EXHIBIT B

Buchalter Nemer 1 Peter D. Holbrook, (Bar No. 105845) 2010 JAN 14 P 4: 14 pholbrook@buchalter.com 2 Carol A. Dwyer, (Bar No. 239769) 3 cdwyer@buchalter.com Buchalter Nemer 18400 Von Karman Avenue, Suite 800 CLEBX 118, 035 F 4 Irvine, California 92612-0514 Telephone: (949) 760-1121 5 Facsimile: (949) 720-0182 6 Attorneys for Plaintiff TMX FUNDING INC., A Delaware Corporation 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 TMX FUNDING INC., A Delaware 1 Gase NO 0202PVT Corporation, 11 12 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES Plaintiff. AND PERMANENT 13 **INJUNCTION:** v. 14 1. MISAPPROPRIATION OF IMPERO TECHNOLOGIES INC., A TRADE SECRETS: 15 California Corporation, CLARENCE NICHOLAS 2. BREACH OF DUTY OF 16 LOYALTY; STEIGELMAN, An Individual, RONALD J. LESNIAK, An Individual, 17 DAVID LESNIAK, an Individual, 3. BREACH OF CONTRACT; MITCHELL A. HEINLEIN, An 18 Individual, JOSEPH ZHANG, a.k.a. 4. CONVERSION – PERSONAL XIANGCHOU ZHANG, An Individual, **PROPERTY:** 19 MICHELLE DOVER, An Individual, 5. UNFAIR COMPETITION; 20 Defendants. 6. INTERFERENCE WITH 21 PROSPECTIVE ECONOMIC ADVANTAGE: 22 7. CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST AND 23 ACCOUNTING; 24 8. VIOLATION OF PENAL **CODE §502** 25 26 27 28 BUCHALTER NEMER BN 5082198v1



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INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff TMX FUNDING, INC. ("TMX") complains and alleges as follows:

- Defendants Ronald Lesniak, David Lesniak, Clarence Nicholas 1. Steigelman, Mitchell Heinlein, Joseph/Xiangchou Zhang, and Michelle Dover (the "Individual Defendants") are former employees of Teledex LLC ("Teledex") and, on information and belief, are current employees and/or agents of Defendant Impero Technologies, Inc. ("Impero").
- Pursuant to two lawful foreclosure sales of Teledex's Collateral 2. (defined below at paragraph 24), which took place on December 18, 2009 and January 13, 2010 respectively, TMX is the lawful and rightful owner of Teledex's intellectual property, trade secrets and certain of its other collateral and assets (as more fully described below at paragraphs 33 and 35).
- The Individual Defendants have unlawfully removed, erased and 3. otherwise misappropriated collateral, tangible and intangible property and trade secrets belonging to TMX. The removal, theft and deletion of such property and information has effectively crippled TMX's ability to make use of the assets, property and collateral that it lawfully acquired from Teledex.
- The Individual Defendants have further misappropriated TMX's 4. confidential trade secrets and proprietary information which included but is not limited to proprietary data, software, programs, and customer and supplier information and disclosed that information to Impero. The Defendants used that information to identify, contact, do business with, and attempt to do business with customers that Individual Defendants previously serviced at Teledex. Defendants have further used that information to cripple and prevent TMX from making use of the assets, property and collateral that it lawfully obtained from Teledex. This complaint seeks an injunction and damages against such conduct, as well as the other conduct alleged herein.

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. Jurisdiction is based on 28 U.S.C. §1332, in that this is a civil action between citizens of different states, and in which the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.
- Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C § 1391(a) in that 6. all of the defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction in this district at the time the action is commenced. Venue is also proper in this district because a substantial part of the events giving rise to this action occurred in this judicial district.
- Plaintiff TMX Funding, Inc. ("TMX") is, and at all times herein 7. mentioned was, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the state of Delaware, with its principal place of business in the state of Colorado.
- 8. TMX is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendant Impero Technology, Inc. ("Impero") is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the state of California, with its principal place of business in San Jose County, California.
- TMX is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that 9. Defendant Clarence Nicholas Steigelman is, and at all times relevant was, an individual domiciled in the state of California.
- TMX is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that 10. Defendant Ronald J. Lesniak ("R. Lesniak") is, and at all times relevant was, an individual domiciled in the state of California.
- TMX is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that 11. Defendant David Lesniak ("D. Lesniak") is, and at all times relevant was, an individual domiciled in the state of California.
- TMX is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendant Joseph Zhang, who may also be known as Xiangchou Zhang ("Zhang") is, and at all times relevant was, an individual domiciled in the state of California.
 - TMX is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that 13.

Defendant Mitchell A. Heinlein ("Heinlein") is, and at all times relevant was, an individual domiciled in the state of New York.

- 14. TMX is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendant Michelle Dover ("Dover") is, and at all times relevant was, an individual domiciled in the state of California.
- 15. Defendants Impero, Steigelman, R. Lesniak, D. Lesniak, Zhang, Heinlein, and Dover are collectively referred to herein as "Defendants."
- 16. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that at all times herein mentioned, Telecom Industries LLC ("Telecom"), was and is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware and is authorized to do business in the State of California with its principal place of business in San Jose, California.
- 17. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that at all times herein mentioned, TT Systems LLC ("TT Systems") was and is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware and is authorized to do business in the State of California with its principal place of business in San Jose, California.
- 18. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that at all times herein mentioned, Teledex Corporation ("Teledex Corporation"), was and is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California with its principal place of business in San Jose, California.
- 19. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that at all times herein mentioned, Teledex LLC ("Teledex"), a subsidiary of Teledex Corporation, was and is a limited liability corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware and is authorized to do business in the State of California with its principal place of business in San Jose, California.

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FACTS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS

TELEDEX'S BUSINESS OPERATIONS UP TO DECEMBER 2009.

- Teledex is and was at all times alleged herein, a leading designer and 20. manufacturer of guest room telecommunication solutions including wireless broadband internet solutions, which are branded as ExpressNet and AirLink; analog telephone systems, which are branded as Smart Phones; voice-over internet protocol telephone systems ("VoIP"); an Intelligent Thermostat device; and various accessories.
- The Teledex products and services targeted the hospitality market, 21. ranging from the luxury hotel sector to large discount motel chains. Teledex was the leading supplier of guest room telecommunication services and business applications in the United States and the preferred vendor in each of the top 15 luxury hotel chains as well as leading discount chains.
- Teledex provided user support associated with its products and services. Teledex provided customer service and technological support services via a 1-800 telephone number ("800 Line"). The 800 Line provides technical support to customers and is manned 24-hours per day, 7-days a week.

THE TELEDEX LOAN AND DEFAULT

- On December 7, 2009, Plaintiff TMX acquired a first priority secured 23. loan (the "Loan") in the approximate principal amount of \$58 million, among General Electric Capital Corporation ("GECC") and Beltway Capital Partners, LLC (together with GECC, the "Prior Lenders"), on the one hand, and Telecom, Teledex LLC and TT Systems ("Borrowers") on the other hand. The Loan is evidenced by an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated March 6, 2003 (the "Credit Agreement").
- Borrowers' indebtedness under the Credit Agreement was secured by, 24. among other things, property previously pledged in Security Documents that predate the Credit Agreement. Those security agreements include, but are not limited BN 5082198vI

to the Security Agreement dated October 1, 1999, and the First Amendment to the Security Agreement dated July 13, 2006. Those security agreements granted to Plaintiff a security interest in substantially all of the assets of the Borrowers, in favor of the lenders (the "Collateral") including *inter alia*: (a) all Accounts; (b) all Chattel Paper; (c) all Documents; (d) all General Intangibles (including payment intangibles and Software); (e) all Goods (including Inventory, Equipment and Fixtures; (f) to the extent not included, all Proceeds, tort claims, insurance claims and other rights to payments not otherwise included in the foregoing and products of the foregoing and all accessories to, substitutions and replacements for, and rents and profits of, each of the foregoing.

- 25. The Security Documents also include, among other things: (a) the Patent Security Agreement dated October 1, 1999 that creates a security interest in patents of Teledex LLC; (b) the Trademark Security Agreement dated October 1, 1999 that creates a security interest in the trademarks of the Borrowers; and (c) Copyright Security Agreement dated June 7, 2006 that creates a security interest in certain graphic designs of the Borrowers.
- 26. The original maturity date of the Loan was June 30, 2005. Over the past four years, the Borrowers executed and delivered thirty-six separate amendments and forbearance agreement. The thirty-sixth and final amendment and forbearance agreement expired on December 7, 2009 at 5:00 p.m., Central Standard Time.

TMX ACQUIRES ALL RIGHTS, TITLE AND OWNERSHIP OF TELEDEX'S ASSETS, PROPERTY AND INFORMATION

27. On December 7, 2009 at 5:15 p.m., Central Standard Time, Prior Lenders and TMX entered into an Assignment and Agency Transfer Agreement whereby Prior Lenders sold and assigned to TMX for valuable consideration the Loan and the Warrants (as defined in the Credit Agreement). TMX, therefore, is the successor in interest to the Prior Lenders, retaining all of the rights and remedies

of Prior Lenders under the Loan Documents.

- 28. By reason of the Borrowers' failure to cure their defaults under the Loan Documents, TMX exercised certain of its rights and remedies under the Loan Documents, including filing an action in the Superior Court of the County of Santa Clara ("Superior Court"), seeking the appointment of a receiver, issuance of a temporary restraining order and injunction, and foreclosure of the Collateral on December 8, 2009, TMX Funding, Inc. v. Telecom Industries, LLC, et. al., (Santa Clara Case No. 1-09-CV-158908).
- 29. Pursuant to an Order dated December 9, 2009, the Superior Court: (1) appointed a receiver to preserve and safeguard the Collateral and to operate and manage the Collateral and (2) issued a temporary restraining order (the "Receivership Order" and the "TRO"), a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A."
- 30. The TRO ordered *inter alia* that all agents, officers and employees of Teledex may not:
- a. Commit or permit any waste of the Receivership Estate's assets or any part thereof, or suffer or commit or permit any act or any part thereof in violation of law, or remove, transfer, encumber or otherwise dispose of any of the Receivership Estate's assets or any part thereof;
- b. Demand, collect, receive, discount or in any other way divert or use any of the cash, Accounts, funds and other items which constitute the Receivership Property;
- c. Directly or indirectly interfere in any manner with the discharge of the Receiver's duties under this Order or the Receiver's possession and maintenance of the Receivership Estate;
- d. Expend, disburse, transfer, assign, sell, convey, devise, pledge, mortgage, create a security interest in, encumber, conceal or in any manner whatsoever deal in or dispose of the whole or any part of the Receivership Estate's 7

