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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	ANDREA GORDON	
12	<pre>Plaintiff(s),</pre>	No. C08-3630 (BZ)
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14	V .	ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO TAX COSTS
15	THE BAY AREA AIR QUALITY	MOTION TO TAX COSTS
16	MANAGEMENT DISTRICT, and DOES 1-15, inclusive,	
17	Defendant(s).	
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19	After reviewing plaintiff's Motion to Tax Costs and	
20	defendant's opposition, the Court finds no need for argument	
21	and vacates the hearing scheduled for November 17, 2010. I	
22	IS ORDERED as follows:	

Plaintiff's objection to taxing the cost of a rough
 draft deposition transcript is DENIED. Under 28 U.S.C.
 1920(2), transcript costs are allowed if the transcript was
 "necessarily obtained for use in the case." Federal Practice &
 Procedure ("FPP") § 2677. Taxing the cost of a rough draft
 transcript is not prohibited by Civil L.R. 54-3(c)(1). I am
 satisfied that given the nearness to trial, the rough draft

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deposition transcript was necessarily obtained for use in this
 case.

2) Plaintiff's objection to taxing the cost of the 3 summary judgment hearing transcript is **DENIED**. Although Civil 4 5 L.R. 54-3(b)(3) states that costs for reporter transcripts are 6 "not normally allowable" unless approved by the court or stipulated to before incurred, discretion still exists with 7 the court to tax transcripts if equitable considerations 8 9 apply. FPP § 2677. The cost of a transcript should be taxed 10 if the transcript was "necessarily obtained for use in the 11 case." Id. Once again,

12 I am satisfied that this transcript was necessarily obtained13 for use in this case, given the request for further briefing.

14 3) Plaintiff's objection to the cost of multimedia 15 duplication is **DENIED**. Under Civil L.R. 54-3(d)(2), the 16 taxing of costs for the reproduction of disclosure and formal 17 discovery documents is allowable when used for any purpose in 18 the case. I am satisfied that costs for electronic 19 duplication of the deposition transcript were incurred for its 20 use in this case.

4) Plaintiff's objection to the taxing of "handling and
holding" costs, as shown in the invoice for deposition
transcripts, is **DENIED**. Civil L.R. 54-3(c)(1) specifically
allows the taxing of costs for "an original and one copy of
any deposition. The "handling and holding" costs, as shown,
are part of the cumulative costs associated with procuring the
deposition transcript.

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5) Plaintiff's objection to the taxing of defendant's

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1	costs for photocopies is DENIED . Costs relating to the	
2	reproduction of discovery documents and trial exhibits are	
3	specifically allowed under Civil L.R. 54-3(d). Furthermore,	
4	the cost of bates-stamping photocopied documents, as an add-on	
5	service, is considered part of an approved reproduction	
6	expense. <u>Competitive Techs. v. Fujitsu Ltd.</u> 2006 WL 6338914	
7	at *8 (N.D. Cal. 2006).	
8	Dated: November 2, 2010 O D	
9	Keman Jummerman	
10	Bernard Zimmerman United States Magistrate Judge	
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