

1 DAVID F. FAUSTMAN, SBN 81862  
 TYREEN G. TORNER, SBN 249980  
 2 FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP  
 345 California Street, Suite 2200  
 3 San Francisco, CA 94104  
 Telephone: (415) 364-5546  
 4 Facsimile: (415) 391-4436  
 Email: dfaustman@foxrothschild.com  
 5 ttorner@foxrothschild.com

6 ANDREW W. RUSSELL, SBN 280669  
 FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP  
 7 1800 Century Park East, Suite 300  
 Los Angeles, CA 90067  
 8 Telephone: (310) 598-4150  
 Facsimile: (310) 556-9828  
 9 Email: arussell@foxrothschild.com

10 Attorneys for Defendant  
 PARTY CITY CORPORATION

11  
 12 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
 13 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

14 JOAN PASINI, on behalf of herself and all  
 15 others similarly situated,

16 Plaintiff,

17 v.

18 PARTY CITY CORPORATION; and DOES 1  
 through 10, inclusive,

19 Defendants.

Case No.: 2:17-cv-00962-WBS-EFB

The Honorable William B. Shubb,  
 Senior United States District Judge

**STIPULATION FOR PROTECTIVE  
 ORDER AND [~~PROPOSED~~] ORDER**

Trial Date: None Set

1                   **IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED** by and between Defendant Party City  
2 Corporation, (“Defendant”) and Plaintiff Joan Pasini (“Plaintiff”) (collectively, the “Parties”),  
3 through their respective attorneys of record undersigned below, that in order to facilitate the prompt  
4 and thorough exchange of documents between the Parties, and with regard to documents produced  
5 and/or exchanged by Defendants or Plaintiffs in the course of this action which contain private,  
6 confidential, proprietary, commercial, and/or trade-secret information of Defendants or Plaintiffs, the  
7 following procedures shall govern:

8           1.       PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

9                   Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of  
10 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure  
11 and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly,  
12 the Parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective  
13 Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures  
14 or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends  
15 only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the  
16 applicable legal principles. The Parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that  
17 this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal;  
18 Civil Local Rule 141 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be  
19 applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

20           2.       DEFINITIONS

21                   2.1       Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of  
22 information or items under this Order.

23                   2.2       “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is  
24 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of  
25 Civil Procedure 26(c), and/or that contain: (i) trade secret information as defined by Cal. Civ. Code  
26 §3426.1<sup>1</sup>; (ii) confidential proprietary, financial, or medical information pertaining to a Party; (iii)

27 \_\_\_\_\_  
28 <sup>1</sup> Cal. Civ. Code §3426.1(d) provides that “Trade secret means information, including a formula,  
pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, or process, that: (1) Derives

1 internal company operations documents not readily available to the public; (iv) information which, if  
2 disclosed, could constitute a violation of any third party's right of privacy or otherwise violates an  
3 obligation of confidentiality owed to a third party, such as personnel records and medical records,  
4 and other records containing employee social security numbers, dates of birth, home addresses,  
5 telephone numbers, and e-mail addresses; and/or (v) information or material that may not be  
6 disclosed pursuant to any federal or state law or regulation.

7       2.3     Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well  
8 as their support staff).

9       2.4     Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it  
10 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL."

11       2.5     Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium  
12 or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,  
13 transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to  
14 discovery in this matter.

15       2.6     Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to  
16 the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a  
17 consultant in this action.

18       2.7     House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House  
19 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

20       2.8     Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal  
21 entity not named as a Party to this action.

22       2.9     Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action  
23 but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on  
24 behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

25       2.10    Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,  
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27               independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to the  
28               public or to other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use; and (2)  
              Is the subject of efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy."

1 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

2           2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery  
3 Material in this action.

4           2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services  
5 (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing,  
6 storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

7           2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as  
8 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

9           2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a  
10 Producing Party.

11 3. SCOPE

12           The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as  
13 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all  
14 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,  
15 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.  
16 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following  
17 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving  
18 Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of  
19 publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record  
20 through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the  
21 disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the  
22 information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of  
23 Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

24 4. DURATION

25           Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this  
26 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order  
27 otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and  
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1 defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion  
2 and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the  
3 time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

4 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or  
6 Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to  
7 limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The  
8 Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or  
9 oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents,  
10 items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within  
11 the ambit of this Order.

12 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown  
13 to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily  
14 encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on  
15 other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

16 If it comes to a Designating Party’s attention that information or items that it designated for  
17 protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties  
18 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

19 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order  
20 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,  
21 Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so  
22 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

23 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

24 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding  
25 transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the  
26 legend “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or  
27 portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly  
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1 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

2 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection  
3 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it  
4 would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material  
5 made available for inspection shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has  
6 identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which  
7 documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the  
8 specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL” legend to each page  
9 that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for  
10 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making  
11 appropriate markings in the margins).

