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7	Attorneys for Defendant WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A.		
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA — SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
10			
11	STANLEY D. CANNON, PATRICIA R.	Case No. 3:12-cv-01376-EMC	
12	CANNON, and CHERYL BULLOCK individually, and for all other persons similarly	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER	
13	situated, Plaintiffs,	Judge: The Hon. Edward M. Chen	
14	VS.		
15	WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A.,	Action Filed: March 19, 2012	
16	Defendant.	Trial Date: None Set	
17			
18			
19	PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS		
20	Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of		
21	confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public		
22	disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted.		
23	Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated		
24	Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on		
25	all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure		
26	and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment		
27	under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3,		
28	below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does	not entitle them to file confidential information	
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		Dockets.Justia.	

under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62 set forth the procedures that must be
 followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to
 file material under seal.

4 2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

5 2.1 <u>Challenging Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
6 information or items under this Order.

7 2.2 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of how it is
8 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule
9 of Civil Procedure 26(c).

10 2.3 <u>Counsel (without qualifier)</u>: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as
11 well as their support staff).

12 2.4 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it
 13 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL."

14 2.5 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the
15 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,
16 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or
17 responses to discovery in this matter.

18 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
19 the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a
20 consultant in this action.

21 2.7 <u>House Counsel</u>: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
22 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

23 2.8 <u>Non-Party</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal
24 entity not named as a Party to this action.

25 2.9 <u>Outside Counsel of Record</u>: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this
26 action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action
27 on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

2.10 <u>Party</u>: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

3 2.11 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
4 Material in this action.

2.12 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support services
(e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and
organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and
subcontractors.

9 2.13 <u>Protected Material</u>: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
10 "CONFIDENTIAL."

2.14 <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
 Producing Party.

13 3. <u>SCOPE</u>

14 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) 15 16 all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, 17 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. 18 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following 19 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a 20 Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a 21 result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public 22 record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to 23 the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained 24 the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any 25 use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

26 4. <u>DURATION</u>

Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order

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otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims
 and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the
 completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action,
 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to
 applicable law.

6 5.

DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party
or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to
limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The
Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or
oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents,
items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within
the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary
expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

18 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated
19 for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other
20 Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
(see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so

24 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

25 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party
affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains protected material. If only a

portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must
 clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

3 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material 4 5 it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting 6 7 Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must 8 determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, 9 before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL" 10 legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected 11 12 portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

(b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that
the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other
proceeding, all protected testimony.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any
other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL."
If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to
the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's
right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated
in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

26 6. <u>CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS</u>

27 6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
 28 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality

designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to
 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
 original designation is disclosed.

5 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis 6 7 for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written 8 notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this 9 specific paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in 10 good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In 11 12 conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality 13 designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the 14 designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of 15 16 the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that 17 the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely 18 manner.

19 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under 20 21 Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62, if 22 applicable) within 21 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties 23 agreeing that the meet and confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each 24 such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has 25 complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by 26 the Designating Party to make such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 27 14 days, if applicable) shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each 28 challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a

confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge to
 the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to
 this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has
 complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose
unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to
sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to
file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the
material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's
designation until the court rules on the challenge.

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7.

ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to
the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has
been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL
DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in
a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

7.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise ordered
by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as
employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the
information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

28

(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the

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Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have 1 2 signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); 3 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and 4 5 Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); (d) the court and its personnel; 6 7 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock 8 jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and 9 who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); 10 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" 11 12 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages 13 of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must 14 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted 15 under this Stipulated Protective Order. 16 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian 17 or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information. 18 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION 19 20 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels 21 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that Party 22 must: 23 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall 24 include a copy of the subpoena or court order; 25 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to 26 27 this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order;

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28 and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the
 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

- If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena
 or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL"
 before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has
 obtained the Designating Party's permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and
 expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material and nothing in these
 provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to
 disobey a lawful directive from another court.
 - 9. <u>A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS</u> <u>LITIGATION</u>

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a NonParty in this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." Such information produced by NonParties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this
Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking
additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce
a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement
with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:

20 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
21 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non22 Party;

(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated
Protective Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific
description of the information requested; and

26 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non27 Party.

(c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court

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within 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may
 produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its
 possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a
 determination by the court.¹ Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the
 burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

7

10. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

8 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
9 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective
10 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the
11 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected
12 Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the
13 terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and
14 Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

15 16

11. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED</u> <u>MATERIAL</u>

17 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently 18 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the 19 Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order 20 21 that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 22 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a 23 communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, 24 the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the 25 court. 26 The purpose of this provision is to alert the interested parties to the existence of confidentiality 27 rights of a Non-Party and to afford the Non-Party an opportunity to protect its confidentiality interests in this court.

1 12. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>

2 12.1 <u>Right to Further Relief</u>. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to
3 seek its modification by the court in the future.

12.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective
Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no
Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered
by this Protective Order.

9 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party 10 or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in 11 the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any 12 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62. Protected 13 Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the 14 specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62, a 15 sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is 16 privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a 17 Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-18 5(d) and General Order 62 is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the 19 information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed 20 by the court.

21

13. FINAL DISPOSITION

Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each
Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material.
As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether
the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written
certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party)
by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected

1	Material that was returned or destroyed a	nd (2)affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained	
2	any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any		
3	of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival		
4	copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda,		
5	correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and		
6	consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such		
7	archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order		
8	as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).		
9	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.		
10	DATED: July 31, 2013	Respectfully submitted,	
11		SEVERSON & WERSON	
12		A Professional Corporation	
13			
14		By: /s/ Jonah S. Van Zandt	
15		Jonah S. Van Zandt	
16		Attorneys for Defendant Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	
17	DATED: July 31, 2013	Respectfully submitted,	
18		LAW OFFICE OF SHERI L. KELLY	
19			
20		By: /s/ Sheri L. Kelly	
21		Sheri L. Kelly	
22		Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
23	I, Jonah S. Van Zandt, am the ECF user whose identification and password are being used to the		
24	this Stipulated Protective Order. I hereby attest that Sheri L. Kay has concurred in this filling: /s/ Jonah S. Van Zandt		
25			
26	DATED: $8/1$, 2013		
27	, 2015 <u>, 2015</u>	Hon. Edward M. Chen United States Diverse Judge Edward M. Chen	
28			
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		STIPS APED PROTECTIVE ORDER	

1	EXHIBIT A			
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND			
3	I, [print or type full name], of			
4	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and			
5	understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for			
6	the Northern District of California on [date] in the case of Cannon et al v. Wells Fargo Bank NA,			
7	Case No. 3:12-cv-01376-EMC. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this			
8	Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could			
9	expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will			
10	not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective			
11	Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.			
12	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the			
13	Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective			
14	Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.			
15	I hereby appoint [print or type full name] of			
16	[print or type full			
17	address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with			
18	this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.			
19				
20	Date:			
21	City and State where sworn and signed:			
22				
23	Printed name: [printed name]			
24	Signature:			
25	[signature]			
26				
27				
28				
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