14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

IN THE UNITE	ED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTH	ERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
EARNEST. C. WOODS, II,) No. C 10-1859 JSW (PR)
Plaintiff,) ORDER FOR PLAINTIFF TO
) SHOW CAUSE WHY IN
V.	 FORMA PAUPERIS STATUS SHOULD NOT BE DENIED
CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN) AND THE COMPLAINT
FRANCISCO, et al.,) DISMISSED
Defendants.	

INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff, an inmate at the San Francisco County Jail, has filed this pro se civil rights complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. He has applied for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* in a separate order. This Court reviews the complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A. For the reasons discussed below, Plaintiff is ordered to show cause why leave to proceed in forma pauperis should not be denied and the case dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

DISCUSSION

A prisoner may not bring a civil action in forma pauperis under 28 U.S.C. 1915 "if the prisoner has, on 3 or more prior occasions, while incarcerated or detained in any facility, brought an action or appeal in a court of the United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). Section 1915(g) requires that this court consider prisoner actions dismissed before, as well as after, the statute's 1996 enactment. *Tierney v. Kupers*, 128 1

2

3

4

5

6

7

F.3d 1310, 1311-12 (9th Cir. 1997).

For purposes of a dismissal that may be counted under Section 1915(g), the phrase "fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted" parallels the language of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6) and carries the same interpretation, the word "frivolous" refers to a case that is "of little weight or importance: having no basis in law or fact," and the word "malicious" refers to a case "filed with the 'intention or desire to harm another." *Andrews v. King*, 398 F.3d 1113, 1121 (9th Cir. 2005) (citation omitted).

8 Andrews requires that the prisoner be given notice of the potential applicability of 9 Section 1915(g), by either the district court or the defendants, but also requires the prisoner to bear the ultimate burden of persuasion that Section 1915(g) does not bar 10 11 pauper status for him. Id. Andrews implicitly allows the court to sua sponte raise the 12 Section 1915(g) problem, but requires the court to notify the prisoner of the earlier 13 dismissals it considers to support a Section 1915(g) dismissal and allow the prisoner an opportunity to be heard on the matter before dismissing the action. See id. at 1120. A 14 15 dismissal under Section 1915(g) means that a prisoner cannot proceed with his action as a pauper under Section 1915(g), but he still may pursue his claims if he pays the full 16 17 filing fee at the outset of the action.

18 A review of the dismissal orders in plaintiff's prior prisoner actions reveals that he 19 has had at least three such cases or appeals dismissed on the ground that they were 20 frivolous, malicious, or failed to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. 21 Plaintiff is now given notice that the Court believes the following dismissals may be 22 counted as dismissals for purposes of Section 1915(g): (1) Woods v. Carey, et al., E. D. 23 Cal. Case No. C 05-0049 MCE-DAD (Jan. 26, 2006) (civil rights action dismissed for 24 failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted), aff'd Appeal No. C 06-15973 25 (9th Cir. Jan. 18, 2007); (2) Woods v. Hill, et al., N.D. Cal. Case No. C 05-1157 MJJ 26 (May 31, 2005) (civil rights action dismissed for failure to state a claim upon which 27 relief may be granted), aff'd Appeal No. C 06-15973 (9th Cir. Nov. 27, 2007); (3) Woods 28 v. Carey, et al., Appeal No. 08-15595 (9th Cir. April 18, 2008) (appeal in civil rights

1	case dismissed for lack of jurisdiction); and (4) Woods v. Carey, et al., Appeal No. 10-
2	16741 (9th Cir. August 24, 2010) (appeal in civil rights case dismissed for lack of
3	jurisdiction). The court made its evaluation of these cases based on the dismissal orders
4	in them. See Andrews, 398 F.3d at 1120.
5	CONCLUSION
6	In light of the dismissals cited above, and because Plaintiff does not appear to be
7	under imminent danger of serious physical injury, he shall SHOW CAUSE in writing
8	filed no later than December 21, 2010, why in forma pauperis should not be denied and
9	this action should not be dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). In the alternative to
10	showing cause why this action should not be dismissed, plaintiff may avoid dismissal by
11	paying the full \$350.00 filing fee by December 21, 2010 . Plaintiff's failure to do so will
12	result in the dismissal of this action.
13	IT IS SO ORDERED.
14	DATED: <u>November 15, 2010</u>
15	Jeffing & White
16	JEFFREY S. WHITE United States District Judge
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	FOR THE
3	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
4	
5	
6	EARNEST C. WOODS II, Case Number: CV10-01859 JSW
7	Plaintiff, CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
8	v.
9	BEN CURRY et al,
10	/ Defendant.
11	
12	I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am an employee in the Office of the Clerk, U.S. District Court, Northern District of California.
13	That on November 16, 2010, I SERVED a true and correct copy(ies) of the attached, by placing said copy(ies) in a postage paid envelope addressed to the person(s) hereinafter listed, by
14	depositing said envelope in the U.S. Mail, or by placing said copy(ies) into an inter-office delivery receptacle located in the Clerk's office.
15	derivery receptacie located in the Clerk's office.
16	
17	Earnest C. Woods D 58091 P.O. Box 689
18	Soledad, CA 95696
19	Dated: November 16, 2010 Richard W. Wieking, Clerk
20	By: Jennifer Ottolini, Deputy Clerk
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	