1 2 3 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 4 5 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 6 Case No. 07-0201 SC 7 JEFF POKORNY, LARRY BLENN, and ORDER RE: ALLENS' OBJECTION TO) 8 KENNETH BUSIERE, on behalf of HARDSHIP AWARDS AND SEAN FELDER themselves and those similarly 9 situated, 10 Plaintiffs, 11 v. 12 QUIXTAR, INC., et al., 13 Defendants. 14 15

16 I. INTRODUCTION

17 Now before the Court is an objection by David R. Allen and 18 Connie M. Allen ("the Allens") to the Special Master's report and 19 recommendation denying their special hardship claim. ECF No. 345 20 The Court has also received a letter from Claimant Sean ("R&R"). 21 Felder, never filed on this case's docket, indicating his 22 displeasure with his award of \$1,000 and requesting various other 23 For the reasons discussed below the Court OVERRULES the relief. Allen's objection and DENIES Felder's requests. 24

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26 II. BACKGROUND

27 The settlement agreement in this case provided for a special28 hardship fund from which former Quixtar Independent Business Owners

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1 ("IBOs") who are covered by the settlement could receive a cash 2 payment of up to 20 percent of their losses, for a maximum of \$10,000, minus any repayments for Business Support Materials 3 ("BSM"), which were awarded under a separate section of the 4 5 agreement. ECF No. 162-2 ("Settlement Agreement") § 6.1.2. The relevant period for losses covered by this settlement began on 6 7 January 1, 2003. Successful hardship claimants were required to show that their recruitment into and operation of their Quixtar 8 business (i) caused them to file for personal bankruptcy or (ii) 9 10 caused a loss of at least \$10,000 from operating their Quixtar business. 11 Id.

Per the Settlement Agreement, all hardship claims were to be adjudicated by the Special Master. Losses had to be proven by a "Schedule C or other schedule from a federal tax return, schedules filed in connection with a bankruptcy filing, or comparably reliable documentation acceptable to the Special Master." <u>Id.</u> § 6.1.2(c).

The Court has previously ruled on several objections to 18 19 hardship claims. See, e.g., ECF No. 334 ("Apr. 1 Order"). 20 Recently, the Court received an objection to a report and 21 recommendation from the Special Master recommending the rejection of the Allen's special hardship claim. ECF No. 345 (R&R"). As the 22 Special Master noted the Allen's claims fall outside the claims 23 24 period. As a result, he recommended denial of the Allens' claims. 25 Now the Allens object.

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27 III. LEGAL STANDARD

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The Court reviews the Special Master's report and

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recommendation de novo.

IV. DISCUSSION

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The Allens

5 As discussed above, the Settlement Agreement here covers losses beginning on January 1, 2003. However, the Allens submitted 6 7 Schedule Cs for 1997-2000. The Allens recognize that their submissions predate the class period, but nevertheless request 8 9 consideration of their business losses because they "were [led] on 10 [by] senior officials that should be held accountable." ECF No. 346 Ex. B ("Obj."). 11

While the Court is not unsympathetic to the Allens, 12 unfortunately their claims fall outside the class period. 13 As a result there is no legal basis for the Court to award any 14 additional compensation, and the Special Master rightly denied 15 their request for a special hardship award. Accordingly the 16 17 Allens' objection is OVERRULED.

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в. Sean Felder

19 As mentioned above, the Court received a letter from Felder, one of the claimants. Attached was a letter from Plaintiffs' 20 21 counsel, apparently sent to Felder some months ago in response to correspondence from him. The letter from Plaintiffs' counsel 22 indicated that under the terms of the settlement, Felder submitted 23 24 a claim form requesting a product bundle and indicating that he 25 spent "over \$5,000" on BSMs. Subsequently, Felder received a 26 product bundle and a cash payment of \$1,000, or twenty percent of 27 \$5,000, as provided for in the Settlement Agreement. Now Felder has written to the Court to indicate his 28

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displeasure with his award. Specifically, he indicates that he 1 should be awarded \$10,000 more "because Amway tried to disrupt my 2 business, [and] use[d] discriminatory tactics to discourage me!" 3 In support of his discrimination allegations, he apparently 4 5 previously sent Plaintiffs' counsel a charge he filed with the 6 Michigan Department of Civil Rights and Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC") alleging racial discrimination 7 arising from Amway's alleged denial of payment and opportunities on 8 9 the basis of race.

10 Because there is no basis in the Settlement Agreement for granting Felder any additional compensation, the Court DENIES his 11 Nonetheless, the Court notes that the Settlement 12 request. Agreement in this case and this litigation generally do not cover 13 14 allegations of racial discrimination by Amway. As a result, if Mr. Felder wishes to allege discrimination by Amway or seek 15 16 compensation for Amway's allegedly discriminatory actions, he must 17 pursue his EEOC claims further or follow the process for obtaining a right to sue from the EEOC. See U.S. Equal Employment 18 19 Opportunity Commission, After You Have Filed A Charge, 20 http://www.eeoc.gov/employees/afterfiling.cfm. 21 111 22 111 23 111 24 /// 25 /// 26 111 27 /// 28 ///

1	V. <u>CONCLUSION</u>
2	For the reasons explained above, the Allens' objection to
3	their special hardship award is OVERRULED. Felder's request for
4	additional compensation is DENIED.
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б	IT IS SO ORDERED.
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8	Dated: December 15, 2014
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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