

United States District Court  
For the Northern District of California

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

MANUEL S. KALOGHLIAN, individually )	Case No. 08-4171 SC
and on behalf of all others )	
similarly situated, )	ORDER GRANTING
Plaintiffs, )	DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO
	<u>TRANSFER VENUE</u>
v. )	
BEST BUY STORES, L.P., a Virginia )	
Limited Partnership, and DOE ONE )	
through and including DOE ONE- )	
HUNDRED, )	
Defendant. )	
_____ )	

**I. INTRODUCTION**

This matter comes before the Court on the Motion to Transfer Venue ("Motion") filed by the defendant Best Buy Stores, L.P. ("Defendant" or "Best Buy"). Docket No. 11. The plaintiff Manuel S. Kaloghlian ("Plaintiff") filed an Opposition and Defendant submitted a Reply. Docket Nos. 17, 19. For the following reasons, Defendant's Motion is GRANTED.

**II. BACKGROUND**

According to the First Amended Complaint ("FAC"), Plaintiff worked at Best Buy from November 2004, until he was terminated on April 18, 2008. FAC, Docket No. 16, ¶ 14. During this time,

1 Plaintiff worked only at Best Buy's Burbank store, located in the  
2 County of Los Angeles. Id.; Bonura Decl., Docket No. 13, ¶ 8. As  
3 of June 28, 2008, Plaintiff still was living in the Central  
4 District. FAC Ex. 2. Plaintiff filed the present class action  
5 alleging various claims, including violations of California Labor  
6 Code §§ 203, 204, 226(a) and 226(c). Best Buy filed its Motion  
7 arguing that the case belongs in the Central District of  
8 California rather than in this Court.

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10 **III. LEGAL STANDARD**

11 "For the convenience of parties and witnesses, in the  
12 interest of justice, a district court may transfer any civil  
13 matter to any other district or division where it might have been  
14 brought." 28 U.S.C. § 1404(a). The purpose of § 1404(a) is to  
15 "prevent the waste of time, energy, and money and to protect  
16 litigants, witnesses and the public against unnecessary  
17 inconvenience and expense." Van Dusen v. Barrack, 376 U.S. 612,  
18 616 (1964) (internal quotation marks omitted). "A motion for  
19 transfer lies within the broad discretion of the district court,  
20 and must be determined on an individualized basis." Foster v.  
21 Nationwide Mut. Ins. Co., No. C 07-4928, 2007 WL 4410408, at \*1  
22 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 14, 2007) (relying on Jones v. GNC Franchising,  
23 Inc., 211 F.3d 495, 498 (9th Cir. 2000)).

24 To support a motion for transfer, the moving party must  
25 establish that venue is proper in the transferor district, the  
26 transferee district is one where the action might have been  
27 brought, and the transfer will serve the convenience of the

1 parties and witnesses and will promote the interests of justice.  
2 Foster, 2007 WL 4410408, at \*2. In determining these issues,  
3 courts look to the following factors: (1) plaintiff's choice of  
4 forum; (2) convenience of the parties and witnesses; (3) ease of  
5 access to the evidence; (4) familiarity of each forum with the  
6 applicable law; (5) feasibility of consolidation with other  
7 claims; (6) any local interest in the controversy; and (7) the  
8 relative court congestion and time of trial in each forum. Id.  
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10 **IV. DISCUSSION**

11 **A. Whether Action Could Have Been Brought in Central**  
12 **District**

13 It is uncontested that Plaintiff could have filed his action  
14 in the Central District. Plaintiff is a resident of Los Angeles  
15 County, which is in the Central District, and the alleged acts or  
16 omissions by Best Buy in relation to Plaintiff occurred in the  
17 Central District. See, e.g., FAC ¶ 14 (stating "[d]uring his  
18 employment with Defendant, Kaloghlian was systematically deprived  
19 of wage statements that comply with the requirements of section  
20 226 of the California Labor Code"). Subject matter jurisdiction  
21 would also exist in the Central District, as diversity  
22 jurisdiction would be unaffected by the proposed transfer.  
23 Finally, venue in the Central District is proper as both Best Buy  
24 and Plaintiff are residents of that district. 28 U.S.C. § 1391.

25 **B. Plaintiff's Choice of Forum**

26 In general, a plaintiff's choice of forum carries substantial  
27 weight in a motion to transfer venue. Foster, 2007 WL 4410408, at  
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1 \*2; Flint v. UGS Corp., No. C 07-4640, 2007 WL 4365481, at \*3  
2 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 12, 2007). In class actions, however, a  
3 plaintiff's choice of forum is often accorded less weight. See  
4 Lou v. Belzberg, 834 F.2d 730, 739 (9th Cir. 1987) (stating that  
5 "[a]lthough great weight is generally accorded plaintiff's choice  
6 of forum, . . . when an individual . . . represents a class, the  
7 named plaintiff's choice of forum is given less weight").

8 In the present case, Plaintiff seeks to represent a class of  
9 "all natural persons who were tendered a check for services  
10 performed for Defendant Best Buy in California during the period  
11 beginning August 29, 2004, to the filing of [the] motion for class  
12 certification in this case." FAC ¶ 30. As Plaintiff seeks to  
13 represent a class, his choice of forum is accorded less weight.  
14 Lou, 834 F.2d at 739; see also Koster v. (Am.) Lumbermens Mut.  
15 Cas. Co., 330 U.S. 518 (1947) (stating "where there are hundreds  
16 of potential plaintiffs, all equally entitled voluntarily to  
17 invest themselves with the corporation's cause of action and all  
18 of whom could with equal show of right go into their many home  
19 courts, the claim of any one plaintiff that a forum is appropriate  
20 merely because it is his home forum is considerably weakened");  
21 Italian Colors Rest. v. Am. Express, No. C 03-3719, 2003 WL  
22 22682482, at \*5 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 10, 2003) (stating that one of the  
23 factors weighing against consideration of plaintiffs' choice of  
24 forum was the fact that plaintiffs had brought the case as a class  
25 action).

26 In addition, "[i]n judging the weight to be accorded [the  
27 plaintiff's] choice of forum, consideration must be given to the  
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1 extent of [the parties'] contacts with the forum, including those  
2 relating to [the plaintiff's] cause of action." Id. If Plaintiff  
3 has alleged any contacts with the Northern District, the Court is  
4 unable to find them. As Plaintiff himself alleges, his entire  
5 employment with Best Buy was in Los Angeles County. FAC ¶ 14.  
6 Moreover, as of June 28, 2008, Plaintiff was still living in the  
7 Central District. FAC Ex. 2.

8 Rather than concentrating on his contacts with this forum,  
9 Plaintiff, perhaps because he has none, instead focuses on Best  
10 Buy's contacts with the Northern District. For example, Plaintiff  
11 alleges that Best Buy has a number stores in Northern California.  
12 FAC ¶ 2. Whether Best Buy has stores in this district, however,  
13 is largely irrelevant. See Lou, 834 F.2d at 739 (stating "[i]f  
14 the operative facts have not occurred within the forum and the  
15 forum has no interest in the parties or the subject matter, [the  
16 plaintiff's] choice is entitled to only minimal consideration").

17 Plaintiff also argues extensively that because another class  
18 action, Kurihara v. Best Buy Co., Inc., Case No. 06-1884, is  
19 currently being litigated in this district, Plaintiff's action  
20 should remain here. Plaintiff states:

21 Plaintiff is a class member and claimant  
22 in the Kurihara action pending in the  
23 Northern District of California.  
24 Plaintiff has already subjected himself  
25 to the jurisdiction of the Northern  
26 District. As already discussed, the  
27 proposed settlement release in Kurihara  
28 is so broad and overreaching that it  
would extinguish all California Labor  
Code claims for nearly 50,000 current and  
former Best Buy employees. . . .  
Shortly, Kaloghlian will also file a  
motion to intervene in Kurihara. If

1 granted by Judge Patel, Plaintiff will be  
2 a party in Kurihara pending in the  
3 Northern District. This Court should  
defer its ruling on the transfer motion  
until the Kurihara matter is resolved.