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assets without prior Court Order;

- Do any act which will, or would tend to, impair, defeat, divert, e. prevent or prejudice the preservation of the Receivership Estate's assets.
- Defendants R. Lesniak, D. Lesniak, Steigelman, Zhang, Heinlein, and 31. Dover, and each of them, were subject to the TRO and expressly prohibited from committing waste, diverting, interfering, transferring, or conveying any of the Receivership Estate property or assets.
- Pursuant to the Receivership Order, the court-appointed receiver took 32. immediate possession, custody and control of the Collateral and further took control of management and business operations at Teledex to care for, preserve and maintain the Collateral.
- A duly noticed Article 9 public foreclosure sale of certain Collateral 33. took place on December 18, 2009 (the "First Foreclosure Sale"), pursuant to which TMX bid on and acquired the following Collateral: (1) all Goods (including Inventory, Equipment and Fixtures) wherever located in the world, including but not limited to Malaysia, Hong Kong and the UK; (2) all URL addresses owned or controlled by Teledex; (3) all trade names owned or controlled by Teledex; (4) all schematics, designs and other technical information owned, licensed or controlled by Teledex; (5) all telecommunication numbers, including all telephone numbers and facsimile numbers issued to Teledex; (6) all accounting data and information, but not including any accounting software license. TMX further bid on and purchased Collateral of Telecom and TT Systems at the First Foreclosure Sale. TMX purchased the foregoing Collateral at the First Foreclosure Sale for the aggregate sum of \$10,100,000 (Ten million one hundred thousand dollars). True and correct copies of the Memorandum of Public Disposition of Collateral and UCC Transfer Statement pertaining to the First Foreclosure Sale is attached hereto as Exhibits B and C respectively.
 - None of the Defendants appeared, bid, acquired, or purchased any 34.

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property at the First Foreclosure Sale.

- 35. A duly noticed Article 9 public foreclosure sale of certain Collateral took place on January 13, 2010 at 4:00 p.m. (the "Second Foreclosure Sale") pursuant to which TMX bid on and purchased the following Collateral: (a) All accounts; (b) all chattel paper; (c) all documents; (d) all general intangibles (including payment intangibles); (e) all instruments; (g) all supporting obligations and letter of credit rights of Teledex, and (h) all other personal property of Teledex, whether now owned or hereafter acquired or arising and regardless of where located (the "Property"). TMX purchased the foregoing Collateral at the Second Foreclosure Sale for the aggregate sum of \$3,000,000 (three million dollars). True and correct copies of the Memorandum of Public Disposition of Collateral and UCC Transfer Statement pertaining to the Second Foreclosure Sale is attached hereto as Exhibits D and E respectively.
- 36. None of the Defendants appeared, bid, acquired, or purchased any property at the Second Foreclosure Sale.

THE INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS' EMPLOYMENT, DUTIES AND OBLIGATIONS AT TELEDEX

- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that 37. Defendant R. Lesniak was the Chief Executive Officer of Teledex. During his employment with Teledex, Lesniak was directly charged with developing and implementing the company policies and strategies and developing and maintaining business on a day-to-day basis. As the highest ranking executive, Lesniak's position was one of high trust and confidence.
- 38. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendant Steigelman worked as a sales manager for the Western sales region for Teledex, including Western United States, Western Canada, and South America. During his employment with Teledex, Steigelman was directly charged with developing, on behalf of Teledex, a close business working relationship with its

 current and prospective customers. In many instances, Steigelman was the primary contact for such customers and, as such, his position was one of high trust and confidence.

- 39. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that
 Defendant Heinlein worked as a sales manager for the Western sales region for
 Teledex including Eastern United States. During his employment with Teledex,
 Heinlein was directly charged with developing, on behalf of Teledex, a close
 business working relationship with its current and prospective customers. In many
 instances, Heinlein was the primary contact for such customers and, as such, his
 position was one of high trust and confidence.
- 40. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendant Zhang worked as vice president of engineering for Teledex. During his employment with Teledex, Zhang was directly charged with developing, creating, and trouble-shooting the technologies belonging to Teledex. Customer feedback generated specific product offerings and innovations and such confidential feedback was entrusted and confided in Zhang. As such, Zhang's position was one of high trust and confidence.
- 41. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendant Dover worked as a customer service manager at Teledex. During her employment at Teledex, Dover was charged with gathering, tabulating, compiling, and generating data regarding confidential and proprietary sales, shipping and customer service feedback. As such, Dover was in a position of high trust and confidence.
- 42. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendant D. Lesniak was a sales manager of the ExpressNet product. During his employment with Teledex, D. Lesniak was directly charged with developing, on behalf of Teledex, a close business working relationship with its current and prospective customers. In many instances, D. Lesniak was the primary contact for BN 5082198v1

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Teledex's business methods, plans and strategies, including, but not limited to, the logins, passwords, highly confidential customer lists, profiles, and records was developed by Teledex at substantial effort and expense and was provided to the Individual Defendants during the course of their employment with Teledex, and it was and is confidential information, trade secrets and proprietary information not generally accessible to third parties.

