1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10		
11	DARIN MARTIN,	No. 2:14-cv-02214-TLN-KJN
12	Plaintiff,	
13	ν.	PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER
14	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	
15	Defendant.	
16		
17	After reviewing the parties' Joint Status Report, the Court	
18	makes the following Pretrial Scheduling Order.	
19	I. <u>SERVICE OF PROCESS</u>	
20	All named Defendants have been served and no further service	
21	is permitted without leave of court, good cause having been	
22	shown.	
23	II. ADDITIONAL PARTIES/AMENDMENTS/PLEADINGS	
24	No joinder of parties or amendments to pleadings is	
25	permitted without leave of court, good cause having been shown.	
26	III. JURISDICTION/VENUE	
27	Jurisdiction is predicated upon 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 & 1346(b).	
28	Jurisdiction and venue are not	contested.
		1

1 IV. DISCOVERY All discovery, with the exception of expert discovery, shall 2 3 be completed by November 30, 2015. In this context, "completed" means that all discovery shall have been conducted so that all 4 5 depositions have been taken and any disputes relative to discovery shall have been resolved by appropriate order if 6 7 necessary and, where discovery has been ordered, the order has been obeyed. All motions to compel discovery must be noticed on 8 9 the magistrate judge's calendar in accordance with the local 10 rules of this Court. 11 Any request to deviate from the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure should be made to the assigned Magistrate Judge. 12 13 V. DISCLOSURE OF EXPERT WITNESSES 14 All counsel are to designate in writing, file with the 15 Court, and serve upon all other parties the name, address, and 16 area of expertise of each expert that they propose to tender at 17 trial not later than **January 28, 2016.**¹ The designation shall be 18 accompanied by a written report prepared and signed by the 19 witness. The report shall comply with Fed. R. Civ. P. 20 26(a)(2)(B).

21 Within twenty (20) days after the designation of expert 22 witnesses, any party may designate a supplemental list of expert 23 witnesses who will express an opinion on a subject covered by an 24 expert designated by an adverse party.

25 ///

26 ///

¹ The discovery of experts will include whether any motions based on <u>Daubert</u> <u>v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc.</u>, 509 U.S. 579 (1993) and/or <u>Kumho Tire</u> <u>Co. v. Carmichael</u>, 119 S. Ct. 1167 (1999) are anticipated.

The right to designate a supplemental expert for rebuttal
 purposes only shall apply to a party who has not previously
 disclosed an expert witness on the date set for expert witness
 disclosure by this Pretrial Scheduling Order.

5 Failure of a party to comply with the disclosure schedule as set forth above in all likelihood will preclude that party from 6 7 calling the expert witness at the time of trial. An expert 8 witness not appearing on the designation will not be permitted to 9 testify unless the party offering the witness demonstrates: (a) that the necessity for the witness could not have been reasonably 10 11 anticipated at the time the list was proffered; (b) that the 12 Court and opposing counsel were promptly notified upon discovery 13 of the witness; and (c) that the witness was promptly made available for deposition. 14

15 For purposes of this Pretrial Scheduling Order, an "expert" 16 is any person who may be used at trial to present evidence under 17 Rules 702, 703, and 705 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, which 18 include both "percipient experts" (persons who, because of their 19 expertise, have rendered expert opinions in the normal course of 20 their work duties or observations pertinent to the issues in the 21 case) and "retained experts" (persons specifically designated by 22 a party to be a testifying expert for the purposes of 23 litigation).

Each party shall identify whether a disclosed expert is percipient, retained, or both. It will be assumed that a party designating a retained expert has acquired the express permission of the witness to be so listed.

28 ///

Parties designating percipient experts must state in the designation who is responsible for arranging the deposition of such persons.

All experts designated are to be fully prepared at the time of designation to render an informed opinion, and give their bases for their opinion, so that they will be able to give full and complete testimony at any deposition taken by the opposing party. Experts will not be permitted to testify at the trial as to any information gathered or evaluated, or opinion formed, after deposition taken subsequent to designation.

11 Counsel are instructed to complete all discovery of expert 12 witnesses in a timely manner in order to comply with the Court's 13 deadline for filing dispositive motions.

14

VI. MOTION HEARING SCHEDULE

All dispositive motions, except motions for continuances, temporary restraining orders or other emergency applications, shall be heard no later than **June 2**, **2016**.