4 Opp'n at 5-6.

5 Plaintiff's argument lacks merit. Plaintiff already sought  
6 to relate his case to Kurihara and Judge Patel, as Plaintiff  
7 concedes, denied this motion. See Eisen Decl., Docket No. 12, Ex.  
8 A. Moreover, if Plaintiff is concerned that resolution of  
9 Kurihara will preclude him from asserting his own claims, surely  
10 Plaintiff may opt out of the class settlement in Kurihara. The  
11 Court can find no reason why the fact that Kurihara is located in  
12 this district would have any impact on Plaintiff's choice of  
13 forum.

14 Finally, "[w]here plaintiff's choice of forum is a district  
15 other than one in which he resides, his choice may be given  
16 considerably less weight." Strigliabotti v. Franklin Res., Inc.,  
17 Case No. 04-0883, 2004 WL 2254556, at \*3 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 5, 2004).  
18 It is undisputed that Plaintiff, as of July 2008, was living  
19 within Los Angeles County. In light of Plaintiff's allegations  
20 and the relevant caselaw, the Court finds that Plaintiff's choice  
21 of forum is entitled little, if any deference.

22 **C. Convenience of Parties and Witnesses**

23 "In analyzing whether transfer of a case would serve the  
24 convenience of the witnesses, the Court must look at who the  
25 witnesses are, the nature of what the testimony will be, and why  
26 such testimony is relevant or necessary." Flint, 2007 WL 4365481,  
27 at \*4.

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1 Plaintiff, as a resident of the Central District, has failed  
2 to present any reasons why litigating his case in the Northern  
3 District would be more convenient for him. Defendant, on the  
4 other hand, has presented evidence that many of the potential  
5 witnesses reside in the Central District. For example, Best Buy's  
6 Human Resources Manager, the District Human Resources Manager, a  
7 Car Electronics Supervisor, an Operations Services Specialist, and  
8 an Administrative Assistant, all of whom would have information  
9 relevant to Plaintiff's employment with, and suspension and  
10 termination by, Best Buy, are located in the County of Los  
11 Angeles. Lizardo Decl., Docket No. 14, ¶ 7. The Court therefore  
12 finds that the convenience of the parties and witnesses  
13 substantially favors transfer to the Central District of  
14 California.

15 **D. Ease of Access to the Evidence**

16 "Documents pertaining to defendants' business practices are  
17 most likely to be found at their personal place of business."  
18 Italian Colors Rest., 2003 WL 22682482, at \*5. Defendant has  
19 presented evidence that Plaintiff's personnel file was stored at  
20 the Burbank store location during Plaintiff's employment. Bonura  
21 Decl. ¶ 8. Although neither party addresses the current location  
22 of Plaintiff's file, Defendant has presented evidence that Best  
23 Buy has more than twice as many stores in the Central District as  
24 it does in the Northern District. Id. ¶ 6. Furthermore, each  
25 Best Buy store in California houses the personnel files for its  
26 non-exempt employees. Id. Thus, if Plaintiff succeeds in  
27 certifying a class, it would appear that a majority of the  
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1 evidence will be in the Central District.

2 **E. Remaining Factors**

3 The remaining factors - the familiarity of each forum with  
4 the applicable law, the feasibility of consolidation with other  
5 claims, any local interest in the controversy, and the relative  
6 court congestion and time of trial in each forum - are either  
7 neutral or weigh in favor of transfer.

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9 **V. CONCLUSION**

10 Mindful that "[l]itigation should proceed where the case  
11 finds its center of gravity," the Court finds that the Central  
12 District of California is a more appropriate venue for Plaintiff's  
13 action. Hoefer v. U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Case No. 00-0918, 2000  
14 WL 890862, at \*3 (N.D. Cal. June 28, 2000) (internal quotation  
15 marks omitted). Defendant's Motion to Transfer Venue is therefore  
16 GRANTED. Any matters presently scheduled for hearing are VACATED  
17 and must be renoticed in the United States District Court for the  
18 Central District of California. The clerk shall transmit the file  
19 to the clerk in that district pursuant to Civil Local Rule 3-14.

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22 IT IS SO ORDERED.

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24 Dated: November 12, 2008



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26 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE