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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	DAVID GRIFFIN,	No. 2:16-cv-2084 JAM CKD P
12	Petitioner,	
13	v.	ORDER &
14	SACRAMENTO COUNTY SUPERIOR	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
15	COURT,	
16	Respondent.	
17		
18	Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding pro se with an application for writ of habeas	
19	corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. This proceeding was referred to this court by Local Rule	
20	302 pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Petitioner has submitted a declaration that makes the	
21	showing required by 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a). Accordingly, petitioner may proceed with this action	
22	in forma pauperis.	
23	Petitioner challenges his conviction in the Sacramento County Superior Court for "one	
24	count of conspiracy to commit murder, one count of aggravated kidnapping, one count of	
25	premeditated attempted murder, one count of first degree residential burglary, and one count of	
26	active participation in a criminal street gang, which resulted in a sentence of 84 years to life[.]"	
27	(ECF No. 1 at 3.)	
28	////	

Court records reveal that petitioner challenged this same conviction in an earlier action, <a href="Miles Superiorismos Griffin v. Gipson">Griffin v. Gipson</a>, No. 2:13-cv-2516 MCE GGH (E.D. Cal.), in which petitioner's habeas claims were denied on the merits on March 11, 2015. (Id., ECF Nos. 20 & 21.)

A petition is second or successive if it makes "claims contesting the same custody imposed by the same judgment of a state court" that the petitioner previously challenged, and on which the federal court issued a decision on the merits. <u>Burton v. Stewart</u>, 549 U.S. 147, 153 (2007). Before filing a successive petition in district court, a petitioner must obtain from the appellate court "an order authorizing the district court to consider the application." 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A). Without an order from the appellate court, the district court is without jurisdiction to consider a second or successive petition. <u>See Burton</u>, 549 U.S. at 152, 157.

As petitioner offers no evidence that the appellate court has authorized this court to consider a successive petition challenging his conviction, this action should be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.

Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that petitioner's request to proceed in forma pauperis is granted.

IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that the petition be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.

These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within fourteen days after being served with these findings and recommendations, petitioner may file written objections with the court. Such a document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." In his objections petitioner may address whether a certificate of appealability should issue in the event he files an appeal of the judgment in this case. Petitioner is advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).

Dated: November 3, 2016

CAROLYN K. DELANEY

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE