1	IN THE UNITED S	TATES DISTRICT COURTS
2	FOR THE EASTERN	DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
3	AND THE NORTHER	N DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
4	UNITED STATES DISTRICT C	OURT COMPOSED OF THREE JUDGES
5	PURSUANT TO SECTION 22	284, TITLE 28 UNITED STATES CODE
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7	RALPH COLEMAN, et al.,	
8	Plaintiffs,	
9	v.	NO. CIV S-90-0520 LKK JFM P
10	EDMUND G. BROWN JR., et al.,	THREE-JUDGE COURT
11	Defendants.	
12		
13	MARCIANO PLATA, et al.,	
14	Plaintiffs,	NO. C01-1351 TEH
15	V.	THREE-JUDGE COURT
16	EDMUND G. BROWN JR., et al.,	<u>SECOND ORDER REQUIRING</u> FURTHER BRIEFING
17	Defendants.	
18		
19	On May 9, 2012, plaintiffs renewed	d their motion for an order requiring defendants to
20	demonstrate how they will achieve the rec	quired population reduction by June 2013. ¹
21	Defendants filed an opposition to the mot	ion on May 23, 2012, in which they confirm their
22	intention to seek a modification of the Co	urt's order from 137.5% of design capacity to
23	145% of design capacity. ² Specifically, d	efendants state that they "will seek a modification
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25		notion without prejudice on March 22, 2012.
26	2012. In that report, which is available at http://www.cdcr.ca.gov/2012plan/index.html, defendants project that, absent additional measures to comply with this Court's order, "the	
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28	Report at 50, and thereafter rise to 144 pe	bout 141 percent of design capacity" by June 2013, rcent by 2016, <i>id.</i> at App. G. The report also odification of the Court's order. <i>Id.</i> at 50.
	signals defendants intention to seek a mo	ouncation of the Court's order. <i>Id.</i> at 50.
		Dockets.Justia.o

from the Court to increase the final benchmark to 145% of design capacity by demonstrating
 that they can provide a constitutional level of care at a higher population density." Opp'n
 at 2.

On June 7, 2012, the Court directed the parties to file further briefs addressing
plaintiffs' contention that proceedings on any motion to modify "will require significant
factual investigation, including expert evaluations and reports, and expert discovery."
June 7, 2012 Order at 2 (quoting Reply at 5). The parties have now filed further briefing and
proposed schedules for proceedings on a motion to modify the population reduction order.
The proposed schedules differ significantly.

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11 The Court will require the parties to address the following threshold legal questions12 raised by defendants' description of their proposed motion:

<u>First</u>, what is the legal basis for the motion to modify, i.e., will the motion be
predicated on 18 U.S.C. § 3626(b)(4) and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b)(5), or will it
be predicated on some other provision of law and, if so, what provision? Relatedly, what
legal standards will govern the Court's resolution of such a motion?

17 Second, is the proposed motion predicated on changed circumstances that were not anticipated at the time the order was entered, see, e.g., Rufo v. Inmates of Suffolk County Jail, 18 19 502 U.S. 367, 383-85 (1992), and, if so, what are those unanticipated changed 20 circumstances? Or, instead, will the motion involve, as defendants' represent in their 21 June 22, 2012 Response, litigating "whether a population density of 145% prohibits 22 Defendants from providing constitutionally adequate care"? Defs.' Response at 2. If the 23 latter, how does that question differ from questions already litigated and decided by this 24 Court in its August 4, 2009 opinion and order and how, if at all, do principles of res judicata 25 affect the Court's consideration of such a motion?

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1	Third, in their opposition, defendants cite language from the decision of the United
2	States Supreme Court in <i>Brown v. Plata</i> , 131 S. Ct. 1910 (2012). Opp'n at 3. The full
3	passage, partially quoted by defendants, provides:
4	The State has already made significant progress toward reducing
5	The State has already made significant progress toward reducing its prison population, including reforms that will result in shifting "thousands" of prisoners to county jails. See Supp. Brief for
6	Appellants at 1. As the State makes further progress, the three-judge court should evaluate whether its order remains
7	appropriate. If significant progress is made toward remedying the underlying constitutional violations, that progress may
8	demonstrate that further population reductions are not necessary or are less urgent than previously believed. Were the State to
9	make this showing, the three-judge court in the exercise of its discretion could consider whether it is appropriate to extend or
10	modify this timeline.
11	Plata, 131 S. Ct. at 1947. How, if at all, does this language support consideration of a
12	modification from 137.5% to 145%, rather than solely consideration of whether to extend or
13	modify the timeline for compliance with the existing population reduction order?
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15	The Court will also require the parties to address the following factual questions
16	raised by the parties' briefing:
17	First, how would the Court's determination of the threshold legal questions above
18	affect the parties' assessments of when discovery should begin and how much time should be
19	required for factual and expert discovery, depositions, and briefing? For example, if the
20	proposed motion is predicated on changed circumstances that were not anticipated at the time
21	the order was entered, must, as the defendants suggest, the prison population reach 145% in
22	order for defendants to make the necessary showing in support of their motion to modify?
23	Second, do defendants still expect the prison population to reach 145% by
24	December 2012, even though the current prison population, as of the July Status Report, is
25	2.4% greater than was predicted by the Spring Population Projections on which the 145%
26	expectation was based? If not, what is their revised prediction for when the prisoner
27	population will reach 145%?
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1	Third, if the Court ordered defendants "to begin without delay to develop a system to
2	identify prisoners who are unlikely to reoffend or who might otherwise be candidates for
3	early release," Plata, 131 S. Ct. at 1947, by what date would they be able to do so and, if
4	implemented, how long would it take before the prison population could be reduced to
5	137.5%? By what other means could the prison population be reduced to 137.5% by
6	June 27, 2013? Alternatively, what is the earliest time after that date that defendants contend
7	they could comply with that deadline?
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9	The parties shall file briefs in accordance with this order within fourteen days.
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11	Pending further order of the Court, defendants shall take all steps necessary to comply
12	with the Court's June 30, 2011 order, including the requirement that the prison population be
13	reduced to 137.5% by June 27, 2013.
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15	IT IS SO ORDERED.
16	Dated: 08/03/12 Mighen Binlandt
17	Dated: 08/03/12 STEP/IEN REINHARDT
18	UNITED STATES CIRCUIT JUDGE NINTH CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS
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20	January VV. H
21	Dated: 08/03/12
22	SENIOR UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
23	
24	Hette Handenson
25	Dated: 08/03/12 THELTON E. HENDERSON
26	SENIOR UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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