IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

ANTHONY ROBERT MIZNER,

No. CV 12-00288 CRB

Petitioner,

ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR STAY

V.

RANDY GROUNDS,

Respondent.

Petitioner has moved (dkt. 15) to "stay and abey" these proceedings pending the resolution of his anticipated motion in state court for resentencing under California's recently-enacted Proposition 36. See Cal. Penal Code § 1170.126. Respondent opposes on the grounds that at least one, and possibly two, of Petitioner's claims will remain in this case regardless of the outcome of state proceedings; that Petitioner will later be able to raise constitutional challenges to the resentencing proceedings without running afoul of the bar on second or successive habeas petitions; and that granting a stay would be inconsistent with the purposes of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act (AEDPA).

Petitioner has not presented a so-called "mixed" petition with exhausted and unexhausted claims, see Rhines v. Weber, 544 U.S. 269, 271 (2005); rather, he seeks to stay his petition raising fully exhausted claims based on the possibility that additional claims may—or may not—become ripe as a result of his resentencing proceedings. Petitioner cites no precedent supporting a stay in such a situation, but says it is appropriate because, according

1	to Petitioner, he might be barred from later raising claims related to his resentencing. The
2	precedent cited to the Court, see Magwood v. Patterson, 130 S. Ct. 2788, 2796 (2010)
3	(referring to "an exception to § 2244(b) for a second application raising a claim that would
4	have been unripe had the petitioner presented it in his first application" (citing Panetti v.
5	Quarterman, 551 U.S. 930, 947 (2007))), and the government itself, Opp'n at 3 n.2, suggest
6	otherwise.
7	Because the state resentencing proceedings will not resolve at least some of
8	Petitioner's claims, and Petitioner's hypothetical claims regarding his resentencing
9	proceeding are not yet ripe, the Court concludes that a stay is inappropriate and inconsistent
10	with AEDPA's emphasis on speedy resolution of federal habeas petitions. <u>Cf. Rhines</u> , 544
11	U.S. at 278. The Court therefore DENIES Petitioner's motion.
12	IT IS SO ORDERED.
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Dated: May 20, 2013

CHARLES R. BREYER UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE