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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

JAMES C. MAXEY,
Plaintiff,
v.
MITCHELL McCONNELL,
Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-269-TLN-CKD PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,
Plaintiff,
v.
EARLE ANDERSON,
Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-271-TLN-CKD PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,
Plaintiff,
v.
SONOMA COUNTY REPUBLICAN
PARTY,
Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-272-KJM-CKD PS

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JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

AMADOR COUNTY REPUBLICAN
PARTY,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-274-LKK-CKD PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY REPUBLICAN
PARTY,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-275-MCE-KJN PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

SACRAMENTO COUNTY
REPUBLICAN PARTY,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-277-TLN-DAD PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

JOHN BOEHNER,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-278-GEB-DAD PS

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JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

YUBA COUNTY REPUBLICAN
PARTY,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-281-TLN-KJN PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

PLACER COUNTY REPUBLICAN
PARTY,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-282-KJM-KJN PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

MICHELLE MAXEY,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-284-KJM-AC PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

SACRAMENTO COUNTY BOARD OF
SUPERVISORS,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-288-TLN-DAD PS

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JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

JOHN ASHCROFT,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-289-KJM-EFB PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

SACRAMENTO METRO FIRE
DEPARTMENT,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-290-LKK-AC PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

MITT ROMNEY,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-291-LKK-KJN PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

JOHN McCAIN,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-292-MCE-EFB PS

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JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS
BOARD,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-293 GEB-KJN PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

JAMES COMEY,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-294-TLN-DAD PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REPUBLICAN
PARTY,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-295-TLN-AC PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS
RETIREMENT SYSTEM,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-296-JAM-CKD PS

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JAMES C. MAXEY,
Plaintiff,
v.
MURDOCH, WALRATH AND
HOLMES, INC.,
Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-297-TLN-CKD PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,
Plaintiff,
v.
MICHAEL PLATINI,
Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-298-KJM-DAD PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,
Plaintiff,
v.
SEPP BLATTER,
Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-299-JAM-AC PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,
Plaintiff,
v.
COSTCO, INC.,
Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-300-LKK-AC PS

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JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITAL,
INC.,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-301-MCE-AC PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

MAJOR LEAGUE SOCCER,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-302-MCE-DAD PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

CY CURNIN,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-303-JAM-KJN PS

JAMES C. MAXEY,

Plaintiff,

v.

SACRAMENTO COUNTY BOARD OF
SUPERVISORS,

Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-307-GEB-DAD PS

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1 JAMES C. MAXEY,
2 Plaintiff,
3 v.
4 BARACK OBAMA,
5 Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-313-MCE-DAD PS

6 JAMES C. MAXEY,
7 Plaintiff,
8 v.
9 HILLARY CLINTON,
10 Defendant.

No. 2:14-cv-314-TLN-EFB PS

RELATED CASE ORDER AND FINDINGS
AND RECOMMENDATIONS

12
13 Examination of the above-entitled actions reveals that the actions are related within the
14 meaning of E.D. Cal. Local Rule 123. The actions involve similar claims and similar questions of
15 fact and law, and would therefore entail a substantial duplication of labor if heard by different
16 judges. *See* E.D. Cal. L.R. 123(a). Accordingly, the assignment of the matters to the same judge
17 is likely to effect a substantial savings of judicial effort and is also likely to be convenient for the
18 parties.

19 Pursuant to the Related Case Order issued on January 27, 2014, in the lead case of *Maxey*
20 *v. Cal. State Bar Assn.*, No. 2:14-cv-133-JAM-EFB PS, relating 61 other actions, and the Related
21 Case Order issued on January 28, 2014, in the lead case of *Maxey v. Cal. Medical Bd.*, No. 2:14-
22 cv-238-JAM-EFB PS, relating an additional 8 cases, these above-captioned actions will be
23 reassigned to Judge Mendez and Magistrate Judge Brennan. The parties should be aware that
24 relating the cases under Local Rules 123 merely has the result that both actions are assigned to the
25 same judge; no consolidation of the actions is affected.

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1 A. Motions to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis*

2 In each of the above-entitled actions, in which plaintiff is proceeding *in propria persona*,
3 plaintiff seeks leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915. Plaintiff’s
4 declarations make the showing required by 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(1) and (2). Accordingly, the
5 requests to proceed *in forma pauperis* is granted. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a).

6 B. Screening of Plaintiff’s Complaints

7 Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2), the court is directed to dismiss the case at any time if
8 it determines the allegation of poverty is untrue, or if the action is frivolous or malicious, fails to
9 state a claim on which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief against an immune
10 defendant.

11 Although pro se pleadings are liberally construed, *see Haines v. Kerner*, 404 U.S. 519,
12 520-21 (1972), a complaint, or portion thereof, should be dismissed for failure to state a claim if it
13 fails to set forth “enough facts to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face.” *Bell Atl.*
14 *Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 554, 562-563 (2007) (citing *Conley v. Gibson*, 355 U.S. 41
15 (1957)); *see also* Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(6). “[A] plaintiff’s obligation to provide the ‘grounds’ of
16 his ‘entitlement to relief’ requires more than labels and conclusions, and a formulaic recitation of
17 a cause of action’s elements will not do. Factual allegations must be enough to raise a right to
18 relief above the speculative level on the assumption that all of the complaint’s allegations are
19 true.” *Id.* (citations omitted). Dismissal is appropriate based either on the lack of cognizable
20 legal theories or the lack of pleading sufficient facts to support cognizable legal theories.
21 *Balistreri v. Pacifica Police Dep’t*, 901 F.2d 696, 699 (9th Cir. 1990).

22 In reviewing a complaint under this standard, the court must accept as true the allegations
23 of the complaint in question, *Hospital Bldg. Co. v. Rex Hosp. Trustees*, 425 U.S. 738, 740 (1976),
24 construe the pleading in the light most favorable to the plaintiff, and resolve all doubts in the
25 plaintiff’s favor, *Jenkins v. McKeithen*, 395 U.S. 411, 421 (1969). A pro se plaintiff must satisfy
26 the pleading requirements of Rule 8(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Rule 8(a)(2)
27 “requires a complaint to include a short and plain statement of the claim showing that the pleader
28 is entitled to relief, in order to give the defendant fair notice of what the claim is and the grounds

1 upon which it rests.” *Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 554, 562-563 (2007) (citing
2 *Conley v. Gibson*, 355 U.S. 41 (1957)).

3 As with the other 61 actions addressed in the order and recommendation filed in 2:14-cv-
4 153-JAM-EFB PS on January 27, 2014, and the 8 actions addressed in the January 28, 2014 order
5 and recommendation, the complaints filed in the above-entitled actions are frivolous. The
6 complaints are almost identical, containing only minor differences in each case. In each
7 complaint, plaintiff alleges that the action arises from “plaintiff being deprived the most basic
8 rights guaranteed by the California and United States Constitution and statutory law.” Plaintiff
9 alleges that he is a resident of Carmichael, California, and that he is unemployed and disabled due
10 to the actions of the named defendant. Plaintiff alleges that venue is appropriate in this district
11 for each case because “numerous acts, transactions, wrongs, and breaches of contract give rise to
12 violations of civil and criminal law described in this complaint [which] occurred within this
13 county, state and other states.”

14 Each complaint also contains a section entitled “Allegations Applicable to All Causes of
15 Action.” This section consists of boilerplate created by plaintiff wherein he leaves blanks to later
16 fill in. This section appears in each complaint as follows:

17 The plaintiff, James C. Maxey, suffered injury due to the actions of the [space provided
18 for plaintiff to insert the names of individuals or companies] on, or about [space where
19 plaintiff inserts a date]. The plaintiff’s injuries were caused by [blank space where
20 plaintiff identifies different parties or companies] associates affiliated [another blank
21 space].

22 In some of his complaints, plaintiff adds another sentence to the allegation section, which
23 provides, “From September 2001 through the present time, the plaintiff was fraudulently
24 misrepresented as being associated with Osama Bin Laden.”

25 With the exception of two of the complaints, all complaints further allege that “defendants
26 have harassed, intimidated, coerced, blackmailed, physically assaulted, falsely arrested, falsely
27 convicted and falsely imprisoned the plaintiff as part of an illegal conspiracy to suppress his
28 rights under the U.S. Constitution.” These complaints also request, among other things, that the
court issue an order requiring the City of Sacramento to “delay any planning or construction of

1 any downtown sports arena, until the City Council legally litigates . . . James C. Maxey v.
2 Sacramento Kings (NBA) Inc.” In many of his complaints, plaintiff requests one billion dollars
3 in damages for his injuries.

4 In two of the above captioned cases, plaintiff seeks a writ of mandamus. *See Maxey v.*
5 *Sacramento Cnty. Bd. of Supervisors.*, No. 2:14-cv-288-TLN-DAD PS; *Maxey v. Sacramento*
6 *Cnty. Bd. of Supervisors.*, No. 2:14-cv-307-GEB-DAD PS. In these two actions plaintiff requests
7 that the court issue an order directing the Sacramento County Board of Supervisors to
8 immediately terminate Sacramento County District Attorney Janet Scully’s employment.
9 Plaintiff contends that Janet Scully “has harassed, intimidated, coerced, blackmailed, physically
10 assaulted, falsely arrested, falsely convicted, and falsely imprisoned” plaintiff. He further
11 contends that Janet Scully and the United States Department of Homeland Security illegally
12 classified plaintiff “as being ‘Osama Bin Laden’ under the United States ‘Patriot Act.’”

13 Plaintiff has now filed 98 complaints that provide no clues as to what cause of action is
14 being asserted against what defendant. Apart from the sheer number of complaints filed by
15 plaintiff, his complaints name many different defendants who--as best as can be gleaned from the
16 complaints--appear to have nothing to do with plaintiff, including the Republican parties of
17 several northern California counties, Speaker John Boehner, Senator Mitch McConnell, the
18 Minority Leader of the Senate, just to name a few. Plaintiff’s allegations include conclusory and
19 unexplained assertions that the defendants in each case blackmailed, falsely imprisoned, and
20 physically assaulted him. However, the complaint does not contain specific factual allegations
21 showing any particular cause of action as to any particular defendant. Nor does the complaint
22 show how this court would have subject matter jurisdiction over any such claim. Given the
23 failure of the complaint to establish or even suggest a legally cognizable claim, the court finds
24 that all of plaintiff’s above captioned complaints are frivolous. *See Denton v. Hernandez*, 504
25 U.S. 25, 32-33 (1992) (observing that a court has the “power to pierce the veil of the complaint’s
26 factual allegations and dismiss those claims whose factual contentions are clearly baseless,”
27 which includes “claims describing fantastic or delusional scenarios.”). Accordingly, all of the
28 above-entitled actions must be dismissed without leave to amend pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §

1 1915(e)(2). *Noll v. Carlson*, 809 F.2d 1446, 1448 (9th Cir. 1987 (While the court ordinarily
2 would permit a pro se plaintiff to amend, leave to amend should not be granted where it appears
3 amendment would be futile).

4 Accordingly, it is hereby ORDERED that:

5 1. The above-entitled actions are reassigned to Judge Mendez and Magistrate Judge
6 Brennan for all further proceedings.

7 2. Plaintiff's requests for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*, filed in the above-entitled
8 actions, are granted subject to the recommendation below.

9 3. The Clerk is directed to file a copy of this order and findings and recommendations in
10 the above-entitled cases.

11 Further, it is RECOMMENDED that:

12 1. Plaintiff's complaints filed in the above-entitled cases be dismissed without leave to
13 amend; and

14 2. The Clerk be directed to close the above-entitled cases.

15 These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge
16 assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Within fourteen days
17 after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file written
18 objections with the court and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document should be captioned
19 "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." Failure to file objections
20 within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. *Turner v.*
21 *Duncan*, 158 F.3d 449, 455 (9th Cir. 1998); *Martinez v. Ylst*, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).

22 DATED: February 3, 2014.

23 

24 EDMUND F. BRENNAN
25 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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