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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	ROBERT LEE SIMMS,	No. 2:16-cv-2221 AC P
12	Plaintiff,	
13	V.	<u>ORDER</u>
14	ROBERT HADLEY, et al.,	
15	Defendants.	
16	-	
17	Plaintiff, a county inmate proceeding pro se, has filed a civil rights action pursuant to 42	
18	U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff has also filed a request for appointment of counsel and declaration of	
19	indigency. ECF No. 2. Plaintiff has not, however, filed a properly completed application to	
20	proceed in forma pauperis or a certified copy of his prison trust account statement for the six	
21	month period immediately preceding the filing of the complaint. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(2).	
22	Plaintiff will be provided the opportunity to submit a complete affidavit and certified copy of his	
23	prison trust account statement.	
24		nent of counsel, the United States Supreme Court has
25	ruled that district courts lack authority to require counsel to represent indigent prisoners in § 1983	
26	cases. Mallard v. United States Dist. Court, 490 U.S. 296, 298 (1989). In certain exceptional	
27	circumstances, the district court may request the voluntary assistance of counsel pursuant to 28	
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- U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). <u>Terrell v. Brewer</u>, 935 F.2d 1015, 1017 (9th Cir. 1991); <u>Wood v.</u>
- 2 Housewright, 900 F.2d 1332, 1335-36 (9th Cir. 1990).

"When determining whether 'exceptional circumstances' exist, a court must consider 'the
likelihood of success on the merits as well as the ability of the [plaintiff] to articulate his claims *pro se* in light of the complexity of the legal issues involved." <u>Palmer v. Valdez</u>, 560 F.3d 965,
970 (9th Cir. 2009) (quoting <u>Weygandt v. Look</u>, 718 F.2d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 1983)). The burden
of demonstrating exceptional circumstances is on the plaintiff. <u>Id.</u> Circumstances common to
most prisoners, such as lack of legal education and limited law library access, do not establish
exceptional circumstances that would warrant a request for voluntary assistance of counsel.

The only justifications for appointment of counsel that plaintiff offers are that he is unable to afford counsel and that he requests counsel to protect his interests. ECF No. These circumstances are not uncommon and do not constitute exceptional circumstances. The court has also not yet had an opportunity to screen the complaint and is therefore unable to determine plaintiff's likelihood of success on the merits and ability to articulate his claims at this time. The motion for counsel will therefore be denied without prejudice to renewal at a later stage of the proceedings.

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In accordance with the above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

Plaintiff shall submit, within thirty days from the date of this order, an affidavit in
 support of his request to proceed in forma pauperis on the form provided by the Clerk of Court
 and a certified copy of his prison trust account statement for the six month period immediately
 preceding the filing of the complaint. Plaintiff's failure to comply with this order will result in a
 recommendation that this action be dismissed.

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2. The Clerk of the Court is directed to send plaintiff a new Application to Proceed In Forma Pauperis By a Prisoner.

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1	3. Plaintiff's motion for appointment of counsel is denied without prejudice to renewal at
2	a later stage of the proceedings.
3	DATED: September 28, 2016
4	DATED: September 28, 2016 <u>ALLISON CLAIRE</u> UNITED STATES MACISTRATE HIDGE
5	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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