

United States District Court
Northern District of California

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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION**

POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT
SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF DETROIT,
Individually and On Behalf of All Others
Similarly Situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

ROSEMARY A. CRANE, PATRICK D.
SPANGLER, and EPOCRATES, INC.,

Defendants.

Case No. 3:13-CV-00945-VC
Hon. Vince Chhabria

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
CASE NO. 3:13-CV-00945-VC

1 2. DEFINITIONS

2 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
3 information or items under this Order.

4 2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is
5 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of
6 Civil Procedure 26(c).

7 2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well
8 as their support staff).

9 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it
10 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

11 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium
12 or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,
13 transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
14 discovery in this matter.

15 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
16 the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a
17 consultant in this action.

18 2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action, or any party’s
19 predecessors, successors, affiliates, parents, or subsidiaries. House Counsel does not include
20 Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

21 2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal
22 entity not named as a Party to this action.

23 2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action
24 but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on
25 behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

26 2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
27 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

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1 2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
2 Material in this action.

3 2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services
4 (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing,
5 storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

6 2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
7 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

8 2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
9 Producing Party.

10 3. SCOPE

11 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as
12 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all
13 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,
14 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.
15 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following
16 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving
17 Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of
18 publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record
19 through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the
20 disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the
21 information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of
22 Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

23 4. DURATION

24 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
25 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order
26 otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and
27 defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion
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1 and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the
2 time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

3 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

4 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or
5 Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to
6 limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The
7 Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or
8 oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents,
9 items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within
10 the ambit of this Order.

11 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown
12 to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily
13 encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on
14 other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

15 If it comes to a Designating Party’s attention that information or items that it designated for
16 protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties
17 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

18 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
19 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
20 Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so
21 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

22 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

23 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
24 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party
25 affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion
26 or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly
27 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

1 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection
2 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it
3 would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the
4 material made available for inspection shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting
5 Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must
6 determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then,
7 before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL”
8 legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on
9 a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s)
10 (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

11 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the
12 Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other
13 proceeding, all protected testimony.

14 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other
15 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or
16 containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a
17 portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent
18 practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

19 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If corrected within 60 days, an inadvertent failure
20 to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s
21 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
22 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in
23 accordance with the provisions of this Order.

24 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

25 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
26 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality
27 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens,
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1 or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a
2 confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original
3 designation is disclosed.

4 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process
5 by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each
6 challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must
7 recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph
8 of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must
9 begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication
10 are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging
11 Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and
12 must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the
13 circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen
14 designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it
15 has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is
16 unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process within 14 days of the date of service of
17 notice.

18 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
19 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Civil
20 Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) within 21 days of the
21 initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer process
22 will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be accompanied by a
23 competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer
24 requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make such a
25 motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall
26 automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the
27 Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is
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1 good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any
2 portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a
3 competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer
4 requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

5 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
6 Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose
7 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions.
8 Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to
9 retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question
10 the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the court
11 rules on the challenge.

12 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

13 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
14 produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
15 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to
16 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has
17 been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of Section 13 below (FINAL
18 DISPOSITION).

19 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a
20 secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

21 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered
22 by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
23 information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

24 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees
25 of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for
26 this litigation;

27 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving
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1 Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation;

2 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
3 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement
4 to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

5 (d) the court and its personnel;

6 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and
7 Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation;

8 (f) in preparation for or during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom
9 disclosure is reasonably necessary, unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by
10 the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected
11 Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except
12 as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

13 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or
14 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

15 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
16 LITIGATION

17 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
18 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that Party
19 must:

20 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party within seven (7) days of receipt of
21 the subpoena or court order. Such notification shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

22 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the
23 other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this
24 Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

25 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the
26 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

27 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena
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1 or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL”
2 before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has
3 obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and
4 expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these
5 provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to
6 disobey a lawful directive from another court.

7 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS
8 LITIGATION

9 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this
10 action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in
11 connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order.
12 Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional
13 protections.

14 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-
15 Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the
16 Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential information, then the Party shall:

17 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or
18 all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

19 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in
20 this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the
21 information requested; and

22 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

23 (c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this or any other court within 14
24 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party shall produce the
25 Non-Party’s confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely
26 seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or
27 control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by

1 the court, unless otherwise ordered by this Court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-
2 Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

3 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

4 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
5 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order,
6 the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized
7 disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c)
8 inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this
9 Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to
10 Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

11 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
12 MATERIAL

13 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced
14 material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties
15 are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to
16 modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production
17 without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the
18 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by
19 the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement
20 in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

21 12. MISCELLANEOUS

22 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek
23 its modification by the court in the future.

24 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order
25 no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
26 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no
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1 Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by
2 this Protective Order.

3 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party or
4 a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the
5 public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any
6 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed
7 under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at
8 issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing
9 that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to
10 protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal
11 pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d) is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the
12 information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed by
13 the court.

