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16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
17	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
18	OAKLAND DIVISION		
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20	ORACLE USA, INC., et al.,	No. 07-CV-01658 PJH (EDL)	
21	Plaintiffs,	[PROPOSED] ORDER DENYING	
41	V.	DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR	
22		PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT	
22	SAP AG, et al.,	D-4 M 5 2010	
23	Defendants.	Date: May 5, 2010 Time: 9:00 am	
24		Place: 3rd Floor, Courtroom 3	
25		Judge: Hon. Phyllis J. Hamilton	
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		07-CV-01658 PJH (EDL)	

1	On May 5, 2010, the Court held a hearing on the Motion for Partial Summary
2	Judgment brought by Defendants SAP AG, SAP America, Inc., and TomorrowNow, Inc.
3	(collectively "Defendants"), pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56 and Civil Local
4	Rules 7-2 - 7-5 and 56-1.
5	Having reviewed the parties' papers and carefully considered their arguments,
6	evidence and relevant legal authority, and good cause appearing, the Court hereby DENIES
7	Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as follows:
8	Plaintiff Oracle EMEA Ltd.
9	Plaintiff Oracle OEMEA Ltd. ("OEMEA") brings four California claims against
10	Defendants. Oracle's other plaintiffs bring California claims in addition to two federal claims
11	for copyright infringement and for violation of the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act. There is no
12	dispute that Defendants twice admitted in their Answers to Oracle's Third and Fourth Amended
13	Complaints that this Court has supplemental jurisdiction over OEMEA and OEMEA's pendent
14	state law claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367. There is also no dispute that Defendants twice
15	admitted that "a substantial part of the events giving rise to the dispute occurred" in California.
16	Moreover, Oracle has established extensive California conduct that relates to OEMEA's claims.
17	Because there is no genuine dispute that OEMEA has suffered from California-based wrongful
18	conduct, OEMEA's claims are not wholly extraterritorial as Defendants allege, and OEMEA's
19	claims are properly before this Court. See, e.g., Solid Host, NL v. Namecheap, Inc., 652 F. Supp.
20	2d 1092, 1122 n.67 (C.D. Cal. 2009). Defendants' due process argument fails for these same
21	reasons.
22	Accordingly, Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as to OEMEA is
23	DENIED.
24	Oracle's Lost Profits Claims
25	Defendants next seek a ruling that, as matter of law, an Oracle entity is not
26	permitted to recover the lost profits of an affiliated plaintiff or non-plaintiff entity. However, for
27	a given cause of action, no Oracle plaintiff has asserted a claim to another entity's lost profits,
28	and thus this Court declines to issue the advisory opinion sought by Defendants' Motion. <i>United</i>

1	States v. Alpine Land & Reservoir Co., 88/ F.2d 20/, 214 (9th Cir. 1989) ("[C]ourts should not
2	render advisory opinions upon issues which are not pressed before the court, precisely framed
3	and necessary for decision."); Sun Microsystems Inc. v. Hynix Semiconductor Inc., 608
4	F. Supp. 2d 1166, 1206 (N.D. Cal. 2009) (declining, on summary judgment, to "conclusively
5	decide [the] legal impropriety" of a theory of liability that "defendants presuppose[d]" was being
6	asserted by plaintiffs).
7	For the same reason, Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment seeking
8	an advisory opinion on lost profits of non-plaintiff entities is also DENIED .
9	Recovery of Saved Development Costs
10	Defendants' next Motion relates to Oracle's use of "saved development costs" in
11	support of its damages claims.
12	Oracle has confirmed that, for its state law claims, Oracle seeks to recover saved
13	development costs only under its unjust enrichment/restitution claim. Under California law,
14	Oracle may recover saved development costs on a theory of unjust enrichment/restitution. Ajaxo
15	Inc. v. E*Trade Group, Inc., 135 Cal. App. 4th 21 (2005). This Court declines to issue an
16	advisory opinion regarding a party's ability to seek saved development costs pursuant to Oracle's
17	other California law claims, as Oracle does not seek them. Alpine Land & Reservoir Co., 887
18	F.2d at 214.
19	Defendants also reargue whether saved development costs are relevant to a "value
20	of use" measurement of actual damages pursuant to Oracle's copyright claim. This issue was
21	previously argued, considered, and decided by this Court's January 28, 2010 Order on
22	Defendants' previous Motion for Partial Summary Judgment Regarding Plaintiffs' Hypothetical
23	License Damages Claim. Defendants have not sought reconsideration of that Order pursuant to
24	Civil Local Rule 7-9, nor could Defendants meet Local Rule 7-9's requirement for
25	reconsideration. Using the same arguments and authorities, Defendants reargue their previous
26	Motion without moving for reconsideration; this is improper and sanctionable. Civ. L.R. 7-9(c).
27	Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment regarding "saved
28	development costs" is DENIED .

CDAFA and Trespass to Chattels Claims

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2	Defendants next argue that Oracle is not entitled to recover damages under its
3	California Computer Data Access and Fraud Act claim ("CDAFA"), pursuant to Cal. Penal Code
4	§ 502, and its trespass to chattels claims, because Defendants claim that Oracle has not disclosed
5	calculations for these claims. While styled as a Rule 56 motion, this appears to be an improper
6	and unsubstantiated motion for preclusion sanctions under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37.
7	Cf. Hsieh v. Peake, No. 06-5281, 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 23649, at *59-60 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 25,
8	2008) (finding "an opposition to a motion for summary judgment is not a proper place for a Rule
9	37 motion," that "[i]n any event, a Rule 37 motion must be filed as a separate motion, and in
10	accordance with the local rules regarding the filing of motions," and that "any Rule 37 motion
11	should have been directed to the magistrate judge to whom the court referred all discovery
12	disputes). Moreover, the Court finds that Oracle has adequately quantified all of the damages it
13	seeks under these claims, as set forth its numerous written discovery responses, initial
14	disclosures, Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(b)(6) testimony, and its expert damages report. Thus, even had
15	Defendants brought a properly noticed Rule 37 motion before the assigned discovery magistrate,
16	Defendants could claim no prejudice.
17	Defendants' additional argument that any damages recoverable under the CDAFA
18	are limited to "investigation costs" is also unfounded. The legislative history of the CDAFA
19	reveals that the 2000 amendments cited by Defendants were intended to expand the civil
20	remedies available under the statute, not to limit them. See Cal. Bill Analysis, A.B. 2727
21	Assem., 8/07/2000 (intent is to "expand civil remedies available for computer crimes"). Based
22	on this and the other legislative history and legal authorities Oracle cites, the Court finds that the
23	CDAFA envisions "compensatory damages" to include "the amount that will compensate for all
24	the detriment proximately caused," including lost profits. Cal. Civ. Code § 3333; see Fibreboard
25	Paper Prods. Corp. v. East Bay Union of Machinists, 227 Cal.App.2d 675, 702 (1964).
26	Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment related to Oracle's trespass to
27	chattels and CDAFA claims thus is DENIED .

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2	D (1 2010		
3	Dated:, 2010		Hon. Phyllis J. Hamilton
4		Uni	ited States District Court Judge
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