- 45. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that in connection with the Individual Defendants' respective employment with Teledex, each of them entered into a Proprietary Information and Employee Inventions Agreement, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "F," and a Confidential Information Policy and Agreement, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "G."
- 46. The Proprietary Information and Employee Inventions Agreement provides, in relevant part:

4. Definition of Proprietary Information

As used herein, the term "Proprietary Information" refers to any and all information of a confidential, proprietary, or secret nature which is or may be either applicable to, or related in any way to (i) the business, present or future, of the Company or any Subsidiary; (ii) the research and development...of the Company or any Subsidiary; (iii) the business of any customer of the Company or any Subsidiary. Proprietary Information includes, for example and without limitation, trade secrets (as defined by California Civil Code section 3426), processes, formulas, know-how, improvements, inventions, techniques, marketing plans and strategies, and information concerning customers or vendors. (Emphasis added)

5. Proprietary Information to be Kept in Confidence

Employee acknowledges that the Proprietary Information is a special, valuable and unique asset of the Company, and Employee agrees at all times during the period of his/her employment and thereafter to keep in confidence and trust all Proprietary Information... (Emphasis added)

8. Return of Materials at Termination

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In the event of any termination of his/her employment, whether or not for cause and whatever the reason, Employee will promptly deliver to the Company, or any Subsidiary designated by it, all documents, data, records and other information pertaining to his/her employment, and Employee shall not take with him/her any documents or data, or any reproduction or excerpt of any documents or data, containing or pertaining to any Proprietary Information.

9. Disclosure to Company; Inventions as Sole Property of the Company

Employee acknowledges and agrees that all Inventions shall be the sole property of the Company...

11. Injunction

Employee agrees that it would be difficult to measure damage to the Company from any breach by Employee of the promises set forth in paragraphs 5, 6, 8 and 9 herein, and that injury to the Company from any such breach would be impossible to calculate, and that money damages would therefore be an inadequate remedy for any such breach. Accordingly, Employee agrees that if he/she shall breach any provision of paragraphs 5, 6, 8 and 9, or any of them, the Company shall be entitled in addition to all remedies it may have, to an injunction or other appropriate orders to restrain any such breach by Employee without showing or proving any actual damage sustained by the Company. (Emphasis added)

- 47. The Confidential Information Policy and Agreement provides policies, procedures and instructions to employees regarding the handling and treatment of confidential and proprietary information with third party customers, vendors and suppliers to prevent disclosure and dissemination of confidential, proprietary and trade secret information.
- 48. Teledex required its employees and the Individual Defendants to sign written agreements wherein employees agree that the referred to information is confidential, proprietary, trade secret information and that such information may only be sued in connection with his or her employment with Teledex and may not be disclosed to third parties, except as specifically permitted and approved.
- 49. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Teledex maintained computer login procedures that restrict, monitor and log access

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ICHALTER NEMER to the above-referenced information.

- 50. Teledex maintained confidential login and password-protected access to its computers, computer network, servers, and databases.
- 51. Teledex maintained confidential password-protected access to the 800 Line, incoming calls to the 800 Line, and data related to the 800 Line to only certain, few, customer support, technology support and engineering professionals charged with the responsibility of fielding support and service calls.
- 52. As employees, the Individual Defendants owed Teledex a duty of undivided loyalty. The duty required the Individual Defendants to put forth their best efforts and undivided work time to promote the business of Teledex, and not to use their work at Teledex or its confidential, proprietary and trade secret information for their own and others' benefit to the detriment of Teledex.
- 53. On or about December 13, 2009, R. Lesniak, as Teledex's Chief Executive Officer provided Teledex's employees written notice of termination, mass layoff and/or plant closure, including but not limited to, the Individual Defendants and each of them.
- 54. On or about December 10, 2009, the court-appointed receiver notified and requested that employees, including the Individual Defendants, return to work on Monday, December 15, 2009 to maintain and preserve the business operations of Teledex. The receiver offered employment for a term of five work days up to and until December 19, 2009.
- 55. TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the Individual Defendants did not work for the receiver following the receiver's December 10, 2009 request.
- 56. TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the Individual Defendants are now employed by Defendant Impero and are actively attempting to do business and doing with numerous customers that they formerly serviced at Teledex, using Plaintiff's confidential, proprietary trade secret

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information, that they wrongfully took, stole, copied, deleted and/or accessed.

- 57. TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that, prior to, in connection with, and following their departure from Teledex, the Individual Defendants, took, copied, removed, accessed and/or erased TMX's confidential, proprietary and trade secret information for use at Impero.
- 58. TMX is informed believes and based thereon alleges that the Defendants have continued to actively communicate with, and do business with, and attempted to do business with the customers they formerly were assigned to service while at Teledex by using confidential, proprietary and trade secret information that they took, copied, removed, accessed, and/or erased from TMX.
- 59. TMX is informed believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants have used Teledex's confidential, proprietary and trade secret information in seeking to unlawfully obtain such customers' business and seeking to cripple TMX from engaging in business with such customers.

