Praetorian Insurance Company v. A R Business Group, Inc. et al.,

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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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11	PRAETORIAN INSURANCE No. 2:13-cv-02639-MCE-EFB COMPANY,
12	Plaintiff,
13	v. <u>AMENDED PRETRIAL</u> SCHEDULING ORDER
14	A R BUSINESS GROUP, INC.,
15	Defendants.
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18	After review of the docket, the Court makes the following orders.
19	I. <u>DISCOVERY</u>
20	All discovery, with the exception of expert discovery, shall be completed by
21	May 16, 2016. In this context, "completed" means that all discovery shall have been
22	conducted so that all depositions have been taken and any disputes relative to discovery
23	shall have been resolved by appropriate order if necessary and, where discovery has
24	been ordered, the order has been obeyed. All motions to compel discovery must be
25	noticed on the magistrate judge's calendar in accordance with the local rules of this
26	Court.
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II. DISCLOSURE OF EXPERT WITNESSES

All counsel are to designate in writing, file with the Court, and serve upon all other
parties the name, address, and area of expertise of each expert that they propose to
tender at trial not later than May 20, 2016.¹ The designation shall be accompanied by a
written report prepared and signed by the witness. The report shall comply with Fed. R.
Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(B).

Within twenty (20) days after the designation of expert witnesses, any party may
designate a supplemental list of expert witnesses who will express an opinion on a
subject covered by an expert designated by an adverse party. The right to designate a
supplemental expert for rebuttal purposes only shall apply to a party who has not
previously disclosed an expert witness on the date set for expert witness disclosure by
this Pretrial Scheduling Order.

Failure of a party to comply with the disclosure schedule as set forth above in all likelihood will preclude that party from calling the expert witness at the time of trial. An expert witness not appearing on the designation will not be permitted to testify unless the party offering the witness demonstrates: (a) that the necessity for the witness could not have been reasonably anticipated at the time the list was proffered; (b) that the Court and opposing counsel were promptly notified upon discovery of the witness; and (c) that the witness was promptly made available for deposition.

For purposes of this Pretrial Scheduling Order, an "expert" is any person who may be used at trial to present evidence under Rules 702, 703, and 705 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, which include both "percipient experts" (persons who, because of their expertise, have rendered expert opinions in the normal course of their work duties or observations pertinent to the issues in the case) and "retained experts" (persons specifically designated by a party to be a testifying expert for the purposes of litigation).

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 ¹ The discovery of experts will include whether any motions based on <u>Daubert v. Merrell Dow</u>
 Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 509 U.S. 579 (1993) and/or <u>Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael</u>, 526 U.S. 137 (1999) are anticipated.

Each party shall identify whether a disclosed expert is percipient, retained, or
 both. It will be assumed that a party designating a retained expert has acquired the
 express permission of the witness to be so listed. Parties designating percipient experts
 must state in the designation who is responsible for arranging the deposition of such
 persons.

All experts designated are to be fully prepared at the time of designation to render
an informed opinion, and give their bases for their opinion, so that they will be able to
give full and complete testimony at any deposition taken by the opposing party. Experts
will not be permitted to testify at the trial as to any information gathered or evaluated, or
opinion formed, after deposition taken subsequent to designation.

Counsel are instructed to complete all discovery of expert witnesses in a timely
 manner in order to comply with the Court's deadline for filing dispositive motions.

13 III. MOTION HEARING SCHEDULE

cross-motion

The last day to hear dispositive motions shall be July 1, 2016. All papers should
 be filed in conformity with the Local Rules. However, with respect to Motions for
 Summary Judgment only, the parties shall comply with the following filing deadlines:
 Motion for Summary filed at least 8 weeks prior to hearing Judgment
 Opposition and any filed at least 5 weeks prior to hearing cross-motion

Reply and opposition to filed at least 3 weeks prior to hearing

Reply to cross-motion filed at least 1 week prior to hearing

Absent leave of the Court, all issues the parties wish to resolve on summary
judgment must be raised together in one (1) motion or cross-motion. Should the parties
wish to file additional motions for summary judgment, they must seek leave of the Court.

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The parties are directed to the Court's website for available hearing dates.
 (www.caed.uscourts.gov → choose Judges → choose Judge England → choose
 <u>Standard</u> Information)

4 All purely legal issues are to be resolved by timely pretrial motions. When 5 appropriate, failure to comply with Local Rules 230 and 260, as modified by this Order, 6 may be deemed consent to the motion and the Court may dispose of the motion 7 summarily. With respect to motions for summary judgment, failure to comply with Local 8 Rules 230 and 260, as modified by this Order, may result in dismissal for failure to 9 prosecute (or failure to defend) pursuant to this Court's inherent authority to control its docket and/or Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b). Further, failure to timely oppose a 10 summary judgment motion² may result in the granting of that motion if the movant shifts 11 12 the burden to the nonmovant to demonstrate that a genuine issue of material fact 13 remains for trial.

The Court places a page limit for points and authorities (exclusive of exhibits and
other supporting documentation) of twenty (20) pages on all initial moving papers, twenty
(20) pages on oppositions, and ten (10) pages for replies. All requests for page limit
increases must be made in writing to the Court setting forth any and all reasons for any
increase in page limit at least seven (7) days prior to the filing of the motion.

For the Court's convenience, citations to the Supreme Court Lexis databaseshould include parallel citations to the Westlaw database.

The parties are reminded that a motion in limine is a pretrial procedural device
designed to address the admissibility of evidence. The Court will look with disfavor upon
dispositional motions presented at the Final Pretrial Conference or at trial in the guise of
motions in limine.

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 ² The Court urges any party that contemplates bringing a motion for summary judgment or who must oppose a motion for summary judgment to review Local Rule 260.

The parties are cautioned that failure to raise a dispositive legal issue that could
 have been tendered to the court by proper pretrial motion prior to the dispositive motion
 cut-off date may constitute waiver of such issue.

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IV. FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE

5 The Final Pretrial Conference is set for **November 17, 2016** at 2:00 p.m., in 6 courtroom 7. At least one of the attorneys who will conduct the trial for each of the 7 parties shall attend the Final Pretrial Conference. If by reason of illness or other 8 unavoidable circumstance a trial attorney is unable to attend, the attorney who attends in 9 place of the trial attorney shall have equal familiarity with the case and equal 10 authorization to make commitments on behalf of the client.

Counsel for all parties are to be fully prepared for trial at the time of the Final
Pretrial Conference, with no matters remaining to be accomplished except production of
witnesses for oral testimony.

The parties shall file, not later than October 27, 2016, a Joint Final Pretrial
Conference Statement. The provisions of Local Rules 281 shall apply with respect to
the matters to be included in the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement. In addition
to those subjects listed in Local Rule 281(b), the parties are to provide the Court with a
plain, concise statement that identifies every non-discovery motion tendered to the Court
and its resolution. Failure to comply with Local Rule 281, as modified by this Pretrial
Scheduling Order, may be grounds for sanctions.

At the time of filing the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement, counsel shall
also electronically mail to the Court in digital format compatible with Microsoft Word, the
Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement in its entirety including the witness and exhibit

24 lists. These documents shall be sent to: mceorders@caed.uscourts.gov.

The parties should identify first the core undisputed facts relevant to all claims.
The parties should then, in a concise manner, identify those undisputed core facts that
are relevant to each claim.

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The disputed facts should be identified in the same manner. Where the parties are
 unable to agree as to what disputed facts are properly before the Court for trial, they
 should nevertheless list all disputed facts asserted by each party. Each disputed fact or
 undisputed fact should be separately numbered or lettered.

5 Each party shall identify and concisely list each disputed evidentiary issue which6 will be the subject of a motion in limine.

7 Each party shall identify the points of law which concisely describe the legal
8 issues of the trial which will be discussed in the parties' respective trial briefs. Points of
9 law should reflect issues derived from the core undisputed and disputed facts. Parties
10 shall not include argument or authorities with any point of law.

The parties are reminded that pursuant to Local Rule 281 they are required to list in the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement all witnesses and exhibits they propose to offer at trial. After the name of each witness, each party shall provide a brief statement of the nature of the testimony to be proffered. The parties may file a joint list or each party may file separate lists. These list(s) shall not be contained in the body of the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement itself, but shall be attached as separate documents to be used as addenda to the Final Pretrial Order.

18 Plaintiff exhibits shall be listed numerically. Defendants' exhibits shall be listed 19 alphabetically. The parties shall use the standard exhibit stickers provided by the Court 20 Clerk's Office: pink for plaintiff and blue for defendant. In the event that the alphabet is 21 exhausted, the exhibits shall be marked "AA-ZZ" and "AAA-ZZZ" etc. After three letters, 22 note the number of letters in parenthesis (i.e., "AAAA(4)") to reduce confusion at trial. All 23 multi-page exhibits shall be stapled or otherwise fastened together and each page within 24 the exhibit shall be numbered. All photographs shall be marked individually. The list of 25 exhibits shall not include excerpts of depositions, which may be used to impeach 26 witnesses. In the event that Plaintiff and Defendants offer the same exhibit during trial, 27 that exhibit shall be referred to by the designation the exhibit is first identified.

