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United States District Court
For the Northern District of California

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

DANNY MCCOY,

No. C-10-2137 TEH (PR)

Plaintiff,

v.

ORDER STAYING PROCEEDINGS AND
ADMINISTRATIVELY CLOSING CASE

MATTHEW ANDERSON,

Defendant.

_____ /

Plaintiff, an inmate presently incarcerated at the Metropolitan Detention Center in Los Angeles, California, has filed a pro se Complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 alleging that Richmond Police Officer Matthew Anderson unlawfully detained Plaintiff and falsified a police report, thereby violating Plaintiff's constitutional rights. Plaintiff seeks damages. Doc. #1.

I

Federal courts must engage in a preliminary screening of cases in which prisoners seek redress from a governmental entity or officer or employee of a governmental entity. 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a).

1 The court must identify cognizable claims or dismiss the complaint,
2 or any portion of the complaint, if the complaint "is frivolous,
3 malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be
4 granted," or "seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune
5 from such relief." Id. § 1915A(b). Pleadings filed by pro se
6 litigants, however, must be liberally construed. Balistreri v.
7 Pacifica Police Dep't., 901 F.2d 696, 699 (9th Cir. 1990).

8 To state a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, a plaintiff must
9 allege two essential elements: (1) that a right secured by the
10 Constitution or laws of the United States was violated, and (2) that
11 the alleged violation was committed by a person acting under the
12 color of state law. West v. Atkins, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988).

13
14 II

15 To recover damages for an allegedly unconstitutional
16 conviction or prison sentence, or for other harm caused by actions
17 whose unlawfulness would render a conviction or sentence invalid, a
18 plaintiff in a 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action must prove that the
19 conviction or sentence has been reversed on direct appeal, expunged
20 by executive order, declared invalid by a state tribunal authorized
21 to make such determination, or called into question by a federal
22 court's issuance of a writ of habeas corpus. Heck v. Humphrey, 512
23 U.S. 477, 486-87 (1994). A claim for damages bearing that
24 relationship to a conviction or sentence that has not been so
25 invalidated is not cognizable under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Id. at 487.

26 The rationale of Heck applies only if there is an existing
27 conviction, however. Wallace v Kato, 549 U.S. 384, 393-94 (2007).

1 The contention that "an action which would impugn an anticipated
2 future conviction cannot be brought until that conviction occurs and
3 is set aside" goes "well beyond Heck." Id. at 393 (emphasis in
4 original). Nonetheless, if a plaintiff files a 42 U.S.C. § 1983
5 claim "related to rulings that likely will be made in a pending or
6 anticipated criminal trial[], it is within the power, and accords
7 with common practice, to stay the civil action until the criminal
8 case or the likelihood of a criminal case is ended." Id. at 393-94.

9 A review of the court docket shows that criminal
10 proceedings against Plaintiff are pending in this Court. See United
11 States of America v. McCoy, No. 09-cr-00337-CW (N.D. Cal. filed
12 April 1, 2009). Accordingly, a stay of these proceedings under the
13 rationale of Wallace is in order here. If Plaintiff is later
14 convicted, and if the stayed civil suit would impugn that
15 conviction, Heck will require dismissal; otherwise, the case may
16 proceed. Wallace, 549 U.S. at 394.

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III

Good cause appearing, the instant proceedings are STAYED and the case is ADMINISTRATIVELY CLOSED. Nothing further will take place in this matter until the criminal proceedings against Plaintiff come to an end, and, within thirty (30) days thereafter, Plaintiff moves to reopen the case, lift the Court's stay and amend the stayed Complaint.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED 08/13/10



THELTON E. HENDERSON
United States District Judge