

law clerks or otherwise communicating with a Judge or the Judge's staff regarding a pending matter, without prior notice to opposing counsel." Civ. L.R. 11-4(c). Furthermore, any written request to the Court for an order must be presented by filing a proper motion or stipulation. See Civ. L.R. 7-1(a). One purpose for the prohibition on ex parte communications is that all parties should have equal access to the evidence and arguments being presented so that they may respond to or object to the evidence and argument presented. A second purpose is that there is a strong public policy in favor of access to Court records, and emails to the Court do not appear on the Court's accessible records. Because the ex parte communications from plaintiff violated the Local Rules, the Court did not respond to them, did not consider them, and now strikes them. A copy of the emails will be filed under seal to preserve them for the record. Further ex parte communications are not welcome. IT IS SO ORDERED. Date: March 19, 2015 United States Magistrate Judge