All purely legal issues are to be resolved by timely pretrial motions. Local Rule 230 governs the calendaring and procedures of civil motions with the following additions:

(a) The opposition and reply must be filed by 4:00 p.m. onthe day due; and

(b) When the last day for filing an opposition brief falls
on a legal holiday, the opposition brief shall be filed
on the last court day immediately preceding the legal
holiday.

Failure to comply with Local Rule 230(c), as modified by this order, may be deemed consent to the motion and the court may dispose of the motion summarily. Further, failure to timely oppose a summary judgment motion² may result in the granting of that motion if the movant shifts the burden to the nonmovant to demonstrate that a genuine issue of material fact remains for trial.

6 The Court places a page limit for points and authorities 7 (exclusive of exhibits and other supporting documentation) of 8 twenty (20) pages on all initial moving papers, twenty (20) pages 9 on oppositions, and ten (10) pages for replies. All requests for 10 page limit increases must be made in writing to the Court setting 11 forth any and all reasons for any increase in page limit at least 12 fourteen (14) days prior to the filing of the motion.

For the Court's convenience, citations to Supreme Court cases should include parallel citations to the Supreme Court Reporter.

The parties are reminded that a motion <u>in limine</u> is a pretrial procedural device designed to address the admissibility of evidence. The Court will look with disfavor upon dispositional motions presented in the guise of motions <u>in</u> limine.

The parties are cautioned that failure to raise a dispositive legal issue that could have been tendered to the court by proper pretrial motion prior to the dispositive motion cut-off date may constitute waiver of such issue.

25 ///

26 ///

^{27 &}lt;sup>2</sup> The Court urges any party that contemplates bringing a motion for summary judgment or who must oppose a motion for summary judgment to review Local Rule 260.

1

VII. FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE

The Final Pretrial Conference is set for August 25, 2016, at 2 3 2:00 p.m. At least one of the attorneys who will conduct the trial for each of the parties shall attend the Final Pretrial 4 5 Conference. If by reason of illness or other unavoidable 6 circumstance a trial attorney is unable to attend, the attorney 7 who attends in place of the trial attorney shall have equal 8 familiarity with the case and equal authorization to make 9 commitments on behalf of the client.

Counsel for all parties are to be fully prepared for trial at the time of the Final Pretrial Conference, with no matters remaining to be accomplished except production of witnesses for oral testimony.

The parties shall file, not later than August 18, 2016, a 14 15 Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement. The provisions of 16 Local Rules 281 shall apply with respect to the matters to be 17 included in the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement. In 18 addition to those subjects listed in Local Rule 281(b), the 19 parties are to provide the Court with a plain, concise statement 20 that identifies every non-discovery motion tendered to the Court 21 and its resolution. Failure to comply with Local Rule 281, as 22 modified by this Pretrial Scheduling Order, may be grounds for 23 sanctions.

At the time of filing the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement, counsel shall also electronically mail to the Court in digital format compatible with Microsoft Word, the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement in its entirety including the ///

witness and exhibit lists. These documents shall be sent to:
 tlnorders@caed.uscourts.gov.

3 The parties should identify first the core undisputed facts 4 relevant to all claims. The parties should then, in a concise 5 manner, identify those undisputed core facts that are relevant to 6 each claim. The disputed facts should be identified in the same 7 manner. Where the parties are unable to agree as to what disputed facts are properly before the Court for trial, they 8 9 should nevertheless list all disputed facts asserted by each 10 party. Each disputed fact or undisputed fact should be 11 separately numbered or lettered.

Each party shall identify and concisely list each disputed evidentiary issue which will be the subject of a motion in limine.

Each party shall identify the points of law which concisely describe the legal issues of the trial which will be discussed in the parties' respective trial briefs. Points of law should reflect issues derived from the core undisputed and disputed facts. Parties shall not include argument or authorities with any point of law.

The parties shall prepare a joint statement of the case in plain concise language which will be read to the jury at the beginning of the trial. The purpose of the joint statement is to inform the jury what the case is about.

The parties are reminded that pursuant to Local Rule 281 they are required to list in the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement all witnesses and exhibits they propose to offer at trial. After the name of each witness, each party shall provide

1 a brief statement of the nature of the testimony to be proffered. 2 The parties may file a joint list or each party may file separate 3 lists. These list(s) shall not be contained in the body of the 4 Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement itself, but shall be 5 attached as separate documents to be used as addenda to the Final 6 Pretrial Order.

