at 1–2, ECF No. 1. On May 19, 2016, the parties

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 $^{^{1}}$ At certain places in the record plaintiff's last name is spelled Aivazian. *See, e.g.*, Compl. ¶ 15 *passim*; Mot. Ex. A, ECF No. 29-1 at 1.

filed a joint motion requesting the case be held in abeyance, pending the result of removal proceedings against Mr. Avazian. See Jt. Stip. re Abeyance, ECF No. 18. The court approved the stipulation. ECF No. 19. The parties continued to stipulate to extensions, which the court granted for good cause. Most recently, on May 19, 2020, the court granted a further extension request due to the suspension of immigration proceedings during the COVID-19 pandemic. See ECF Nos. 27, 28. This latest extension is set to expire February 20, 2021. *Id.* On September 17, 2020, defendants filed this motion requesting dismissal, attaching a decision regarding Mr. Avazian's N-336, dated April 28, 2014. Mot. at 1 & Ex. A, ECF No. 29-1. Federal courts may only resolve cases and controversies. U.S. CONST. art. III, § 2, cl. 1;

Federal courts may only resolve cases and controversies. U.S. CONST. art. III, § 2, cl. 1; Warth v. Seldin, 422 U.S. 490, 499 (1975). Because of this limited jurisdiction, cases lie outside the jurisdiction of the court unless proven otherwise. Kokkonen v. Guardian Life Ins. Co. of Am., 511 U.S. 375, 377 (1994). There are a number of "doctrines that cluster about Article III," including standing and mootness, which may support a challenge to subject matter jurisdiction raised by either party or sua sponte by the court. Allen v. Wright, 468 U.S. 737, 750 (1984) (quotations and citation omitted); Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(1). A Rule 12(b)(1) jurisdictional attack may be either facial or factual. White v. Lee, 227 F.3d 1214, 1242 (9th Cir. 2000) (citation omitted). Here, defendants mount a facial attack, challenging the complaint on its face as lacking federal jurisdiction. In a facial attack, allegations in the complaint are taken as true and construed in the light most favorable to a plaintiff. Id.

Mootness is triggered when the injury giving rise to the case no longer exists. *Powell v. McCormack*, 395 U.S. 486, 496 (1969). A claim becomes moot when "interim relief or events have completely and irrevocably eradicated the effects of the alleged violation" at issue. *Los Angeles Cty. v. Davis*, 440 U.S. 625, 631 (1979).

Here, plaintiff's complaint sought a writ of mandamus to "[c]ompel [d]efendants to perform their duty or duties to complete processing, including but not limited to, adjudication of Mr. Avazian's [r]equest for a [h]earing of a [d]ecision in [n]aturalization [p]roceedings." Compl. at 9, ECF No. 1. Plaintiff did not allege a certain result is compelled by law, nor does he request any relief beyond the resolution of his N-336 application. *See generally id.* The April 28, 2014

1	determination the government has now provided is the relief he was requesting, and the only
2	relief available based on the complaint. Thus, the court is not in a position to provide "any
3	effective relief." Northwest Environmental Defense Center v. Gordon, 849 F.2d 1241, 1244 (9th
4	Cir. 1988) (internal quotation omitted).
5	The motion is granted and the case is dismissed with prejudice .
6	This order resolves ECF No. 29. The Clerk of Court is directed to close this case.
7	IT IS SO ORDERED.
8	DATED: December 30, 2020.

CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE