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8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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11	WILLIAM GRANVILLE SMITH, No. 2:14-CV-0775-KJM-CMK-P
12	Plaintiff,
13	vs. <u>ORDER</u>
14	B. AUBUCHON, et al.,
15	Defendants.
16	/
17	Plaintiff, a prisoner proceeding pro se, brings this civil rights action pursuant to
18	42 U.S.C. § 1983. Pending before the court are plaintiff's motion for an extension of time (Doc.
19	49) and plaintiff's motion for appointment of counsel (Doc. 50).
20	Plaintiff seeks an extension of time to file objections to the court's September 9,
21	2016, findings and recommendations. Good cause appearing therefor, the request is granted.
22	Plaintiff's objections will be due within 30 days of the date of this order.
23	Plaintiff seeks the appointment of counsel. The United States Supreme Court has
24	ruled that district courts lack authority to require counsel to represent indigent prisoners in
25	§ 1983 cases. See Mallard v. United States Dist. Court, 490 U.S. 296, 298 (1989). In certain
26	exceptional circumstances, the court may request the voluntary assistance of counsel pursuant to
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28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). See Terrell v. Brewer, 935 F.2d 1015, 1017 (9th Cir. 1991); Wood v.
Housewright, 900 F.2d 1332, 1335-36 (9th Cir. 1990). A finding of "exceptional
circumstances" requires an evaluation of both the likelihood of success on the merits and the
ability of the plaintiff to articulate his claims on his own in light of the complexity of the legal
issues involved. See Terrell, 935 F.2d at 1017. Neither factor is dispositive and both must be
viewed together before reaching a decision. See id.

7 In the present case, the court does not at this time find the required exceptional circumstances. First, plaintiff does not allege the existence of exceptional circumstances. In his 8 9 motion, plaintiff states that counsel should be appointed because he is indigent, he is 10 incarcerated, and he is untrained in the law. Far from constituting exceptional circumstances, 11 plaintiff's circumstance is common to nearly every prisoner. Second, as in Terrell, plaintiff has demonstrated sufficient writing ability and legal knowledge to articulate his claims and the facts 12 13 he alleges and the issues he raises are not of substantial complexity. See id. Finally, at this stage of the proceedings before an answer has been filed or any discovery has been conducted, 14 15 the court is unable to say that plaintiff has demonstrated a likelihood of success on the merits of 16 his claims.

Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

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2. Plaintiff may file objections to the court's September 9, 2016, findings and recommendations within 30 days of the date of this order; and

Plaintiff's motion for an extension of time (Doc. 49) is granted;

3. Plaintiff's motion for the appointment of counsel (Doc. 50) is denied.

DATED: January 10, 2017

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**CRAIG M. KELLISON** UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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