

United States District Court For the Northern District of California

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be granted or seek monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. *See id.* § 1915A(b)(1),(2). *Pro se* pleadings must be liberally construed. *See Balistreri v. Pacifica Police Dep't*, 901 F.2d 696, 699 (9th Cir. 1988).

4 A "complaint must contain sufficient factual matter, accepted as true, to 'state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face." Ashcroft v. Iqbal, 129 S.Ct. 1937, 1949 (2009) 5 (quoting Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544, 570 (2007)). "A claim has facial 6 7 plausibility when the plaintiff pleads factual content that allows the court to draw the 8 reasonable inference that the defendant is liable for the misconduct alleged." Id. (quoting 9 *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 556). Furthermore, a court "is not required to accept legal conclusions" 10 cast in the form of factual allegations if those conclusions cannot reasonably be drawn from 11 the facts alleged." Clegg v. Cult Awareness Network, 18 F.3d 752, 754–55 (9th Cir. 1994). 12 To state a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, a plaintiff must allege two essential elements: 13 (1) that a right secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States was violated, and 14 (2) that the alleged violation was committed by a person acting under the color of state law. 15 See West v. Atkins, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988).

## B. Legal Claims

The complaint comprises a confusing group of unrelated claims. Plaintiff appears to
allege that while incarcerated in Martinez, California he was served bad food, was beaten up
by police officers, and that state judges violated his rights. Because the complaint is difficult
to read and the claims are difficult to discern, plaintiff must file an amended complaint in
which he states clearly (and legibly) the names of each defendant, the specific acts the named
defendant took, where each incident occurred, and on which date they occurred.

Accordingly, the complaint is DISMISSED with leave to amend. Plaintiff shall file an
 amended complaint within 30 days from the date this order is filed. The first amended
 complaint must address all the deficiencies listed above, and include the caption and civil
 case number used in this order (12-1869 RS (PR)) and the words FIRST AMENDED
 COMPLAINT on the first page. Because an amended complaint completely replaces the

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previous complaints, plaintiff must include in his first amended complaint *all* the claims he wishes to present and all of the defendants he wishes to sue. See Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1262 (9th Cir. 1992). Plaintiff may not incorporate material from the prior complaint by reference. Failure to file an amended complaint in accordance with this order will result in dismissal of this action without further notice to plaintiff.

It is plaintiff's responsibility to prosecute this case. Plaintiff must keep the Court informed of any change of address by filing a separate paper with the clerk headed "Notice of Change of Address." He must comply with the Court's orders in a timely fashion or ask for an extension of time to do so. Failure to comply may result in the dismissal of this action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b).

For the Northern District of California **United States District Court** 

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: August 20, 2012

United States District Judge