14 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

15 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each
16 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material.
17 As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
18 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether
19 the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written
20 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party)
21 by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material
22 that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,
23 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
24 Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all
25 pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda,
26 correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant
27 and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival

1 copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set
2 forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

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4 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

5

6 DATED: May 18, 2015

By: s/ Beth A. Kaswan

SCOTT+SCOTT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, LLP

Beth A. Kaswan (*pro hac vice*)

bkaswan@scott-scott.com

Deborah Clark-Weintraub (*pro hac vice*)

dweintraub@scott-scott.com

Donald A. Broggi (*pro hac vice*)

dbroggi@scott-scott.com

Amanda F. Lawrence (*pro hac vice*)

alawrence@scott-scott.com

Joseph D. Cohen (#155601)

jcohen@scott-scott.com

The Chrysler Building

405 Lexington Avenue, 40th Floor

New York, New York 10174

Telephone: (212) 223-6444

Facsimile: (212) 223-6334

16

17 DATED: May 18, 2015

By: s/ Joshua L. Crowell

GLANCY PRONGAY & MURRAY LLP

Lionel Z. Glancy (#134180)

Joshua L. Crowell (#295411)

jcrowell@glancylaw.com

1925 Century Park East, Suite 2100

Los Angeles, California 90067

Telephone: (310) 201-9150

Facsimile: (310) 201-9160

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DATED: May 18, 2015

By: s/ Michael T. Jones
Michael T. Jones (SBN 290660)
mjones@goodwinprocter.com
Nicholas A. Reider (SBN 296440)
nreider@goodwinprocter.com
GOODWIN PROCTER LLP
135 Commonwealth Drive
Menlo Park, California 94025
Telephone: (650) 752-3100
Facsimile: (650) 853-1038

Deborah S. Birnbach (*pro hac vice*)
dbirnbach@goodwinprocter.com
GOODWIN PROCTER LLP
53 State Street
Boston, Massachusetts 02109
Telephone: (617) 570-1000
Facsimile: (617) 523-1231

*Attorneys for Defendants
Epocrates, Inc., Rosemary A. Crane,
and Patrick D. Spangler*

PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: May 20, 2015



Hon. Vince Chhabria

CIVIL L.R. 5-1 ATTESTATION

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I, Joshua L. Crowell, am the ECF User whose ID and Password are being used to file this STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER. In compliance with Civil L.R. 5-1(i)(3), I hereby attest that Nicholas A. Reider, counsel for Defendants, has concurred to its filing.

Dated: May 18, 2015

s/ Joshua L. Crowell
Joshua L. Crowell

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EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on _____ in the case of POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF DETROIT v. ROSEMARY A. CRANE, PATRICK D. SPANGLER, and EPOCRATES, INC., Case No. 3:13-CV-00945-VC. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order. I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____

1 **PROOF OF SERVICE VIA ELECTRONIC POSTING PURSUANT TO NORTHERN**
2 **DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA LOCAL RULES AND LOCAL CIVIL RULE 5-1**

3 I, the undersigned, say:

4 I am a citizen of the United States and am employed in the office of a member of the Bar
5 of this Court. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address
6 is 1925 Century Park East, Suite 2100, Los Angeles, California 90067.

7 On May 18, 2015, I caused to be served the following document:

8 **STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER**

9 By posting the document to the ECF Website of the United States District Court for the
10 Northern District of California, for receipt electronically by the parties as reflected on the
11 attached Court's Service List.

12 And on any non-ECF registered parties:

13 **By U.S. Mail:** By placing true and correct copies thereof in individual sealed envelopes,
14 with postage thereon fully prepaid, which I deposited with my employer for collection and
15 mailing by the United States Postal Service. I am readily familiar with my employer's practice
16 for the collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal
17 Service. In the ordinary course of business, this correspondence would be deposited by my
18 employer with the United States Postal Service that same day.

19 I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the
20 foregoing is true and correct. Executed on May 18, 2015, at Los Angeles, California.

21 *s/ Joshua L. Crowell* _____
22 Joshua L. Crowell

Mailing Information for a Case 3:13-cv-00945-VC Police and Fire Retirement System of the City of Detroit v. Crane et al

Electronic Mail Notice List

The following are those who are currently on the list to receive e-mail notices for this case.

- **Deborah Sager Birnbach**
dbirnbach@goodwinprocter.com
- **Anne Louise Box**
abox@scott-scott.com,edewan@scott-scott.com,efile@scott-scott.com
- **Deborah Clark-Weintraub**
dweintraub@scott-scott.com,efile@scott-scott.com
- **Joseph Daniel Cohen**
jcohen@scott-scott.com
- **Joshua L Crowell**
jcrowell@glancylaw.com
- **Hal Davis Cunningham**
hcunningham@scott-scott.com,efile@scott-scott.com
- **Lionel Z. Glancy**
info@glancylaw.com,lboyarsky@glancylaw.com,lglancy@glancylaw.com
- **Michael M. Goldberg**
mmgoldberg@glancylaw.com,csadler@glancylaw.com,info@glancylaw.com,rprongay@glancylaw.com
- **Joseph P. Guglielmo**
jguglielmo@scott-scott.com,edewan@scott-scott.com,terockett@scott-scott.com,efile@scott-scott.com
- **Michael T. Jones**
mjones@goodwinprocter.com,AGutierrez@goodwinprocter.com,MOdiakosa@goodwinprocter.com,CaseMatters@goodwinprocter.com
- **Beth A Kaswan**
bkaswan@scott-scott.com
- **Amanda Lawrence**
alawrence@scott-scott.com
- **Teodora Emilova Manolova**
tmanolova@goodwinprocter.com
- **Robert Vincent Prongay**
rprongay@glancylaw.com,info@glancylaw.com,echang@glancylaw.com,bmurray@glancylaw.com
- **Nicholas A Reider**
nreider@goodwinprocter.com
- **Casey Edwards Sadler**
csadler@glancylaw.com

Manual Notice List

The following is the list of attorneys who are **not** on the list to receive e-mail notices for this case (who therefore require manual noticing). You may wish to use your mouse to select and copy this list into your word processing program in order to create notices or labels for these recipients.

Donald Broggi
Scott Scott LLP

The Chrysler Building
405 Lexington Avenue
40th Floor
New York, NY 10174