12 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the  
13 Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other  
14 proceeding, all protected testimony.

15 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other  
16 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or  
17 containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a  
18 portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent  
19 practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

20 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
21 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s  
22 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Disclosure of such documents,  
23 information, responses or testimony to persons not authorized to receive “CONFIDENTIAL”  
24 Information, as described below in section 7.2, prior to the designation, shall not be deemed a  
25 violation of this Order. However, upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must  
26 make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this  
27 Order.  
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1 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

2 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of  
3 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality  
4 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens,  
5 or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a  
6 confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original  
7 designation is disclosed.

8 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process  
9 by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each  
10 challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must  
11 recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph  
12 of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must  
13 begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication  
14 are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging  
15 Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and  
16 must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the  
17 circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen  
18 designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it  
19 has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is  
20 unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely manner.

21 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court  
22 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality within 21  
23 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and  
24 confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be  
25 accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and  
26 confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make  
27 such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall  
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1 automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the  
2 Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is  
3 good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any  
4 portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a  
5 competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer  
6 requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

7           The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating  
8 Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose  
9 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions.  
10 Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to  
11 retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question  
12 the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party’s designation until the court  
13 rules on the challenge.

14 **7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

15           7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or  
16 produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,  
17 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to  
18 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has  
19 been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL  
20 DISPOSITION). Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a  
21 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under  
22 this Order.

23           7.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by  
24 the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any  
25 information or item designated “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

26                   (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as  
27 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the  
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1 information for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be  
2 Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

3 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the  
4 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed  
5 the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

6 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is  
7 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement  
8 to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

9 (d) the court and its personnel;

10 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors,  
11 and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who  
12 have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

13 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably  
14 necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A),  
15 unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed  
16 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately  
17 bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this  
18 Stipulated Protective Order.

19 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or  
20 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

21 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER  
22 LITIGATION

23 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels  
24 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that Party  
25 must:

26 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a copy  
27 of the subpoena or court order;

1 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the  
2 other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this  
3 Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

4 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the  
5 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

6 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena  
7 or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL”  
8 before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has  
9 obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and  
10 expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these  
11 provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to  
12 disobey a lawful directive from another court.

13 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS  
14 LITIGATION

15 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this  
16 action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in  
17 connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order.  
18 Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional  
19 protections.

20 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-  
21 Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the  
22 Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential information, then the Party shall:

23 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or  
24 all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

25 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in  
26 this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the  
27 information requested; and  
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1 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

2 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14 days  
3 of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-  
4 Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a  
5 protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control  
6 that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the  
7 court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of  
8 seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

9 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

11 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected  
12 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order,  
13 the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized  
14 disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c)  
15 inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this  
16 Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to  
17 Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

18 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED  
19 MATERIAL

20 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced  
21 material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties  
22 are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to  
23 modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production  
24 without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the  
25 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by  
26 the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement  
27 in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

28 12. MISCELLANEOUS

1           12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek  
2 its modification by the court in the future.

3           12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order  
4 no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any  
5 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no  
6 Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by  
7 this Protective Order.

8           12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party or a  
9 court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the  
10 public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected  
11 Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 141. Protected Material may only be filed under seal  
12 pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant  
13 to Civil Local Rule 141, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected  
14 Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under  
15 the law.

16 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

17           Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each  
18 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material.  
19 As used in this subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,  
20 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether  
21 the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written  
22 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party)  
23 by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material  
24 that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,  
25 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected  
26 Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all  
27 pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda,  
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1 correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant  
2 and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies  
3 that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in  
4 Section 4 (DURATION).

5  
6 **IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.**

7  
8 DATED: August 28, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP

9  
10 By: /s/ Andrew W. Russell

11 DAVID F. FAUSTMAN

12 TYREEN G. TORNER

13 ANDREW W. RUSSELL

Attorneys for Defendant

14 DATED: August 28, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

CHANT & COMPANY

A Professional Law Corporation

15  
16 By: /s/ Chant Yedalian (per confirming email 8/23/17)

17 CHANT YEDALIAN

18 Attorneys for Plaintiff

19  
20 **PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.**

21  
22 DATED: August 28, 2017.

  
EDMUND F. BRENNAN

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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**EXHIBIT A**

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued in United States District Court in the case of *Joan Pasini, et al. v. Party City Corporation*, Case No. 2:17-cv-00962-WBS-EFB. I agree to comply with and be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court For The Eastern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name] of \_\_\_\_\_ as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State where sworn and signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Printed Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_