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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	DeANDRE R. SMITH,	No. 2: 14-cv-0944 KJN P
12	Petitioner,	
13	v.	ORDER AND FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
14	UNKNOWN,	RECOMMENDATIONS
15	Respondent.	
16		
17	Petitioner, a state prisoner proceeding pro se, has filed an application for a writ of habeas	
18	corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254, together with a request to proceed in forma pauperis	
19	pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915. Petitioner has submitted a declaration that makes the showing	
20	required by § 1915(a). Accordingly, the request to proceed in forma pauperis will be granted.	
21	28 U.S.C. § 1915(a).	
22	The exhaustion of state court remedies is a prerequisite to the granting of a petition for	
23	writ of habeas corpus. 28 U.S.C. § 2254(b)(1). If exhaustion is to be waived, it must be waived	
24	explicitly by respondent's counsel. 28 U.S.C. § 2254(b)(3). A waiver of exhaustion, thus, may	
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26	////	
27 28	A petition may be denied on the merits without exhaustion of state court remedies. 28 U.S.C. § 2254(b)(2).	
20	223+(U)(2).	4

not be implied or inferred. A petitioner satisfies the exhaustion requirement by providing the highest state court with a full and fair opportunity to consider all claims before presenting them to the federal court. <u>Picard v. Connor</u>, 404 U.S. 270, 276 (1971); <u>Middleton v. Cupp</u>, 768 F.2d 1083, 1086 (9th Cir. 1985), <u>cert. denied</u>, 478 U.S. 1021 (1986).

On August 13, 2014, the court ordered petitioner to show cause why this action should not be dismissed for his failure to exhaust state court remedies. (ECF No. 10). In response, petitioner filed an amended petition. (ECF No. 11.) It is clear from the amended petition that none of the claims raised are exhausted. The claims have not been presented to the California Supreme Court. Further, there is no allegation that state court remedies are no longer available to petitioner. Accordingly, the petition should be dismissed without prejudice.²

Good cause appearing, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- 1. Petitioner is granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis;
- 2. The Clerk of the Court is directed to serve a copy of these findings and recommendations together with a copy of the petition filed in the instant case on the Attorney General of the State of California;
- 3. The Clerk of the Court is directed to assign a district judge to this action; and IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that petitioner's application for a writ of habeas corpus be dismissed for failure to exhaust state remedies.

These findings and recommendations will be submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to this case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within fourteen days after being served with these findings and recommendations, petitioner may file written objections with the court. The document should be captioned "Objections to Findings and ////

24 ////

² Petitioner is cautioned that the habeas corpus statute imposes a one year statute of limitations for filing non-capital habeas corpus petitions in federal court. In most cases, the one year period will start to run on the date on which the state court judgment became final by the conclusion of direct review or the expiration of time for seeking direct review, although the statute of limitations is tolled while a properly filed application for state post-conviction or other collateral review is pending. 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d).

1	Recommendations." Petitioner is advised that failure to file objections within the specified	
2	time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 115	
3	(9th Cir. 1991).	
4	Dated: August 27, 2014	
5	Ferdal O. Newman	
6	Sm944.103 KENDALL J. NEWMAN UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
7	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
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