7 Plaintiff's exhibits shall be listed numerically. Defendant's exhibits shall be listed alphabetically. The parties 8 9 shall use the standard exhibit stickers provided by the Court 10 Clerk's Office: pink for plaintiff and blue for defendant. In 11 the event that the alphabet is exhausted, the exhibits shall be marked "AA-ZZ" and "AAA-ZZZ" etc. After three letters, note the 12 13 number of letters in parenthesis (i.e., "AAAA(4)") to reduce 14 confusion at trial. All multi-page exhibits shall be stapled or 15 otherwise fastened together and each page within the exhibit 16 shall be numbered. All photographs shall be marked individually. 17 The list of exhibits shall not include excerpts of depositions, 18 which may be used to impeach witnesses. In the event that 19 Plaintiff and Defendant offer the same exhibit during trial, that 20 exhibit shall be referred to by the designation the exhibit is 21 first identified. The Court cautions the parties to pay 2.2 attention to this detail so that all concerned, including the 23 jury, will not be confused by one exhibit being identified with 24 both a number and a letter.

The Final Pretrial Order will contain a stringent standard for the offering at trial of witnesses and exhibits not listed in the Final Pretrial Order, and the parties are cautioned that the standard will be strictly applied. On the other hand, the

listing of exhibits or witnesses that a party does not intend to
 offer will be viewed as an abuse of the court's processes.

3 The parties also are reminded that pursuant to Rule 16 of 4 the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure it will be their duty at the Final Pretrial Conference to aid the Court in: (a) the 5 formulation and simplification of issues and the elimination of 6 7 frivolous claims or defenses; (b) the settling of facts that should properly be admitted; and (c) the avoidance of unnecessary 8 proof and cumulative evidence. Counsel must cooperatively 9 prepare the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement and 10 11 participate in good faith at the Final Pretrial Conference with 12 these aims in mind. A failure to do so may result in the 13 imposition of sanctions which may include monetary sanctions, orders precluding proof, elimination of claims or defenses, or 14 15 such other sanctions as the Court deems appropriate.

16

VIII. TRIAL BRIEFS

The parties shall file trial briefs not later than fourteen (14) days before trial. Counsel are directed to Local Rule 285 regarding the content of trial briefs.

20

IX. EVIDENTIARY AND/OR PROCEDURAL MOTIONS

It is the Court's practice to hear motions in limine on the first day of trial. However, depending on the number and nature of the parties' motions, the need to special set a hearing date to hear such motions shall be addressed at the Final Pretrial Conference.

26 ///

- 27 ///
- 28 ///

1 Х. TRIAL SETTING The trial is set for October 31, 2016, at 9:00 a.m. 2 Trial 3 will be a bench trial. The parties estimate a trial length of 4 three (3) days. 5 XI. SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE 6 A Settlement Conference is set before Magistrate Judge Carolyn K. 7 Delaney on August 4, 2015, at 9:30 a.m. Each party is directed 8 to have a principal capable of disposition at the Settlement 9 10 Conference or to be fully authorized to settle the matter on any 11 terms at the Settlement Conference. 12 Each party is directed to submit to the chambers of Judge 13 Carolyn K. Delaney confidential settlement conference statements 14 not later than July 28, 2015, to ckdorders@caed.uscourts.gov. 15 Such statements are neither to be filed with the clerk nor served 16 on opposing counsel. However, each party shall notify the other 17 party that the statement has been submitted to the judge's 18 19 chambers. 20 XII. VOLUNTARY DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROGRAM 21 Pursuant to Local Rule 271, parties may stipulate at any 22 stage in the proceedings to refer the action, in whole or in 23 part, to the Voluntary Dispute Resolution Program. 24 XIII. MODIFICATION OF PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER 25 The parties are reminded that pursuant to Rule 16(b) of the 26 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Pretrial Scheduling Order 27 shall not be modified except by leave of court upon a showing of 28

1	good cause. Agreement by the parties pursuant to stipulation	
2	alone to modify the Pretrial Scheduling Order does not constitute	
3	good cause. Except in extraordinary circumstances,	
4	unavailability of witnesses or counsel will not constitute good	
5	cause.	
6	XIV. OBJECTIONS TO PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER	
7	This Pretrial Scheduling Order will become final without	
8	further order of the Court unless objections are filed within	
9	fourteen (14) days of service of this Order.	
10	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
11	DATED: March 25, 2015	
12	www. Hunley	
13	Troy L. Nunley	
14	United States District Judge	
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
	11	