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9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
10	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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12	DANIEL J. NORMAN,	No. 2:15-cv-1346 GEB AC P
13	Plaintiff,	
14	v.	ORDER SETTING SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE
15	DR. RIAZ,	
16	Defendant.	
17		
18	Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se with a civil rights action pursuant to 42	
19	U.S.C. § 1983. The court has determined that this case would benefit from a settlement	
20	conference. Therefore, this case will be referred to Magistrate Judge Craig M. Kellison to	
21	conduct a settlement conference at the U.S. District Court, 501 I Street, Sacramento, California	
22	95814, in Courtroom #4, on March 9, 2017, at 9:00 a.m.	
23	A separate order and writ of habeas corpus ad testificandum will issue concurrently with	
24	this order.	
25	In accordance with the above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:	
26	1. This case is set for a settlement conference before Magistrate Judge Craig M. Kellison	
27	on March 9, 2017, at 9:00 a.m., at the U. S. District Court, 501 I Street, Sacramento,	
28	California 95814, in Courtroom #4.	

2. A representative with full and unlimited authority to negotiate and enter into a binding			
settlement on the defendants' behalf shall attend in person. ¹			
3. Those in attendance must be prepared to discuss the claims, defenses and damages.			
The failure of any counsel, party or authorized person subject to this order to appear in			
person may result in the imposition of sanctions. In addition, the conference will not			
proceed and will be reset to another date.			
4. Judge Kellison or another representative from the court will be contacting the parties			
either by telephone or in person, approximately two weeks prior to the settlement			
conference, to ascertain each party's expectations of the settlement conference.			
5. The dispositive motion deadline in this case, currently March 17, 2017, is vacated			
pending further order of this court following the settlement conference.			
DATED: January 17, 2017 allen Clane			
ALLISON CLAIRE			
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE			
$\frac{1}{1}$ While the exercise of its authority is subject to abuse of discretion review, "the district court has			
the authority to order parties, including the federal government, to participate in mandatory settlement conferences" <u>United States v. United States District Court for the Northern</u>			
Mariana Islands, 694 F.3d 1051, 1053, 1057, 1059 (9th Cir. 2012)("the district court has broad			
authority to compel participation in mandatory settlement conference[s]."). The term "full authority to settle" means that the individuals attending the mediation conference must be			
authorized to fully explore settlement options and to agree at that time to any settlement terms acceptable to the parties. <u>G. Heileman Brewing Co., Inc. v. Joseph Oat Corp.</u> , 871 F.2d 648, 653 (7 th Cir. 1989), <u>cited with approval in Official Airline Guides, Inc. v. Goss</u> , 6 F.3d 1385, 1396 (9 th Cir. 1993). The individual with full authority to settle must also have "unfettered discretion and authority" to change the settlement position of the party, if appropriate. <u>Pitman v. Brinker Int'l.</u>			
		Inc., 216 F.R.D. 481, 485-86 (D. Ariz. 2003), <u>amended on recon. in part</u> , <u>Pitman v. Brinker Int'l.</u> , Inc., 2003 WL 23353478 (D. Ariz. 2003). The purpose behind requiring the attendance of a	
		person with full settlement authority is that the parties' view of the case may be altered during the face to face conference. <u>Pitman</u> , 216 F.R.D. at 486. An authorization to settle for a limited dollar	
amount or sum certain can be found not to comply with the requirement of full authority to settle. Nick v. Morgan's Foods, Inc., 270 F.3d 590, 596-97 (8 th Cir. 2001).			
<u>Nick v. Morgan's Foods, Inc.</u> , 270 F.5d 350, 390-97 (8° Ch. 2001). 2			