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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
8	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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10	ROBIN GILLEN STARR,	No. 2:16-cv-1829 KJM CKD P
11	Plaintiff,	
12	V.	<u>ORDER</u>
13	UNITED STATES, et al.,	
14	Defendants.	
15		
16	Plaintiff, a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis, has requested	
17	appointment of counsel. The court cannot require an attorney to represent a plaintiff who cannot	
18	pay for the attorney's services. Mallard v. United States Dist. Court, 490 U.S. 296, 298 (1989).	
19	However, under the federal in forma pauperis statute, 28 U.S.C. § 1915, the court may request	
20	that an attorney represent a person unable to afford counsel. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). The court	
21	will make that request only when there are exceptional circumstances. When determining	
22	whether "exceptional circumstances" exist, the court considers, among other things, plaintiff's	
23	likelihood of success on the merits as well as the ability of the plaintiff to articulate his claims pro	
24	se in light of the complexity of the legal issues involved. <u>Palmer v. Valdez</u> , 560 F.3d 965, 970	
25	(9th Cir. 2009). While the court is aware of the difficulties attendant to litigating an action while	
26	incarcerated, circumstances common to most prisoners do not establish "exceptional	
27	circumstances."	
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In the present case, the court does not find the required exceptional circumstances at this stage of these proceedings. Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that plaintiff's motion for the appointment of counsel (ECF No. 72) is denied.

Dated: April 17, 2017

CAROLYN K. DELANEY

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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