HERBERT ANTHONY ADDERLEY, et al.

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern District of California

v. )	Case No.: C 0	7-00943 WHA				
NFLPA, et al.						
Bill of C	Costs					
Judgment having been entered in the above entitled	ment having been entered in the above entitledagainstNFLP.					
the Clerk is requested to tax the following as costs:	Date					
Fees of the Clerk [EXHIP	BIT A]		\$ 1,0	05.00		
Fees for service of summons and subpoena	BIT B]		2,0	58.60		
Fees for printed or electronically recorded transcripts necessarily obt			85,7	24.59		
Fees and disbursements for printing						
Fees for witnesses (itemize on page two)			1	28.12		
Fees for exemplification and the costs of making copies of any mater necessarily obtained for use in the case			3,2	203.79		
Docket fees under 28 U.S.C. 1923						
Costs as shown on Mandate of Court of Appeals						
Compensation of court-appointed experts						
Compensation of interpreters and costs of special interpretation servi	ices under 28 U.S.C	. 1828		<del></del>		
Other costs (please itemize)						
		TOTAL	\$92,1	20.10		
SPECIAL NOTE: Attach to your bill an itemization and documentat	tion for requested c	osts in all categories.				
Declara	 ition					
I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing costs an services for which fees have been charged were actually and necessarin the following manner:  Electronic service by e-mail as set forth below and/or.	rily performed. A	copy of this bill has b				
Conventional service by first class mail, postage prepairs/ Attorney:	d as set forth below	7.				
Ronald S. Katz, Esq. Name of				<b>-</b> -		
For: Plaintiffs, Herbert Anthony Adderley, et al.		Date: _	11/26/2008	}		
Name of Claiming Party		5.7	.1d.d in die te 1			
Costs are taxed in the amount of		and inc	cluded in the judgr	ment.		
Clerk of Court By:	Deputy Clerk		Date			

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Witness Fees (computation, cf. 28 U.S.C. 1821 for statutory fees)									
		ATTENDANCE		SUBSISTENCE		EAGE	Total Cost		
NAME , CITY AND STATE OF RESIDENCE	Days	Total Cost	Days	Total Cost	Miles	Total Cost	Each Witness		
See Exhibit B		128.12			-		\$128.12		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
						A CALLANDIA CALLANDIA	\$0.00		
					TOTAL		\$128.12		

#### NOTICE

### Section 1924, Title 28, U.S. Code (effective September 1, 1948) provides:

"Sec. 1924. Verification of bill of costs."

"Before any bill of costs is taxed, the party claiming any item of cost or disbursement shall attach thereto an affidavit, made by himself or by his duly authorized attorney or agent having knowledge of the facts, that such item is correct and has been necessarily incurred in the case and that the services for which fees have been charged were actually and necessarily performed."

#### See also Section 1920 of Title 28, which reads in part as follows:

"A bill of costs shall be filed in the case and, upon allowance, included in the judgment or decree."

## The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure contain the following provisions: RULE 54(d)(1)

Costs Other than Attorneys' Fees.

Unless a federal statute, these rules, or a court order provides otherwise, costs — other than attorney's fees — should be allowed to the prevailing party. But costs against the United States, its officers, and its agencies may be imposed only to the extent allowed by law. The clerk may tax costs on 1 day's notice. On motion served within the next 5 days, the court may review the clerk's action

#### RULE 6

(d) Additional Time After Certain Kinds of Service.

When a party may or must act within a specified time after service and service is made under Rule5(b)(2)(C), (D), (E), or (F), 3 days are added after the period would otherwise expire under Rule 6(a).

#### **RULE 58(e)**

Cost or Fee Awards:

Ordinarily, the entry of judgment may not be delayed, nor the time for appeal extended, in order to tax costs or award fees. But if a timely motion for attorney's fees is made under Rule 54(d)(2), the court may act before a notice of appeal has been filed and become effective to order that the motion have the same effect under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(4) as a timely motion under Rule 59.