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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	JIMMY GETTINGS,	No. 2:15-cv-2688 MCE CKD PS
12	Plaintiff,	
13	v.	<u>ORDER</u>
14	CHRIS LINK, et al.,	
15	Defendants.	
16		
17	Plaintiff is proceeding pro se. Plaintiff, who resides in the Phillippines, has filed an in	
18	forma pauperis affidavit in which he states that his monthly income is \$700 and that his monthly	
19	expenses are \$218.	
20	Pursuant to federal statute, a filing fee of \$350.00 is required to commence a civil action	
21	in federal district court. 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a). In addition, a \$50.00 general administrative fee for	
22	civil cases must be paid. 28 U.S.C. § 1914(b). The court may authorize the commencement of an	
23	action "without prepayment of fees and costs or security therefor, by a person who makes	
24	affidavit that he is unable to pay such costs or give security therefor." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a). The	
25	amount of plaintiff's income and monthly expenses shows that plaintiff is able to pay the filing	
26	fee and costs. Thus, plaintiff has made an inadequate showing of indigency. See Alexander v.	
27	Carson Adult High Sch., 9 F.3d 1448 (9th Cir. 1993); California Men's Colony v. Rowland, 939	

F.2d 854, 858 (9th Cir. 1991); <u>Stehouwer v. Hennessey</u>, 841 F. Supp. 316, (N.D. Cal. 1994).

Plaintiff will therefore be granted twenty-eight days in which to submit the appropriate fees to the Clerk of the Court. Plaintiff is cautioned that failure to pay the filing and general administrative fees in the amount of \$400 will result in a recommendation that the application to proceed in forma pauperis be denied and the instant action be dismissed without prejudice.

Plaintiff has filed a motion for court approval of a lis pendens for the property which is the subject of the instant action. Under California Code of Civil Procedure section 405.21, court approval is a prerequisite to recording of a lis pendens signed by a person acting in propria persona. Upon review of the complaint, the court cannot determine on the present record whether plaintiff's claims have merit. The complaint alleges only claims sounding in tort; it is not readily apparent that plaintiff has stated a real property claim. Assuming arguendo that plaintiff has alleged a real property claim, defendants would be entitled to expungement of the notice of any lis pendens where plaintiff's real property claim is meritless. See Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 405.32 (the court "shall order that the notice be expunged if the court finds that the claimant has not established by a preponderance of the evidence the probable validity of the real property claim"). Id. § 405.32. Under these circumstances, the court does not find a lis pendens is warranted at this time.

## Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- 1. No later than February 3, 2016, plaintiff shall submit the appropriate fees to the Clerk of the Court.
  - 2. Plaintiff's motion for lis pendens (ECF No. 3) is denied without prejudice.

Dated: January 6, 2016

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UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A lis pendens is only appropriate where plaintiff alleges a real property claim. <u>See</u> Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 405.20.