1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 2 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 3 4 KRISTIN M PERRY, SANDRA B STIER, 5 PAUL T KATAMI and JEFFREY J ZARRILLO, 6 Plaintiffs, 7 CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, 8 Plaintiff-Intervenor, 9 v 10 ARNOLD SCHWARZENEGGER, in his 11 official capacity as Governor of California; EDMUND G BROWN JR, in 12 his official capacity as Attorney General of California; MARK B No C 09-2292 VRW 13 HORTON, in his official capacity as Director of the California ORDER 14 Department of Public Health and State Registrar of Vital 15 Statistics; LINETTE SCOTT, in her official capacity as Deputy 16 Director of Health Information & Strategic Planning for the 17 California Department of Public Health; PATRICK O'CONNELL, in his 18 official capacity as Clerk-Recorder of the County of 19 Alameda; and DEAN C LOGAN, in his official capacity as Registrar-20 Recorder/County Clerk for the County of Los Angeles, 21 Defendants, 22 DENNIS HOLLINGSWORTH, GAIL J 23 KNIGHT, MARTIN F GUTIERREZ, HAK-SHING WILLIAM TAM, MARK A 24 JANSSON and PROTECTMARRIAGE.COM -YES ON 8, A PROJECT OF CALIFORNIA 25 RENEWAL, as official proponents of Proposition 8, 26 Defendant-Intervenors. 27 28

United States District Court For the Northern District of California

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United States District Court For the Northern District of California Plaintiffs and plaintiff-intervenor move to enlarge time to file their motion for attorney fees and costs until thirty days after all appeals are final. Doc ##729, 742. The Governor, Attorney General and Alameda County do not oppose the motion. Doc ##735, 739, 741. Proponents oppose any enlargement of time. Doc #743.

7 Under FRCP 54(d), a prevailing party must file its motion 8 for attorney fees and costs not later than fourteen days after 9 entry of judgment. The court may, however, extend time to file the 10 motion. FRCP 54(d)(2)(B); see Advisory Committee Notes to 1993 11 Amendments (noting that the court may permit claims for fees and 12 costs to be filed after resolution of the appeals process).

Proponents ask the court to retain the fourteen day deadline to provide the government defendants with an opportunity to consider their potential liability for fees and costs before the time to appeal has run. Doc #743 at 7-8. Proponents also seek to ensure the court will have the opportunity to decide the motion for fees and costs while the memory of the case remains fresh. Id at 8.

20 Here, however, prudence dictates that the court wait to 21 consider any motion for fees and costs until all appeals from the 22 judgment are final. The Ninth Circuit is considering proponents' 23 appeal on an expedited schedule, requiring the parties' full 24 attention and potentially generating additional fees. Moreover, 25 the government defendants do not oppose an extension of time, 26 suggesting that the amount of attorney fees sought by plaintiffs 27 will not inform their decisions whether to appeal. Finally, the 28 case is unlikely to fade quickly from the court's memory. Any

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motion for fees and costs can be resolved fully and fairly after all appeals from the judgment are final.

Accordingly, plaintiffs' motion to extend time is Doc ##729, 742. Plaintiffs' related motion to shorten GRANTED. time is DENIED AS MOOT. Doc #732. Any motion for fees and costs pursuant to FRCP 54(d) shall be filed not later than thirty days after all appeals of the August 12, 2010 judgment, Doc #728, are final.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

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VAUGHN R WALKER United States District Chief Judge