1 | 2 3 4 5 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 6 7 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 8 9 MIGUEL AMARO, No. C 08-2338 TEH (PR) 10 Petitioner, ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE 11 VS. 12 BEN CURRY, Warden, 13 Respondent. 14 15 Petitioner, a California state inmate at the Correctional Training Facility in 16 Soledad, California, has filed a pro se petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 17 U.S.C. § 2254 challenging the February 14, 2007 decision of the California Board of 18 Parole Hearings ("BPH") to deny him parole. Petitioner has paid the filing fee. This 19 order directs Respondent to show cause why the petition should not be granted. 20 BACKGROUND 21 According to the petition and the attachments thereto, Petitioner was convicted in 22 Los Angeles County Superior Court in 1984 of second degree murder and kidnapping and 23 was sentenced to a term of fifteen years-to-life. Petitioner challenges the BPH's decision finding him unsuitable for parole after a "split decision" that was referred to an en banc 24 25 panel for review who found him unsuitable by unanimous vote on March 20, 2007. 26 According to the petition, Petitioner filed a state petition for writ of habeas corpus in the 27 Los Angeles County Superior Court, which denied the petition on October 2, 2007.

Petitioner filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the Court of Appeal, which denied

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relief on February 21, 2008. Petitioner filed a petition for review in the California Supreme Court, which denied review on April 23, 2008. The petition was filed in this Court on May 6, 2008.

DISCUSSION

Standard of Review A.

The Court may entertain a petition for a writ of habeas corpus "in behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a).

It shall "award the writ or issue an order directing the Respondent to show cause why the writ should not be granted, unless it appears from the application that the applicant or person detained is not entitled thereto." 28 U.S.C. § 2243.

В. Legal Claims

Petitioner seeks federal habeas corpus relief from the BPH's decision finding him not suitable for parole on the following grounds: 1) there was no evidence in the record showing that Petitioner is a current threat and danger to society; and 2) Petitioner's conduct in the commitment offense was not particularly egregious. Liberally construed, Petitioner's claims appear colorable under § 2254 and merit an answer from Respondent. See Biggs v. Terhune, 334 F.3d 910, 914-15 (9th Cir. 2003) (finding that initial refusal to set parole date for prisoner with fifteen-to-life sentence implicated prisoner's liberty interest in release on parole which cannot be denied without adequate procedural due process protections).

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons and for good cause shown,

1. The Clerk shall serve by certified mail a copy of this order and the petition and all attachments thereto on Respondent and Respondent's attorney, the Attorney General of the State of California. The Clerk also shall serve a copy of this order on Petitioner.

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- 2. Respondent shall file with the Court and serve on Petitioner, within sixty (60) days of the issuance of this order, an answer conforming in all respects to Rule 5 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, showing cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not be issued. Respondent shall file with the answer and serve on Petitioner a copy of all portions of the state trial record that have been transcribed previously and that are relevant to a determination of the issues presented by the petition.
- 3. If Petitioner wishes to respond to the answer, he shall do so by filing a traverse with the Court and serving it on Respondent within thirty (30) days of his receipt of the answer.
- 4. Petitioner is reminded that all communications with the Court must be served on Respondent by mailing a true copy of the document to Respondent's counsel. Petitioner must also keep the Court and all parties informed of any change of address.

SO ORDERED.

THELTON E. HENDERSON United States District Judge