THEFT OF TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE PROPERTY IS DISCOVERED FROM DECEMBER 2009 TO THE PRESENT

- 60. During the time period from December 10, 2009 to December 19, 2009 the court-appointed receiver determined that three laptop computers and two tower computers were stolen from Teledex's offices in San Jose, California.
- 61. TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that prior to or immediately following the appointment of the receiver, hard files, hardware, servers, and computer and internet access cards were stolen from Teledex's offices in San Jose, California.
- 62. TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants used confidential and proprietary information to obtain unauthorized access to Teledex servers and computer networks and copied, misappropriated, removed, overwrote, removed, and erased confidential, proprietary and trade secret information as recently as January 1, 2010. Defendants' conduct is and was in

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violation of inter alia, the TRO and the Proprietary Information and Employee Inventions Agreement.

- TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that 63. Defendants removed, took, removed, and/or erased confidential, proprietary and trade secret information that belongs to TMX such that the information is now in the sole possession of Defendants and not in the possession or custody of TMX.
- TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that 64. Defendant Impero knows that the Individual Defendants signed and were obligated to comply with the Proprietary Information and Employee Inventions Agreement.
- TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that it is 65. Defendant Impero's practice and policy to hire employees of its competitors with the expectation that the new employees will be able to obtain for Impero the confidential, proprietary and trade secret information of the competitor and to take such information away from the competitor such that the competitor can no longer use such information.
- TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that it is 66. Defendant Impero's practice and policy to hire employees of its competitors with the expectation that, once hired, the new employees will be able to obtain for Impero the confidential, proprietary and trade secret information of the competitor and to use that information to unilaterally step into the shoes of the competitor, attempt to do business, and do business with the competitor's customers.
- TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that in 67. connection with the use of TMX's confidential information, trade secrets and proprietary information, the Individual Defendants have and continue to do business with and/or attempt to generate business on behalf of Impero from those customers and accounts that Teledex charged them with the duty of maintaining and handling. The Individual Defendants have attempted to do business and/or are doing business with such customers without informing the customers that: (1) they 16 BN 5082198v1

are no longer agents, employees, or representatives of Teledex doing business on behalf of Teledex and/or (2) they are now agents, employees and representatives of Impero doing business on behalf of Impero.

68. TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the Individual Defendants have further encouraged, requested and caused Teledex customers to transfer business from Teledex to Impero and have done so in connection with the use of TMX's confidential information, trade secrets and proprietary information. Such confidential information, trade secrets and proprietary information has allowed Defendants to target specific customer representatives, using customer feedback technological information belonging to TMX as recently as January 1, 2010, to structure their own proposals with full knowledge of prior and recent needs and prior agreements with Teledex.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Misappropriation of Trade Secrets--

In Violation of California Civil Code §§ 3426, et seq. Against All Defendants)

- 69. TMX realleges and incorporates by this reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 62, inclusive.
- 70. Defendants have wrongfully misappropriated for their own use and benefit trade secret and confidential proprietary information of Teledex and TMX, including the confidential proprietary information, including but not limited to customer information and technological information created or developed at substantial time and expense.
- 71. Defendants are in the possession of and are presently using for their sole economic benefit the trade secrets and confidential, proprietary information of TMX including the Confidential Information and Proprietary Information.
- 72. Defendants' use of this confidential, proprietary information and these trade secrets will deprive TMX of an extremely valuable competitive advantage

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which was gained through substantial time and expense, and maintained in secrecy.

- 73. Defendants (a) misappropriated this confidential, proprietary information and these trade secrets through improper means, or (b) acquired this confidential, proprietary information and these trade secrets under circumstances which give rise to a duty on the part of Defendants and other persons with access to those trade secrets to maintain their secrecy and limited use. Defendant Impero acquired this confidential, proprietary information and these trade secrets at a time when they knew, or had reason to know, that this confidential, proprietary information and these trade secrets had been acquired through improper means.
- 74. Defendants have commenced, and are about to commence, solicitation of Teledex customers based upon the confidential, proprietary information and trade secrets misappropriated from Teledex and TMX.
- 75. Defendants' improper use of TMX's confidential, proprietary information and trade secrets will continue, to the irreparable injury of TMX unless enjoined by this Court. TMX has no speedy or adequate remedy at law to prevent this irreparable injury absent the requested injunction. TMX accordingly requires an injunction in the form to be submitted to this Court prohibiting solicitation of Teledex's customers and requiring a return of Teledex's and TMX's Confidential Information and Proprietary Information.
- 76. As a direct and proximate result of defendants' misappropriation of TMX's confidential, proprietary information and trade secrets, TMX has suffered damages in an amount which is presently unascertainable, plus interest in accordance with applicable law. TMX will seek leave of this Court to amend this Complaint to set forth the precise amount of these damages when that amount has been ascertained.
- 77. Defendants' conduct in obtaining and exploiting TMX's Confidential Information and Proprietary Information was and is willful, intentional, fraudulent, malicious, and oppressive, and has been taken in clear violation of TMX's rights in BN 5082198v1 18

its trade secrets and proprietary information despite defendants' knowledge of those rights. Defendants' acts constitute despicable conduct. This wrongful conduct was authorized and ratified by Defendant Impero. This conduct entitles TMX to an award of punitive and exemplary damages.

78. Defendants' misappropriation of TMX's trade secrets has been willful and malicious and has forced TMX to retain attorneys to protect its legal rights in its proprietary information and trade secrets. Defendants' conduct entitles TMX to an award of its attorneys' fees incurred and expended in protecting these rights, in an amount according to proof.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Fiduciary Duty and Duty of Loyalty-Against R. Lesniak, D. Lesniak, Steigelman, Zhang, Heinlein, and
Dover)

- 79. TMX realleges and incorporates by this reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 78, inclusive.
- 80. R. Lesniak, D. Lesniak, Steigelman, Zhang, Heinlein, and Dover, inclusive, in their capacity as sales representatives, managers and/or executives of Teledex, occupied positions of trust and confidence with Teledex and had a fiduciary duty to exercise the utmost good faith and loyalty to Teledex.
- 81. In the course and scope of their duties with Teledex these defendants were granted access to and entrusted with substantial confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets, including the Confidential Information and Proprietary Information, with the express understanding and agreement that this confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets would be used by these defendants solely within the scope of their employment with Teledex and for the benefit of Teledex and its affiliates and subsidiaries. Further, the fiduciary obligations of these Individual Defendants created a duty on the part of these Individual Defendants not to disclose any Teledex confidential, proprietary

information, or trade secrets to any person outside those expressly authorized by Teledex. This confidential, proprietary information, and these trade secrets were, and remain, the sole and exclusive property of Teledex., duly and lawfully purchased and acquired by TMX.

- 82. These Individual Defendants have breached their fiduciary duties to, and confidential relationship with Teledex, by misappropriating, disclosing, and disseminating Teledex's confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets to unauthorized third parties and by using this information to solicit existing Teledex customers.
- 83. TMX has lawfully acquired and purchased certain of Teledex's Collateral including but not limited to proceeds, claims and rights to payments.
- 84. The breach of fiduciary duty by these Individual Defendants will continue, to the irreparable injury of TMX, unless enjoined by this Court.
- 85. As a direct and proximate result of the breach of their fiduciary duties by these Individual Defendants, TMX has suffered damages in an amount which is presently unascertainable, plus interest in accordance with applicable law. TMX will seek leave of this Court to amend this Complaint to set forth the precise amount of those damages when that amount has been ascertained.
- 86. The conduct of these Individual Defendants as alleged herein, is a violation of the fiduciary obligations each owed and knew they owed to Teledex, and was ands willful, intentional, malicious, and oppressive and as such constitutes despicable conduct. This conduct entitles TMX to an award of punitive damages against these Individual Defendants.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Contract--

Against R. Lesniak, D. Lesniak, Steigelman, Zhang, Heinlein, and Dover)

87. TMX realleges and incorporates by this reference each and every

1	allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 86, inclusive.		
2	88. TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that		
3	Defendants R. Lesniak, D. Lesniak, Steigelman, Zhang, Heinlein, and Dover and		
4	Teledex entered into written agreements relating to, inter alia, confidential		
5	information, proprietary information, inventions, and trade secrets. The agreemen		
6	were entered into for the valuable consideration of the Individual Defendants'		
7	employment at Teledex. These written agreements, which consist of the Teledex		
8	Proprietary Information and Inventions Agreement, each of these Defendants		
9	agreed that:		
10	5. Proprietary Information to be Kept in Confidence		
11	Employee acknowledges that the Proprietary Information		
12	is a special, valuable and unique asset of the Company, and Employee agrees at all times during the period of his/her employment and thereafter to keep in confidence		
13	and trust all Proprietary Information (Emphasis added)		
14	8. Return of Materials at Termination		
15	In the event of any termination of his/her employment, whether or not for cause and whatever the reason,		
16	Employee will promptly deliver to the Company, or any Subsidiary designated by it, all documents, data, records		
17	and other information pertaining to his/her employment.		
18	and Employee shall not take with him/her any documents or data, or any reproduction or excerpt of any documents or data, containing or pertaining to any Proprietary		
19	Information.		
20	9. Disclosure to Company; Inventions as Sole Property of the Company		
- 21	Employee acknowledges and agrees that all Inventions		
22	shall be the sole property of the Company		
23			
24	89. By virtue of the acts described herein, Lesniak, Steigelman, Zhang,		
25	Heinlein, and Dover, each of them, have breached the provisions of their respective		
26	Proprietary Information and Inventions Agreements with Teledex in, inter alia, the		
27	following ways:		
28	(a) by disclosing Teledex confidential, proprietary information, and trade		
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Defendants to take possession of any of the items described herein.

- Defendants' possession of TMX's property, confidential and proprietary information and trade secrets is in direct violation of the TRO and Teledex's Proprietary Information and Inventions Agreement of the Individual Defendants and the fiduciary duties of each of them. Further, Defendants' possession of the items described herein is the possession of wrongfully obtained trade secrets acquired by an improper means by persons who knew, or who had reason to know, that knowledge of TMX's confidential, proprietary information and trade secrets was acquired under circumstances giving rise to a duty to limit its use or maintain its secrecy in accordance with California Civil Code §§ 3426, et seq.
- Defendants' theft and taking of TMX's property, misappropriation of 97. TMX's trade secrets, and use of misappropriated trade secrets will continue to irreparably injure TMX, unless and until enjoined and restrained by this Court.
- TMX has no adequate remedy at law to prevent defendants from 98. continuing to refuse to return to TMX the confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets misappropriated by defendants. TMX therefore seeks an order of this Court requiring defendants, and each of them, to return all TMX confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Unfair Competition In Violation of California Business and Professions

Code §§ 17200, et seq.--Against All Defendants)

- TMX realleges and incorporates by this reference each and every 99. allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 98, inclusive.
- 100. Defendants' acts as alleged herein, including, inter alia, misappropriating and using TMX's property, confidential and proprietary information, and trade secrets, constitute acts of unfair competition within the meaning of California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. TMX has BN 5082198v1

no speedy or adequate remedy at law because defendants' acts of misappropriation have caused, and will continue to cause, irreparable injury to TMX.

- 101. Defendants' taking of TMX's property and information and misappropriation of TMXs confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets are in violation of the Uniform Trade Secrets Act ("UTSA"), Civil Code §3426, et seq.
- 102. Defendants' taking, accessing, copying, using, and/or deleting of Teledex's property and information is in violation of Penal Code section 502.
- 103. TMX is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that defendants have continued these acts of unfair competition as herein above described, and will continue these acts unless and until enjoined and restrained by an Order of this Court.
- 104. As a direct and proximate result of these acts of unfair competition, TMX has suffered damages in an amount which is presently unascertainable. When the precise amount of those damages has been ascertained, TMX will seek leave of this Court to amend this Complaint 'to reflect the amount of those damages.
- 105. Defendants' conduct was and is willful, intentional, malicious and oppressive, and constitutes despicable conduct in direct derogation and violation of the rights and duties defendants knew were owed to Teledex. This conduct entitles TMX to an award of punitive and exemplary damages against the defendants, and each of them.
- 106. Defendants' taking of TMX's property and information and misappropriation of TMXs confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets has forced TMX to retain attorneys to protect its legal rights in its proprietary information and trade secrets. Defendants' conduct entitles TMX to an award of its attorneys' fees incurred and expended in protecting these rights, in an amount according to proof.

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SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Interference with Prospective Business Relations-**Against All Defendants**)

- 107. TMX realleges and incorporates by this reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 106, inclusive.
- 108. Over the course of many years, and at great expense and effort, Teledex has developed a substantial business in developing and providing technology, internet and telephone solutions to hotels, resorts, and high-density condominiums and apartment complexes.
- 109. Through its efforts, Teledex has established a relationship between itself and its customers. Once a satisfactory relationship exists, that customer will normally authorize Teledex to continue with additional purchases. This business relationship is such that it will normally continue unless and until interfered with.
- 110. Defendants, through the use of unfair methods of competition as described herein, have solicited and induced, and are continuing to solicit and induce, TMX's customers to do business with defendants rather than with TMX. But for this interference, these customers would have placed, or would have continued to place, their business with TMX.
- 111. The wrongful and tortious acts of Defendants, as alleged herein, have directly and proximately damaged TMX in a sum which is presently unascertainable, plus interest in accordance with applicable law. When the precise amount of these damages has been ascertained, TMX will seek leave of this Court to amend this Complaint to set forth the full amount of these damages.
- 112. In doing the acts alleged herein, defendants have acted with oppression, fraud and malice, without justification, and with the intent to damage TMX in its business and customer relations, all of which constitutes despicable conduct. TMX is therefore entitled to an award of punitive and exemplary damages against defendants, and each of them.

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SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Imposition of a Constructive Trust and/or an Accounting--Against All Defendants)

- 113. TMX realleges and incorporates by this reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 112, inclusive.
- 114. As a result of the wrongful and tortious acts alleged herein,
 Defendants, and each of them, are now in possession of substantial sums which
 properly should be conveyed to TMX. No part of said sums have been delivered by
 defendants to TMX.
- 115. By reason of the wrongful manner in which defendants, and each of them, obtained said sums, defendants are now involuntary trustees holding said sums and profits therefrom in constructive trust for TMX with a duty to convey said sums and profits to TMX forthwith.
- 116. TMX has been and will be unable to ascertain the precise amount of the sums held by defendants, and each of them, as constructive trustees, without a full and complete accounting by defendants. TMX prays that this Court imposes acconstructive trust on all profits and other sums obtained by defendants from the wrongful and tortious acts as alleged herein, and requires a full and complete accounting to TMX of all said sums forthwith.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Violation of Penal Code §502 -

Against all Defendants)

- 117. TMX realleges and incorporates by this reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 116, inclusive.
- 118. California Penal Code section 502(e) provides that a civil cause of action is available against any person who commits any acts in violation of section 502(c).
 - 119. TMX is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that

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Defendants violated section 502(c) by committing the following acts:

- Improperly accessing and gaining entry without authorization to (a) TMX's computer network and servers;
- Knowingly accessing TMX's networks and computer systems (b) and without permission altering, damaging, deleting, destroying and otherwise making use of data to wrongfully obtain money, property and data;
- Knowingly and without permission accessing TMX data and (c) copied, took, deleted, and made use of data;
- Knowingly and without permission provided and/or assisted in (d) providing a means to access TMX's computers, servers, networks and computer systems.
- 120. As a direct, proximate and foreseeable result of Defendants' unlawful actions, TMX suffered and continues to suffer substantial losses and damages in an amount equal to be proven at trial.
- 121. As a result of the actions herein alleged, TMX is entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to Penal Code section 502(e)(2).
- 122. TMX is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that the Defendants have continued these unlawful acts as herein above described, and will continue these acts unless and until enjoined and restrained by an Order of this Court, as is expressly authorized by Penal Code section 502(e)(1).
- 123. TMX is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that the Defendants' wrongful actions were taken with the intent to injure TMX and its business. TMX further alleges that Defendants knowingly and willfully committed the acts alleged herein in violation of Penal Code section 502(c). TMX is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that said despicable acts were done maliciously, oppressively, and with a wanton disregard of TMX's rights. TMX is therefore entitled to punitive damages against Defendants pursuant to Penal Code section 502(e)(4), in an amount according to proof. BN 5082198v1

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PRAYER

WHEREFORE TMX prays for relief against all Defendants, as follows:

- For a temporary restraining order and a preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining and restraining Defendants, their officers, directors, agents, subsidiaries, servants, employees, and any other person, firm, entity or corporation acting in concert with or controlled by them, in whole or in part from:
- Destroying, erasing, deleting, overwriting, or corrupting any data, (1) information and trade secrets relating to the technology, customers, suppliers, and any other information relating to the business operations of Teledex;
- Accessing, divulging, making known, or making any use whatsoever (2)of the confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets of TMX, acquired from Teledex and/or TMX, which confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets consist of information obtained from TMX by defendants and relating to: data, technology, products, and services of Teledex, the identity of Teledex's customers, the identity of Teledex's customer contacts, pricing of Teledex's products, sales, pricing, shipping, and invoicing information regarding Teledex's customers, and other Confidential Information and Proprietary Information.
- Attempting to do business with, doing business with, soliciting or (3) accepting, directly or indirectly, any bids, proposals, contracts, orders, sales, or agreements for the sale of products or services with any customer or supplier using any confidential, proprietary information and trade secrets of TMX;
- Taking any steps whatsoever to enter into or perform agreements, (4) sales, or orders with any customer or supplier of Teledex using any confidential, proprietary information and trade secrets of TMX;
- Disclosing, sharing, copying, or divulging any of the confidential, (5)proprietary and trade secret information of TMX to any business or individual;
- Intentionally interfering with or inducing a breach of any contract (6)between or among Teledex and TMX and any of its customers, suppliers,

employees or any other contracting party;

(7) Intentionally interfering with

- (7) Intentionally interfering with any prospective business opportunities between or among TMX and its respective customers or suppliers; and
- (8) Developing, producing or procuring, selling or marketing any product, service, program, or system, which is based, in whole or in part, on any TMX confidential, proprietary information, trade secret, or product obtained or diverted from TMX by defendants with TMX's direct authorization or consent.
- (9) Accessing Teledex's computers, networks, servers and computer systems and using, copying, taking, erasing, deleting or overwriting any data or information;
- B. For a temporary restraining order and preliminary and permanent injunction requiring defendants, their officers, directors, agents, subsidiaries, servants, employees and any other person, firm, entity or corporation acting in concert with or controlled by them, in whole or in part, to immediately deliver to TMX any of the following which are in their control, custody or possession:
- (1) All hardware, software and other tangible property belonging to TMX, including but not limited to laptop computers, desktop computers, tower computers, hard drives, servers, an any other data storage and/or memory device;
- (2) All data, information, codes, passwords, code source information, customer and supplier information, and any other confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets belonging to TMX;
- (3) Any information regarding any Teledex and TMX present contract or business relationship;
- (4) Any Teledex and TMX confidential, proprietary information, and trade secrets created, assembled or derived in connection with TMX's and Teledex's development and defendants' use of any of the items set forth above, including the Confidential Information and Proprietary Information;

- C. For a temporary restraining order and preliminary and permanent injunction prohibiting defendants, their officers, directors, agents, subsidiaries, servants, employees and any other person, firm, entity or corporation acting in concert with or controlled by them, in whole or in part, from destroying, deleting, erasing, or corrupting any property, data, codes, software, or technical information taken, obtained, copied, or deleted from TMX and/or Teledex.
- D. For a temporary restraining order and preliminary and permanent injunction prohibiting defendants, their officers, directors, agents, subsidiaries, servants, employees and any other person, firm, entity or corporation acting in concert with or controlled by them, in whole or in part, from committing any further acts of unfair competition and from utilizing confidential, proprietary and trade secret information obtained from Defendants from TMX and/or Teledex.
- E. For damages in an amount which is presently unascertainable, plus interest in accordance with applicable law.
- F. For punitive and exemplary damages against defendants, and each of them.
- G For recovery of all attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action, in an amount according to proof.
- H. For a declaration that defendants, and each of them, hold all monies received as a result of their wrongful acts alleged herein in constructive trust for TMX.
- I. For an order compelling defendants, and each of them, to fully account to TMX for all monies received as a result of the wrongful acts alleged-herein.
- J. For an order requiring defendants, and each of them, to transfer possession of said monies to TMX.
 - K. For cost of suit incurred herein.

1	L. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.		
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3	DATED: January 14, 2010	Buchalter Nemer A Professional Corporation	
4	·	A Totessional Corporation	
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6		By: Wholbrook	
7		Carol A. Dwyer	
8		Peter D. Holbrook Carol A. Dwyer Attorneys for Plaintiff TMX FUNDING INC., A DELAWARE CORPORATION	
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