## **EXHIBIT D**

Pages 1 - 23

United States District Court

Northern District of California

Before The Honorable Elizabeth D. Laporte

Oracle Corporation, et al. )
Plaintiff,

vs. ) No. C07-1658 PJH (EDL)

SAP AG, et al.,

Defendant.

)

San Francisco, California Wednesday, May 27, 2009

## Reporter's Transcript Of Proceedings

## Appearances:

For Plaintiff: Bingham McCutchen

Three Embarcadero Center

San Francisco, California 94111

By: Anthony Falzone, Esquire

Zachary Alinder, Esquire

For Defendant: Jones Day

555 California Street, 26th Floor San Francisco, California 94104

By: Elaine Wallace, Esquire
Greg Lanier, Esquire

Greg Lanier, Esquire Jane Froyd, Esquire

Reported By: Sahar McVickar, RPR, CSR No. 12963

Official Reporter, U.S. District Court For the Northern District of California

(Computerized Transcription By Eclipse)

was glossed over, but you seem to be saying, well, most of it's only -- it's going to be module, so it's no big problem for them.

And they're saying they did give you the modules, so what else is it and how burdensome is it? And if looking for fragments, that may be going too far.

MS. WALLACE: Well, there are really two separate issues. The identification of the modules in Interrogatory No. 13, in the response to Interrogatory No. 13, that identifies the modules contained in each asserted registered work. That does not tell us what were the underlying modules that were incorporated into each of the registered works.

So what we are looking for is an identification of the new material and the old material. There is no way that that appears in a list of modules. We don't know -- if I look at the list of modules for one asserted work, I can't tell, is this a module that came from a preexisting version that is not asserted in the case or is this a new module. I have no way of telling that just from seeing a list of modules contained in a particular work.

And one thing I would like to correct about a statement that Oracle's counsel has made, what we have are copies of the software that's actually asserted in the case, the registered works, we don't have copies of preexisting works that are not asserted in the case. And Oracle has indicated

1 that it may want to add 63 additional registrations for 2 preexisting works; our view is --3 THE COURT: Well, I mean --MS. WALLACE: -- it's way too late for that. 4 THE COURT: That's up to the trial judge but I think 5 6 it's way too late. 7 And I thought that was a red herring, too, that somehow you get this discovery, that means that you have to add 8 9 them to the complaint, again, I think that's confusing the Zoom situation with this one. I don't think they are the same. 10 MS. WALLACE: So because we don't have the 11 underlying software, we have no way of comparing the asserted 12 works with the underlying works, which may or may not be 13 asserted. We have no way of knowing even what the underlying 14 works are because the registrations don't provide that 15 16 information. The registrations are, in fact, inconsistent --THE COURT: Well, I saw you found a mistake, 17 seemingly, in one of the responses. 18 MS. WALLACE: Well, they are actually inconsistent 19 in a broader way: Most of the registrations indicate that 20 21 there are preexisting works but they are unregistered; that is 22 inconsistent with the position that Oracle has taken in its interrogatory response and also that the Oracle's Counsel has 23 taken in the meet and confer. 24

Oracle's counsel has said each registered work

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