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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	STEVEN MCCARTER,	No. 2:22-cv-00462-KJM-CKD P
12	Petitioner,	
13	V.	<u>ORDER</u>
14	RON BROOMFIELD, et al.,	
15	Respondents.	
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17	Petitioner, a state prisoner proceeding pro se, has filed an application for a writ of habeas	
18	corpus under 28 U.S.C. § 2254. The matter was referred to a United States Magistrate Judge as	
19	provided by 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 302.	
20	On December 2, 2022, the magistrate judge filed findings and recommendations, which	
21	were served on all parties and which contained notice to all parties that any objections to the	
22	findings and recommendations were to be filed within fourteen days. Neither party has filed	
23	objections to the findings and recommendations.	
24	The court presumes any findings of fact are correct. See Orand v. United States, 602 F.2d	
25	207, 208 (9th Cir. 1979). The magistrate judge's conclusions of law are reviewed de novo. See	
26	Robbins v. Carey, 481 F.3d 1143, 1147 (9th Cir. 2007) ("[D]eterminations of law by the	
27	magistrate judge are reviewed de novo by both the district court and [the appellate] court	
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...."). Having reviewed the file, the court finds the findings and recommendations to be supported by the record and by the proper analysis.

3	Pursuant to Rule 11(a) of the Federal Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, the court has	
4	considered whether to issue a certificate of appealability. Before petitioner can appeal this	
5	decision, a certificate of appealability must issue. See 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c); Fed. R. App. P. 22(b).	
6	Where the petition is denied on the merits, a certificate of appealability may issue under 28	
7	U.S.C. § 2253 "only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a	
8	constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). The court must either issue a certificate of	
9	appealability indicating which issues satisfy the required showing or must state the reasons why	
10	such a certificate should not issue. See Fed. R. App. P. 22(b). Where the petition is dismissed on	
11	procedural grounds, a certificate of appealability "should issue if the prisoner can show: (1) 'that	
12	jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the district court was correct in its procedural	
13	ruling'; and (2) 'that jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the petition states a valid	
14	claim of the denial of a constitutional right." Morris v. Woodford, 229 F.3d 775, 780 (9th Cir.	
15	2000) (quoting Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 478 (2000)). For the reasons set forth in the	
16	magistrate judge's findings and recommendations, the court finds issuance of a certificate of	
17	appealability is not warranted in this case.	
18	Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:	
19	1. The findings and recommendations filed December 2, 2022 (ECF No. 24), are adopted	
20	in full.	
21	2. Petitioner's motion for a <i>Rhines</i> stay (ECF No. 22) is denied.	
22	3. Respondent's motion to dismiss (ECF No. 17) is granted.	
23	4. The petition for writ of habeas corpus is dismissed without prejudice as unexhausted.	
24	3. The clerk of court shall close this action.	
25	4. The court declines to issue the certificate of appealability referenced in 28 U.S.C.	
26	§ 2253.	
27	DATED: January 12, 2023.	
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	CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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