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The Court cautions the parties to pay attention to this detail so that all concerned will not
 be confused by one exhibit being identified with both a number and a letter.

The Final Pretrial Order will contain a stringent standard for the offering at trial of witnesses and exhibits not listed in the Final Pretrial Order, and the parties are cautioned that the standard will be strictly applied. On the other hand, the listing of exhibits or witnesses that a party does not intend to offer will be viewed as an abuse of the Court's processes.

8 The parties also are reminded that pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of 9 Civil Procedure it will be their duty at the Final Pretrial Conference to aid the Court in: (a) 10 the formulation and simplification of issues and the elimination of frivolous claims or 11 defenses; (b) the settling of facts that should properly be admitted; and (c) the avoidance 12 of unnecessary proof and cumulative evidence. Counsel must cooperatively prepare the 13 Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement and participate in good faith at the Final 14 Pretrial Conference with these aims in mind. A failure to do so may result in the 15 imposition of sanctions which may include monetary sanctions, orders precluding proof, 16 elimination of claims or defenses, or such other sanctions as the Court deems 17 appropriate.

18 V. <u>TRIAL BRIEFS</u>

The parties shall file trial briefs not later than October 27, 2016. Counsel are
directed to Local Rule 285 regarding the content of trial briefs.

21 VI. EVIDENTIARY AND/OR PROCEDURAL MOTIONS

Any evidentiary or procedural motions are to be filed by October 27, 2016.
Oppositions must be filed by November 3, 2016, and any reply must be filed by
November 10, 2016. The motions will be heard by the Court at the same time as the
Final Pretrial Conference.

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1 VII. TRIAL SETTING

A one (1) day bench trial is set on January 9, 2017, at 9:00 a.m., in courtroom 7.
VIII. <u>SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE</u>

At the Final Pretrial Conference, the Court may set a settlement conference if the
parties so request. In the event no settlement conference is requested, the parties are
free to continue to mediate or attempt to settle the case with the understanding that the
trial date is a firm date.

8 In the event a settlement conference is set by the Court, counsel are instructed to 9 have a principal with full settlement authority present at the Settlement Conference or to 10 be fully authorized to settle the matter on any terms. At least seven (7) calendar days 11 before the settlement conference, counsel for each party shall submit to the chambers of 12 the settlement judge a confidential Settlement Conference Statement. Such statements 13 are neither to be filed with the Clerk nor served on opposing counsel. Each party, 14 however, shall serve notice on all other parties that the statement has been submitted. If 15 the settlement judge is not the trial judge, the Settlement Conference Statement shall not 16 be disclosed to the trial judge.

17 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the parties may request a settlement conference 18 prior to the Final Pretrial Conference if they feel it would lead to the possible resolution of 19 the case. In the event an early settlement conference date is requested, the parties shall 20 file said request jointly, in writing. The request must state whether the parties waive 21 disqualification, pursuant to Local Rule 270(b), before a settlement judge can be 22 assigned to the case. Absent the parties' affirmatively requesting that the assigned 23 Judge or Magistrate Judge participate in the settlement conference AND waiver, 24 pursuant to Local Rule 270(b), a settlement judge will be randomly assigned to the case.

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IX. VOLUNTARY DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROGRAM

Pursuant to Local Rule 271 parties will need to lodge a stipulation and proposed
order requesting referral to the Voluntary Dispute Resolution Program.

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1	X. MODIFICATION OF THE AMENDED PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER
2	The parties are reminded that pursuant to Rule 16(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil
3	Procedure, the Pretrial Scheduling Order shall not be modified except by leave of court
4	upon a showing of good cause. Agreement by the parties pursuant to stipulation alone
5	to modify the Pretrial Scheduling Order does not constitute good cause. Except in
6	extraordinary circumstances, unavailability of witnesses or counsel will not constitute
7	good cause.
8	XII. OBJECTIONS TO PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER
9	This Pretrial Scheduling Order will become final without further order of the Court
10	unless objections are filed within seven (7) court days of service of this Order.
11	IT IS SO ORDERED.
12	Dated: April 27, 2016
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14	In Ast
15	MORRISON C. ENGLAND, JR, CHIEF JUDGE
16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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