Doc. 7

1	
2	V
3	pu
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	as
10	sh
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	vi
16	Re
17	of
18	in
19	pr
20	("
21	on
22	PS
23	su
24	laı
25	\\\

JASON BAKER, SEAN BOSQUETT, FRANK BACHMAN, PAUL GRAHAM and PAUL VANNATTA, Plaintiffs, submit this Administrative Motion to Relate the *Baker* and *Ventura* cases pursuant to local rules 3-12 and 7-11 because the following actions are related:

Ventura v. Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc.; USDC Civil Action No. 10-CV-01811 EMC (filed April 27, 2010)¹

Baker, et al. v. Sony Computer Entertainment America, LLC successor to Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc.; Civil Action No. 10-CV-01897-SC (filed April 30, 2010) and

Relating these cases is appropriate because the allegations in the *Ventura* action overlap those asserted in *Baker*. Judicial economy and the local rules dictate that the later action filed, *Baker*,

should be transferred to Judge Chen, the presiding judge in the earlier filed case, *Ventura*.

BAKER SEEKS DAMAGES BASED ON SONY'S PRACTICE OF DISABLING VALUABLE FUNCTIONS OF THE PLAYSTATION3

I.

On April 30, 2010, Plaintiffs filed a Class Action Complaint. The Baker Complaint asserts violations of California's Unfair Competition Law §17200, et seq., California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act Civ. Code §1770(a)(5) and §1770(a)(19), breach of contract, and breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing. These counts are all premised on Plaintiffs' allegations that Sony intentionally disabled valuable functions of the PlayStation3 for which consumers paid a premium price over other gaming consoles. Baker Complaint ¶2. Sony marketed and sold its PlayStation3 ("PS3") video game console as including valuable functions, such as the "Other OS" feature, unified online gaming service, PlayStation Network, multimedia capabilities, and Blu-ray technology. The PS3 could run a Linux operating system that transforms the PS3 into a home computer. Because of such exceptional features, the PS3 was the most expensive gaming console on the market when launched in 2006. Baker Complaint ¶1.

26

27

28

¹A true and correct copy of the *Ventura* Complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit A. A true and correct copy of the *Baker* Complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

1	п.	
2	VENTURA ALSO SEEKS DAMAGES BASED ON SONY'S PRACTICE	
3	OF DISABLING VALUABLE FUNCTIONS OF THE PLAYSTATION3	
4	Plaintiff Ventura filed his Class Action Complaint on April 27, 2010. Ventura's action	
5	asserts violations of California's Unfair Competition Law, Business and Professions Code §17200,	
6	et seq., California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act Civil Code §1770(5) and 1770(19), breach of	
7	contract, unjust enrichment, and breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing. The Ventura	
8	action alleges that Sony intentionally disabled the valuable functionalities originally advertised as	
9	available with the Sony PS3 video game console. <i>Ventura</i> Complaint ¶1. The allegations are similar	
10	to the allegations in the <i>Baker</i> action. Specifically, <i>Ventura</i> alleges:	
11	Sony's marketing and advertising of the PS3 highlighted the major features that	
12	distinguish the PS3 from other gaming consoles, including its unified online gaming service, the PlayStation Network, its robust multimedia capabilities, its use of a	
13	high-definition optical Blu-ray Disc as its primary storage medium, and the Blu-ray 2.0-compliant Blu-ray player.	
14	Ventura Complaint ¶12.	
15		
16	An important PS3 feature Sony advertised was the Other OS function, which provides users with the unique ability to install another operating system, such as a	
17	Linux operating system, alongside the main PS3 system software.	
18	<i>Id.</i> ¶13	
19	Until recently, Sony promoted the Other OS feature in its marketing of the PS3.	
20	Indeed, Sony stated on its website "playstation.com" that when it designed the PS3, "it was fully intended that you, a PS3 owner, could play games, watch movies, view	
21	photos, listen to music, and run a full-featured Linux operating system that transforms your PS3 into a home computer.	
22	<i>Id.</i> ¶14	
23		
24	As part of the PS3 launch in November 2006, Sony Computer Entertainment President Ken Kutaragi represented that the Linux operating system could be used	
25	on the PS3, which would allow purchasers to use a PS3 as a home personal computer with a direct connection to the Internet.	

26 *Id.* ¶15 27 \\\

28

III.

2	
_	

3

1

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

THE BAKER AND VENTURA ACTIONS ARE RELATED

Local Rule 3-12 states that actions are related when "[t]he actions concern substantially the same parties, property, transaction or event" and "[i]t appears likely that there will be an unduly burdensome duplication of labor and expense or conflicting results if the cases are conducted before different Judges." The Baker and Ventura actions qualify as related under Local Rule 3-12 because Baker's allegations substantially overlap the allegations in the Ventura action.

Same parties: Both *Baker* and *Ventura* seek representation of a putative class of all persons in the United States who purchased a PS3 during the period beginning November 17, 2006 through March 27, 2010, and still own their PS3 as of March 27, 2010. Specifically, *Baker* proposed a class of "all persons in the United States who purchased a PS3 during the period beginning November 17, 2006 through March 27, 2010, and still own their PS3 as of March 27, 2010. Baker Complaint ¶3. Ventura proposed class encompasses Baker's proposed class: "all persons who purchased a PS3 during the period November 17, 2006 to March 27, 2010 and who did not resell their PS3 before March 27, 2010." *Ventura* Complaint ¶2.

Same "event" at issue: Both Baker and Ventura seek to recoup damages allegedly sustained by consumers due to Sony intentionally disabling valuable functions of the PS3 for which consumers paid a premium price over other gaming consoles. Both actions use these allegations as the foundation for causes of action based on California's Unfair Competition Law §17200, et seq., California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act Civ. Code §1770(a)(5) and §1770(a)(19), breach of contract, and breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing.

Potential for duplication of labor: If these cases proceed separately, discovery of documents, data, and information concerning these allegations will require duplication of labor.

Potential for conflicting results: The overlapping factual allegations and causes of action create a risk for potentially conflicting results if the Baker and Ventura actions are litigated separately.

///

///

1	For these reasons and in the	interest	of judicial economy, Plaintiffs request that their action
2	be transferred to Judge Chen.		
3			
4	Dated: May 14, 2010		Connor & Bishop
5			
6		By:	/s/Charles S. Bishop
7			Charles S. Bishop Attorneys for Plaintiffs
8			BACHMAN, PAUL GRAHAM, and PAUL
9			/s/Charles S. Bishop Charles S. Bishop Attorneys for Plaintiffs JASON BAKER, SEAN BOSQUETT, FRANK BACHMAN, PAUL GRAHAM, and PAUL VANNATTA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
2526			
27			
28			
20			