1	highest state court with a full and fair opportunity to consider all claims before presenting them to
2	the federal court. <u>Picard v. Connor</u> , 404 U.S. 270, 276 (1971); <u>Middleton v. Cupp</u> , 768 F.2d
3	1083, 1086 (9th Cir. 1985), cert. denied, 478 U.S. 1021 (1986).
4	The petition raises three claims: two claims of ineffective assistance of counsel and one
5	claim alleging perjury by witnesses. Petitioner admits that none of these claims have been raised
6	in state court. Therefore, these claims are not exhausted. Accordingly, petitioner is granted thirty
7	days to show cause why this action should not be dismissed on grounds that no claims are
8	exhausted. ²
9	Good cause appearing, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:
10	1. Petitioner is granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis;
11	2. Petitioner is granted thirty days from the date of this order to show cause why this
12	action should not be dismissed on grounds that the claims are not exhausted.
13	Dated: December 12, 2014
14	Ferdal P. Newman
15	Ward2861.exh KENDALL J. NEWMAN UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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25	Petitioner is cautioned that the habeas corpus statute imposes a one year statute of limitations
26	for filing non-capital habeas corpus petitions in federal court. In most cases, the one year period

will start to run on the date on which the state court judgment became final by the conclusion of direct review or the expiration of time for seeking direct review, although the statute of limitations is tolled while a properly filed application for state post-conviction or other collateral review is pending. 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d).