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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

VERNON J. DUNBAR, JR.)	No. C 09-3631 JSW (PR)
Plaintiff,)	
v.)	ORDER OF DISMISSAL WITH LEAVE TO AMEND, DENYING <i>IN FORMA PAUPERIS</i> MOTION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CLERK
OAKLAND POLICE DEPARTMENT,)	
Defendant.)	(Docket No. 2)

Plaintiff, currently incarcerated at San Quentin State Prison in San Quentin, California, has filed a civil rights complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, regarding his being shot by officers from the Oakland Police Department in 2008. Plaintiff has also filed a motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* (docket no. 2) without the proper supporting documentation. Plaintiff sent a letter to the Court in September requesting an “extension of time” in which to file the supporting documentation, but has failed to do so since that time. Therefore, the motion is now DENIED (docket no. 2). Plaintiff will be provided with thirty days in which to file another properly substantiated motion to proceed *in forma pauperis*. In this order, the Court reviews Plaintiff’s complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A and dismisses the amended complaint with leave to amend within thirty days.

DISCUSSION

Plaintiff has filed a one sentence complaint regarding being shot by police

1 officers from the Oakland Police Department on July 19, 2008. However, Plaintiff has
2 failed to identifying the responsible Defendants and their actions that give rise to the
3 complaint. Therefore, the complaint is dismissed with leave to amend as set forth below.

4 I Standard of Review

5 Federal courts must engage in a preliminary screening of cases in which prisoners
6 seek redress from a governmental entity or officer or employee of a governmental entity.
7 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a). The Court must identify cognizable claims or dismiss the
8 complaint, or any portion of the complaint, if the complaint “is frivolous, malicious, or
9 fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted,” or “seeks monetary relief from a
10 defendant who is immune from such relief.” *Id.* § 1915A(b). Pro se pleadings must be
11 liberally construed. *Balistreri v. Pacifica Police Dep't*, 901 F.2d 696, 699 (9th Cir.
12 1990). A claim that is totally incomprehensible may be dismissed as frivolous as it is
13 without an arguable basis in law. *Jackson v. Arizona*, 885 F.2d 639, 641 (9th Cir. 1989).

14 To state a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, a plaintiff must allege two elements:
15 (1) that a right secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States was violated, and
16 (2) that the alleged violation was committed by a person acting under the color of state
17 law. *West v. Atkins*, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988).

18 II Legal Claims

19 A claim regarding the use of excessive force may state a claim for relief. *Graham*
20 *v. Connor*, 490 U.S. 386, 395 n.10. (1989); *Pierce v. Multnomah County, Oregon*, 76
21 F.3d 1032, 1043 (9th Cir. 1996); *Rutherford v. City of Berkeley*, 780 F.2d 1444, 1447
22 (9th Cir. 1986), *overruled on other grounds by Graham v. Connor*, 490 U.S. 386 (1989).
23 However, the statement of claim in Plaintiff’s complaint fails to identify which
24 individuals are responsible for any alleged constitutional violations.

25 A complaint that fails to state the specific acts of the individual defendant which
26 violated the plaintiff’s rights fails to meet the requirements of Rule 8(a)(2) of the Federal
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1 Rules of Civil Procedure. *Hutchinson v. United States*, 677 F.2d 1322, 1328 n.5 (9th
2 Cir. 1982). District courts must afford pro se prisoner litigants an opportunity to amend
3 to correct any deficiency in their complaints. *Lopez v. Smith*, 203 F.3d 1122, 1126-27
4 (9th Cir. 2000) (en banc).

5 Plaintiff's complaint fails to provide a short and plain separate statement
6 regarding each claim: the specifics regarding the mistreatment he suffered, how it
7 violated his constitutional rights, whether he suffered any injury as a result, and the
8 specific conduct of each individual Defendant that he asserts is responsible for a
9 constitutional violation. Plaintiff must specifically identify what each named Defendant
10 did or did not do in order to state a claim with regard to each separate claim. If he
11 contends any Defendant is liable for more than one of the claimed constitutional
12 violations, he must specify that. As such, Plaintiff will be granted leave to amend to
13 allege specifics.

14 In his amended complaint, Plaintiff must establish legal liability of each person
15 for the claimed violation of his rights. Liability may be imposed on an individual
16 defendant under section 1983 if the plaintiff can show that the defendant proximately
17 caused the deprivation of a federally protected right. *See Leer v. Murphy*, 844 F.2d 628,
18 634 (9th Cir. 1988); *Harris v. City of Roseburg*, 664 F.2d 1121, 1125 (9th Cir. 1981). A
19 person deprives another of a constitutional right within the meaning of section 1983 if he
20 does an affirmative act, participates in another's affirmative act or omits to perform an
21 act which he is legally required to do, that causes the deprivation of which the plaintiff
22 complains. *See Leer*, 844 F.2d at 633; *see, e.g., Robins v. Meecham*, 60 F.3d 1436, 1442
23 (9th Cir. 1995) (prison official's failure to intervene to prevent 8th Amendment violation
24 may be basis for liability).

25 It is insufficient to simply identify the "Oakland Police Department" as a
26 Defendant. A city or county may not be held vicariously liable solely based on the
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1 unconstitutional acts of its employees under the theory of respondeat superior, *see Board*
2 *of County Comm'rs v. Brown*, 520 U.S. 397, 403 (1997); *Monell v. Dep't of Social Servs.*,
3 436 U.S. 658, 691 (1978); *Fuller v. City of Oakland*, 47 F.3d 1522, 1534 (9th Cir. 1995).

4 Plaintiff must identify what each named Defendant did that violated his rights.

5 Sweeping conclusory allegations will not suffice; the plaintiff must instead “set
6 forth specific facts as to each individual defendant's” deprivation of protected rights.

7 *Leer*, 844 F.2d at 634. Accordingly, the complaint is DISMISSED WITH LEAVE TO
8 AMEND. Plaintiff will be provided with thirty days in which to amend to correct the
9 deficiencies in his complaint.

10 CONCLUSION

11 For the foregoing reasons and for good cause shown,

12 1. The complaint is DISMISSED WITH LEAVE TO AMEND, as indicated
13 above. Plaintiff shall file an amended complaint within ***thirty (30) days from the date of***
14 ***this order*** in which he asserts factual allegations against all Defendants named therein.
15 The amendment must include the caption and civil case number used in this order and
16 the words “COURT ORDERED AMENDED COMPLAINT” on the first page. Plaintiff
17 must also file a properly supported motion to proceed *in forma pauperis*. The Clerk of
18 Court shall send Plaintiff a copy of the Court’s prisoner *in forma pauperis* form along
19 with this order. Failure to file the amended complaint and the *in forma pauperis*
20 application within the designated time will result in dismissal of the complaint.

21 2. Plaintiff is advised that an amended complaint supersedes the original
22 complaint. “[A] plaintiff waives all causes of action alleged in the original complaint
23 which are not alleged in the amended complaint.” *London v. Coopers & Lybrand*, 644
24 F.2d 811, 814 (9th Cir. 1981). Defendants not named in an amended complaint are no
25 longer defendants. *See Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1262 (9th Cir.), *cert. denied*,
26 506 U.S. 915 (1992).


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3. It is Plaintiff's responsibility to prosecute this case. Plaintiff must keep the Court informed of any change of address and must comply with the Court's orders in a timely fashion. Failure to do so may result in the dismissal of this action under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b).

4. The Clerk shall provide Plaintiff with a copy of the Court's *pro se* civil rights complaint form along with this order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: January 14, 2010



JEFFREY S. WHITE
United States District Judge

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 FOR THE
3 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
4

5 VERNON J. DUNBAR JR.,
6 Plaintiff,

Case Number: CV09-03631 JSW

7 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

8 v.


9 OAKLAND POLICE DEPARTMENT et al,
10 Defendant.

11 I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am an employee in the Office of the Clerk, U.S. District
12 Court, Northern District of California.

13 That on January 14, 2010, I SERVED a true and correct copy(ies) of the attached, by placing
14 said copy(ies) in a postage paid envelope addressed to the person(s) hereinafter listed, by
15 depositing said envelope in the U.S. Mail, or by placing said copy(ies) into an inter-office
16 delivery receptacle located in the Clerk's office.

17 Vernon J. Dunbar
18 San Quentin State Prison
19 G52915
20 San Quentin, CA 94974

21 Dated: January 14, 2010


22 Richard W. Wieking, Clerk
23 By: Jennifer Ottolini, Deputy Clerk
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