1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 CONDALEE MORRIS, No. 2: 18-cv-2850 MCE KJN P 12 Plaintiff. 13 v. 14 G. MODHADDAM, et al., 15 Defendants. 16 17 Plaintiff is a state prisoner, proceeding without counsel, with a civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. On May 5, 2020, defendant Tesluk filed a motion to dismiss pursuant to 18 19 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6). (ECF No. 41.) On June 9, 2020, the undersigned 20 granted plaintiff thirty days to file an opposition to defendant Tesluk's motion to dismiss. (ECF 21 No. 48.) On June 10, 2020, the court advised plaintiff that motions to dismiss shall be briefed 22 pursuant to Local Rule 230(1). (ECF No. 49.) For the reasons stated herein, the undersigned recommends that plaintiff's claims against 23 24 defendant Tesluk be dismissed pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b). "Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b), the district court may dismiss an 25 26 action for failure to comply with any order of the court." Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 27 1260 (9th Cir. 1992). "In determining whether to dismiss a case for failure to comply with a 28 court order the district court must weigh five factors including: '(1) the public's interest in

expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives." Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1260-61 (quoting Thompson v. Housing Auth., 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986)); see also Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53 (9th Cir. 1995).

In determining whether to dismiss plaintiff's claims against defendant Tesluk pursuant to Rule 41(b), the court has considered the five factors set forth in Ferdik. Here, as in Ferdik, the first two factors support dismissal of plaintiff's claims against defendant Tesluk. This action had been pending for approximately 1½ years when defendant Tesluk filed the motion to dismiss. This action had reached the stage for resolution of motions to dismiss pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6). Plaintiff's failure to comply with the Local Rules and the court's June 9, 2020 order directing him to file an opposition within thirty days suggests that he has abandoned his claims against defendant Tesluk. Further time spent by the court thereon will consume scarce judicial resources in addressing claims which plaintiff demonstrates no intention to pursue.

Under the circumstances of this case, the third factor, prejudice to defendant Tesluk from plaintiff's failure to oppose the motion, also favors dismissal. Plaintiff's failure to oppose the motion prevents defendant Tesluk from addressing plaintiff's substantive opposition, and would delay resolution of this action, thereby causing defendant to incur additional time and expense.

The fifth factor also favors dismissal. The court has advised plaintiff of the requirements under the Local Rules and granted ample time to oppose the pending motion. The court finds no suitable alternative to dismissal of plaintiff's claims against defendant Tesluk.

The fourth factor, public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits, weighs against dismissing plaintiff's claims against defendant Tesluk as a sanction. However, for the reasons set forth supra, the first, second, third, and fifth factors strongly support dismissal of plaintiff's claims against defendant Tesluk. Under the circumstances of this case, those factors outweigh the general public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits. See Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1263.

For the foregoing reasons, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that defendant Tesluk's motion to dismiss (ECF No. 41) is vacated; and IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that plaintiff's claims against defendant Tesluk be dismissed from this action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b). These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within thirty days after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file written objections with the court and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." Any response to the objections shall be filed and served within fourteen days after service of the objections. The parties are advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991). Dated: July 16, 2020 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE Morr2850.nop