## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SARAH BERRY, No. C 10-2775 BZ Plaintiff(s), WITH LEAVE TO AMEND v. CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, Defendant(s).

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

1.8

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

ORDER DISMISSING COMPLAINT

On June 24, 2010, pro se plaintiff Sarah Berry filed a form employment discrimination complaint against defendant California Department of Industrial Relations ("DIR").1 In this complaint, Berry, an office assistant, makes multiple allegations against her employer, DIR, including race discrimination, retaliation, harassment, and violation of her

27 All parties have consented to my jurisdiction for all proceedings including entry of final judgment, pursuant to 28 28 U.S.C. § 636(c).

Weingarten rights.<sup>2</sup> On August 5, 2010, DIR filed a motion to dismiss plaintiff's complaint without leave to amend based on the following reasons: (1) Berry fails to allege facts sufficient to state a claim upon which relief can be granted; (2) Berry has not exhausted her administrative remedies; and (3) Berry, as a state employee, does not have any Weingarten rights. Berry did not file an opposition to DIR's motion.

Because Berry is a pro se litigant, I must construe her complaint liberally. Balistreri v. Pacifica Police Dept., 901 F.2d 696, 699 (9th Cir. 1990). I must also give Berry leave to amend her complaint unless it is "absolutely clear" that amendment cannot cure any of the complaint's deficiencies.

Noll v. Carlson, 809 F.2d 1446, 1448 (9th Cir. 1987), superseded by statute, Lopez v. Smith, 203 F.3d 1122, 1126-30 (9th Cir. 2000); West v. Marsh, 2010 WL 624303 at \*1 (E.D. Cal. 2010). Berry's pro se complaint does not need to state the entire legal theory behind her claims, but it must present enough details to notify DIR as well as the court of the basis for the complaint and the legal grounds on which she wishes to recover. Self Directed Placement Corp. v. Control Data Corp., 908 F.2d 462, 466 (9th Cir. 1990).

Liberally construed, Berry's complaint does not allege specific enough details to properly state the basis for her complaint. Berry's complaint only provides a list of generic

Before initiating her lawsuit, Berry filed charges against DIR with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC"). Although the EEOC dismissed these charges, it did not make any findings and issued Berry a right to sue letter on March 30, 2010. Berry then timely filed this action.

allegations against DIR (i.e., "discrimination of race and wages, unfair treatment, unusual/uncommon practices, retaliation and harassment for filing complaint,..."), and she does not explain what DIR did wrong and on what legal grounds she may recover. Complaint at 2. DIR is therefore correct that Berry's complaint fails to allege facts sufficient to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(6). Berry, however, may be able to cure these deficiencies by providing further clarification about her allegations. Due to this possibility, I dismiss her complaint but grant her leave to amend. See West, 2010 WL 624303 at \*1.

DIR's remaining arguments in its motion to dismiss do not warrant a lengthy discussion, particularly because I am granting its motion. DIR states that Berry's initial EEOC charges are different than the allegations in her complaint, including different dates for when the discriminatory conduct allegedly began. DIR also points out that the "retaliation" box was not marked on Berry's EEOC complaint, yet Berry alleges retaliation in the complaint for this case. Due to these inconsistencies, DIR argues Berry failed to exhaust her administrative remedies. However, EEOC charges must also be liberally construed — like Berry's complaint — and "[i]t is sufficient that the EEOC be apprised, in general terms, of the alleged discriminatory parties and the alleged discriminatory acts." <u>Sosa v. Hiraoka</u>, 920 F.2d 1451, 1458 (9th Cir. 1990) (emphasis added). Moreover, this issue is best resolved after the complaint is amended.

DIR's last argument is that Berry, as a state employee,

is not entitled to her <u>Weingarten</u> rights, something that Berry briefly alleges in her complaint. Under <u>Weingarten</u>, an employee can complain to the National Labor Relations Board if denied union representation at investigatory interviews by employers. <u>NLRB v. J. Weingarten</u>, <u>Inc.</u>, 420 U.S. 251 (1975). DIR is correct that Berry's <u>Weingarten</u> rights are governed exclusively by the National Labor Relations Act and do not apply to state employers. 29 U.S.C. § 152(2); <u>see also Associated Builders & Contractors</u>, <u>Inc. v. City of Seward</u>, 966 F.2d 492, 496-97 (9th Cir. 1992), <u>overruled on other grounds</u>, <u>Chamber of Commerce of the U.S. v. Lockyer</u>, 463 F.3d 1076, 1083 (9th Cir. 2006). If Berry chooses to amend her complaint and allege a violation of her <u>Weingarten</u> rights, she must specifically explain why these rights would apply to a state entity like DIR.

Because I find that Berry's complaint currently fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED as follows:

- DIR's motion to dismiss is GRANTED WITH LEAVE TO AMEND.
- 2. If Berry desires to proceed with this lawsuit, she must file an amended complaint by November 29, 2010. The amended complaint should be a short, legible statement in plain English that clearly states the facts that form the basis for Berry's lawsuit against DIR. At a minimum, Berry should state how DIR harmed her, the legal grounds on which she may recover, and what relief she seeks from DIR. In amending her complaint, Berry may wish to consult a manual the

court has adopted to assist pro se litigants in presenting their case. This manual is available in the Clerk's Office and online at: <a href="http://www.cand.uscourts.gov">http://www.cand.uscourts.gov</a>. If plaintiff does not amend or otherwise comply with this Order by November 29, 2010, this case will be dismissed.

Dated: October 27, 2010

United States Magistrate Judge

G:\BZALL\-BZCASES\BERRY V. CA DEPT OF INDUST RELATIONS\ORDER DISMISSING COMPLAINT.wpd