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	18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
	19	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA – SAN FRANCISCO		
	20	JARIAHA JENKINS, individually and as personal representative of the ESTATE OF	Case No.: C10-2800 JSW	
	21 22	ALBERT R. JENKINS JR, the ESTATE OF ALBERT R. JENKINS JR., and JARIAHA JENKINS as Guardian ad Litem of minors, S.J. and A.J.,	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER	
	23	Plaintiffs,)	
	24	vs.)	
	25	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA, a governmental		
	26	entity; et al.)	
	27	Defendants.		
	28	/		
		Jenkins v. County of Alameda, et a.,/Case #CV10-2800 JS Stipulated Protective Order	SW	

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1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of 3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public 4 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted. 5 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following 6 Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket 7 protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery, and that the protection it affords extends 8 only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to 9 treatment as confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; 10 Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards 11 12 that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

2.1 <u>Party</u>: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

16 2.2 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the
17 medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,
18 transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
19 discovery in this matter.

20 2.3 <u>"Confidential" Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of how generated,
21 stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards developed
22 under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

23 2.4 <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
24 Producing Party.

25 2.5 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
26 Material in this action.

27 2.6 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or non-party that designates information or items that
28 it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "Confidential."

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2.7 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as 1 2 "Confidential."

3 2.8Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are retained to represent or advise a Party in this action. 4

> 2.9 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party.

Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as 2.10 6 7 their support staffs).

2.11 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent 8 9 to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party. 10

Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services 2.12 (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as 16 all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected 18 Material. 19

4. DURATION

Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by 21 this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court 22 23 order otherwise directs.

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5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each 25 Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take 26 care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate 27 standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of 28

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material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify - so that other
 portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not
 warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

8 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it 9 designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of 10 protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it 11 is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions or
other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend
"CONFIDENTIAL" at a conspicuous location on each page that contains protected material.

20 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated 21 which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the 22 23 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "Confidential." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the 24 Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection 25 under this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must 26 affix the appropriate legend "CONFIDENTIAL" at a conspicuous location on each page that 27 contains Protected Material. 28

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(b) <u>for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings</u> that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify any portions of the testimony that qualify as "CONFIDENTIAL." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 30 days to identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought. Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protection within the 30 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any
 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend
 "CONFIDENTIAL."

16 5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
17 designate qualified information or items as "CONFIDENTIAL" does not, standing alone, waive
18 the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. If material
19 is appropriately designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" after the material was initially produced, the
20 Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to
21 assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

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6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's
confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary
economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not
waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge
promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

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6.2 <u>Meet and Confer</u>. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating

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1 Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by 2 conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) 3 with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the 4 5 Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the 6 circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen 7 designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if 8 it has engaged in this meet and confer process first.

9 6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and 10 serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if 11 12 applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding 14 paragraph and that sets forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation that was given by the Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue. 16

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in 18 19 question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed 21 or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for 22 23 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. 24 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of 25 section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION). 26

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and 27 in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order. 28

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7.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise
 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may
 disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

4 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as
5 employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for
6 this litigation;

7 (b) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
8 reasonably necessary for this litigation;

(c) the Court and its personnel;

10 (d) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is
11 reasonably necessary for this litigation;

(e) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
 reasonably necessary. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that
 reveal Protected Material may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this
 Stipulated Protective Order; and

(f) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

8. <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN</u> <u>OTHER LITIGATION</u>

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that
would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as
"CONFIDENTIAL," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by
email, if possible) immediately and in no event more than three court days after receiving the
subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

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1 The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of 2 this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to 3 protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of 4 5 its confidential material - and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or 6 encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

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9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately: (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, and (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order.

10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL

Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. 18

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11. FINAL DISPOSITION

20 Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material 21 to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, 22 23 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party 24 may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected 25 Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the 26 Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day 27 deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was 28

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returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, 1 2 abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the 3 Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney-4 5 work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that 6 contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in 7 Section 4 (DURATION), above.

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12. MISCELLANEOUS

Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to 9 12.1 seek its modification by the Court in the future. 10

<u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective 12.2 Order, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

LAW OFFICES OF JOHN BURRIS

/s/ Adanté D. Pointer

*Mr. Pointer provided his verbal consent that

this stipulation be electronically filed.

HAAPALA, THOMPSON & ABERN, LLP

/s/ Benjamin Thompson Benjamin A. Thompson

Attorneys For Defendants COUNTY OF ALAMEDA and SHERIFF GREGORY J. AHERN

LAW OFFICES OF NANCY E. HUDGINS

PRISON HEALTH SERVICES

stipulation be electronically filed.

Matthew Grigg, Attorneys For Defendant

*Mr. Grigg provided his consent that this

*/s/ Matthew Grigg

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Adanté D. Pointer Attorneys For Plaintiffs

IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

By:

By:

By:_

Dated: May 23, 2011

Dated: May 19, 2011

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Dated: May 19, 2011 25

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