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8	UNITED STAT	ES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
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11	DEAN C. RODRIGUEZ,	No. 2: 14-cv-1049 KJN P	
12	Plaintiff,		
13	V.	ORDER	
14	JEFFREY BEARD, et al.,,		
15	Defendants.		
16			
17	Plaintiff is a state prisoner, proceedin	g without counsel, with a civil rights action pursuant	
18	to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff consented to the	ne jurisdiction of the undersigned. (ECF No. 5.)	
19	Pending before the court is plaintiff's motion	for leave to file a second amended complaint. (ECF	
20	No. 26.) For the following reasons, this moti	on is denied.	
21	Background		
22	On April 28, 2014, plaintiff filed his o	original 36 page complaint. (ECF No. 1.) On June	
23	11, 2014, the undersigned issued a thirteen pa	age order screening the original complaint. (ECF	
24	No. 9.) The original complaint contained for	ar claims: denial of access to the courts; retaliation;	
25	race-based lockdowns; and intentional inflict	ion of emotion distress. The undersigned found that	
26	plaintiff had not stated potentially colorable of	claims for relief and granted plaintiff thirty days to	
27	file an amended complaint.		
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1	On July 14, 2014, plaintiff filed a first amended complaint. (ECF No. 13.) On July 21,
2	2014, plaintiff filed a second amended complaint. (ECF No. 15.) On September 5, 2014, the
3	undersigned issued a seventeen page order screening the second amended complaint. (ECF No.
4	18.) As did the original complaint, the second amended complaint contained claims alleging
5	retaliation, race-based lockdowns and inadequate law library access. The undersigned dismissed
6	plaintiff's claims alleging inadequate law library access on grounds that he did not allege an
7	actual injury. The undersigned found that plaintiff's claims alleging that defendants Foulk and St.
8	Andre subjected him to a race-based lockdown on March 17, 2013, was potentially colorable.
9	The undersigned further found that plaintiff stated a potentially colorable retaliation claim against
10	defendant Matis.
11	In the September 5, 2014 order, the undersigned noted that he had spent considerable time
12	reviewing plaintiff's complaint and second amended complaint. For that reason, and because the
13	undersigned believed that plaintiff had had ample opportunity to amend his claims, plaintiff was
14	not granted an opportunity to file a third amended complaint.
15	Motion to Amend
16	In the pending motion, plaintiff requests permission to file a third amended complaint
17	(which he labels as a "second amended complaint") in order to clarify his claims against some of
18	the dismissed defendants as well as his access to the courts claim.
19	Before trial, a party can amend its complaint once twenty-one days after serving it or
20	twenty-one days after service of a responsive pleading or motion to dismiss under Rule 12(b)(6).
21	Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(1). The court can also grant leave to amend "when justice so requires." Fed.
22	R. Civ. P. 15(a)(2). The court will decline to grant leave to amend if the party opposing
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	amendment shows "bad faith, undue delay, prejudice to the opposing party, futility of
24	amendment shows "bad faith, undue delay, prejudice to the opposing party, futility of amendment," or that the plaintiff has previously amended the complaint without healing its
24 25	
	amendment," or that the plaintiff has previously amended the complaint without healing its
25	amendment," or that the plaintiff has previously amended the complaint without healing its defects. <u>United States v. Corinthian Colls.</u> , 655 F.3d 984, 995 (9th Cir. 2011) (citing Johnson v.

1	claims found potentially colorable. In the order screening the original complaint, plaintiff was
2	advised of the legal standards for his claims. Despite the careful screening order, plaintiff did not
3	cure the pleading defects in his second amended complaint. For these reasons, plaintiff's motion
4	to amend is denied.

In the pending motion, plaintiff requests that if the court denies his motion to amend, that
it certify for appeal the portion of the September 5, 2014 order dismissing his claims found noncolorable. On September 18, 2014, plaintiff filed an appeal regarding the September 5, 2014
order. (ECF No. 19.) On October 28, 2014, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals dismissed
plaintiff's appeal for lack of jurisdiction. (ECF No. 24.) Because the Ninth Circuit has already
rejected plaintiff's appeal, there is no appeal to certify.

- Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that plaintiff's motion to amend (ECF No. 26)
  is denied.
- 13 Dated: January 5, 2015
- 15 Rod1049.den

KENDALL J. NEŴMAN UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE