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8	UNITED ST	ATES DISTRICT COURT
9	FOR THE EASTER	RN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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11	ALLEN HAMMLER,	Case No. 2:20-cv-01890-JDP (PC)
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING AS MOOT PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXPEDITE
13	V.	ECF No. 18
14 15	R. DIAZ, <i>et al.</i> , Defendants.	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS THAT PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDMENT
16 17		RETALIATION CLAIMS AGAINST DEFENDANTS MATTA, DUNN, AND NAVARRO PROCEED AND ALL OTHER CLAIMS BE DISMISSED WITHOUT
18		PREJUDICE
19		ECF No. 13
20		OBJECTIONS DUE WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS
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22	I previously screened plaintiff's fir	rst amended complaint and advised him that it contains
23	claims that, because they are unrelated, ca	nnot proceed in a single action. I notified him that he
24	could either file an amended complaint in	cluding only related claims or stand by the amended
25	complaint, subject to dismissal of the com	plaint or parties. ECF No. 14. Plaintiff has elected to
26	stand by the amended complaint. ECF No	o. 17. Instead of dismissing the amended complaint in
27	its entirety, I recommend that plaintiff be	permitted to proceed on his First Amendment retaliation
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claim against defendants Matta, Dunn, and Navarro, and that his remaining claims be dismissed
 without prejudice.¹

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Screening and Pleading Requirements

A federal court must screen a prisoner's complaint that seeks relief against a governmental
entity, officer, or employee. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a). The court must identify any cognizable
claims and dismiss any portion of the complaint that is frivolous or malicious, fails to state a
claim upon which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is
immune from such relief. *See* 28 U.S.C. §§ 1915A(b)(1), (2).

9 A complaint must contain a short and plain statement that plaintiff is entitled to relief, 10 Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(a)(2), and provide "enough facts to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its 11 face," Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544, 570 (2007). The plausibility standard does not 12 require detailed allegations, but legal conclusions do not suffice. See Ashcroft v. Igbal, 556 U.S. 13 662, 678 (2009). If the allegations "do not permit the court to infer more than the mere 14 possibility of misconduct," the complaint states no claim. Id. at 679. The complaint need not 15 identify "a precise legal theory." Kobold v. Good Samaritan Reg'l Med. Ctr., 832 F.3d 1024, 16 1038 (9th Cir. 2016). Instead, what plaintiff must state is a "claim"—a set of "allegations that 17 give rise to an enforceable right to relief." Nagrampa v. MailCoups, Inc., 469 F.3d 1257, 1264 18 n.2 (9th Cir. 2006) (en banc) (citations omitted).

The court must construe a pro se litigant's complaint liberally. *See Haines v. Kerner*, 404
U.S. 519, 520 (1972) (per curiam). The court may dismiss a pro se litigant's complaint "if it
appears beyond doubt that the plaintiff can prove no set of facts in support of his claim which
would entitle him to relief." *Hayes v. Idaho Corr. Ctr.*, 849 F.3d 1204, 1208 (9th Cir. 2017).
However, "a liberal interpretation of a civil rights complaint may not supply essential elements
of the claim that were not initially pled." *Bruns v. Nat'l Credit Union Admin.*, 122 F.3d 1251,
1257 (9th Cir. 1997) (quoting *Ivey v. Bd. of Regents*, 673 F.2d 266, 268 (9th Cir. 1982)).

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Plaintiff has also filed a motion to expedite this case. ECF No. 18. In light of my recommendation that this case proceed on his claims against defendants Matta, Dunn, and Navarro, that motion is denied as moot.

1	Analysis
2	Plaintiff alleges that while he was incarcerated at California State Prison Sacramento
3	("CSPS"), he witnessed a murder carried out by a prison gang. ECF No. 13 at 5-6. In varying
4	ways, this murder underlies plaintiff's numerous claims. I will not describe each of these claims,
5	but will list a few examples: (1) defendant Cerda endangered plaintiff by telling another inmate
6	that plaintiff had spoken to prison staff about the murder; (2) defendants Voong and Diaz were
7	deliberately indifferent in failing to respond to grievances that claimed CSPS staff was covering
8	up the murder in order to protect the officers who aided and abetted the murder; (3) defendant
9	Burnes, a correctional officer who was allegedly involved in the murder, threatened to have
10	plaintiff killed; and (4) defendants Matta, Dunn, and Navarro declined to implement additional
11	security measures to protect plaintiff from the prison gang and staff members who had threatened
12	him; instead, Matta orchestrated a retaliatory transfer to Tehachapi State Prison, where plaintiff
13	would face a greater risk of being killed by members of the prison gang.
14	These allegations, while tangentially related to the witnessed murder, are based on discrete
15	sets of facts, each of which concerns only some defendants. As plaintiff was previously notified, his
16	unrelated claims cannot be litigated together. ECF No. 14 at 3; see Fed. R. Civ. P. 20(a)(2) (allowing
17	a plaintiff to join multiple defendants in one action where "any right to relief is asserted against them
18	jointly, severally, or in the alternative with respect to or arising out of the same transaction,
19	occurrence, or series of transactions and occurrences" and "any question of law or fact common to all
20	defendants will arise in the action").
21	Instead of recommending dismissal, I find that plaintiff should be allowed to proceed on
22	his First Amendment retaliation claims against defendants Matta, Dunn, and Navarro. I
23	recommend that all other claims be dismissed without prejudice so that plaintiff may bring them,
24	if he so wishes, in separate actions. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 21 ("On motion or on its own, the court
25	may at any time, on just terms, add or drop a party.").
26	Accordingly, it is hereby ORDERED that:
27	1. Plaintiff's motion to expedite this case, ECF No. 18, is denied as moot.
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1	2. The Clerk of Court is directed to randomly assign a United States District Judge to this
2	case.
3	Further, it is RECOMMENDED that:
4	1. Plaintiff be permitted to proceed on the amended complaint's First Amendment
5	retaliation claims against defendants Matta, Dunn, and Navarro.
6	2. All other claims be dismissed without prejudice and without leave to amend.
7	3. If these recommendations are adopted, the matter be referred back to me to initiate
8	service on defendants Matta, Dunn, and Navarro.
9	These recommendations will be submitted to the U.S. district judge presiding over the
10	case under 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 304. Within fourteen days of the service of
11	these findings and recommendations, plaintiff may file written objections with the court. Any
12	such objections should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and
13	Recommendations." The presiding district judge will then review the findings and
14	recommendations under 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C).
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16	IT IS SO ORDERED.
17	Dated: October 28, 2021
18	JEREMY D. PETERSON
19	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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