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FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

IN RE: No. C 08-01510 WHA

CHARLES SCHWAB CORPORATION SECURITIES LITIGATION.

> This Document Relates To All Cases.

ORDER DENYING RY BENSON'S MOTION TO OPT OUT OF THE FEDERAL SECURITIES CLASS

This order addresses the motion of Gary Benson seeking permission to opt out of the federal securities class after the deadline (see Dkt. No. 910). Defense counsel responded to the motion on October 29 (Dkt. No. 912). Class counsel had addressed a letter from Mr. Benson that preceded his motion (Dkt. Nos. 859 at 4–5, 12 and 860 at 4).

The standard for determining whether a class member should be allowed to opt out of a class action after the applicable exclusion deadline has passed is whether the class member's failure to meet the deadline is the result of "excusable neglect." See Silber v. Mabon, 18 F.3d 1449, 1455 (9th Cir. 1994). This standard allows courts, "where appropriate, to accept late filings caused by inadvertence, mistake, or carelessness, as well as by intervening circumstances beyond the party's control." Pioneer Inv. Serv. Co. v. Brunswick Assoc. Ltd. P'ship, 507 U.S. 380, 388 (1993). When evaluating whether "excusable neglect" applies, the court of appeals instructs district courts to consider the "degree of compliance with the best practicable notice procedures; when notice was actually received and if not timely received, why not; what caused the delay, and whose responsibility was it; how quickly the belated opt out request was made once notice was

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received; how many class members want to opt out; and whether allowing a belated opt out would affect either the settlement or finality of the judgment." Silber, 18 F.3d at 1455 (internal footnote omitted). Additionally, the court should consider the danger of prejudice to the opposing party, and whether the movant acted in good faith. *Pioneer*, 507 U.S. at 395.

Having considered the factors set forth above, this order finds that the facts and circumstances underlying the request of Gary Benson do not support a finding of excusable neglect under Ninth Circuit law. The only excuse provided by Mr. Benson is that he did not receive the opt-out notice sent to federal securities class members on October 12, 2009. While it may be true that he did not learn of his involvement in the instant case until recently, the class action notice was properly sent via first-class mail to the address associated with his Schwab account(s) and was not returned to the claims administrator as "undeliverable" (see Dkt. No. 751-1, listing all class members for whom notices were returned "undeliverable" and where new addresses could not be found). In other words, the notice provided to Mr. Benson was reasonably calculated to give him actual notice of this class action and was constitutionally sufficient. This weighs against a finding of excusable neglect.

The instant motion provides no other reasons why excusable neglect should be found. Under the factors that govern the determination of excusable neglect, this order finds that the reasons set forth by class member Gary Benson are legally insufficient to show excusable neglect. Furthermore, if such excuses were deemed sufficient to warrant exclusion at this time, defendants would be prejudiced, given their commitment to a settlement amount that was negotiated with a stable class membership in mind.

For these reasons, even if brought in good faith, the request must be **DENIED**. The clerk shall serve this order on the applicant at the following address: Gary Benson, 737 West Washington Blvd., Unit 2601, Chicago, IL 60661.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: November 1, 2010.

JNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE