UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern Dist	rict of California			
WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee, et al., v. CITY OF RICHMOND, CALIFORNIA, a municipality, and MORTGAGE RESOLUTION PARTNERS LLC,)) Case No.: C 13-036)	63 CRB		
BILL C	OF COSTS			
Sudgment having been entered in the above entitled action on	9/16/2013 agains	t	Plaintiffs	,
he Clerk is requested to tax the following as costs:	Date			
Fees of the Clerk		•••••	\$	0.00
Fees for service of summons and subpoena				0.00
Fees for printed or electronically recorded transcripts necessarily Disallowed as unrecoverable under Civil Local Ru	obtained for use in the case.		0.0	58.80
Fees and disbursements for printing Disallowed as unrecoverable under Civil Local Ru		0.0	28.80	
Fees for witnesses (itemize on page two)				0.00
Fees for exemplification and the costs of making copies of any maccessarily obtained for use in the case				0.00
Docket fees under 28 U.S.C. 1923				0.00
Costs as shown on Mandate of Court of Appeals		•••••		0.00
Compensation of court-appointed experts				0.00
Compensation of interpreters and costs of special interpretation s	ervices under 28 U.S.C. 1828			0.00
Other costs (please itemize)				0.00
		TOTAL	\$_0.0	87.60
SPECIAL NOTE: Attach to your bill an itemization and docume	ntation for requested costs in	all categories.		
Decl	aration			
I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing content to the services for which fees have been charged were actually and parties in the following manner: Electronic service First classes Other:				
s/ Attorney: Stacey M. Leyton				
Name of Attorney: Stacey M. Leyton				
For: Defendants City of Richmond and Mortgage Res	solution Partners LLC	Date:	9/30/20	13
Taxatio	n of Costs			
Costs are taxed in the amount of \$0.0		and in	cluded in the ju	dgment.
RICHARD W. WIEKING By:	L'SITH		October 23	, 2013
Clerk of Court	Deputy Clerk		Date	

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Witness Fees (computation, cf. 28 U.S.C. 1821 for statutory fees)								
ATTEN	ATTENDANCE		SUBSISTENCE		EAGE			
Days	Total Cost	Days	Total Cost	Miles	Total Cost	Total Cost Each Witnes		
		1						
			1					
		ļ						
			ĺ					
			<u> </u>	[
				тот	ΓAL			
	ATTEN	ATTENDANCE Total	ATTENDANCE SUBSIS	ATTENDANCE SUBSISTENCE Total Total	ATTENDANCE SUBSISTENCE MILE Total Total Days Cost Days Cost Miles	ATTENDANCE SUBSISTENCE MILEAGE Total Total Total		

NOTICE

Section 1924, Title 28, U.S. Code (effective September 1, 1948) provides:

"Sec. 1924. Verification of bill of costs."

"Before any bill of costs is taxed, the party claiming any item of cost or disbursement shall attach thereto an affidavit, made by himself or by his duly authorized attorney or agent having knowledge of the facts, that such item is correct and has been necessarily incurred in the case and that the services for which fees have been charged were actually and necessarily performed."

See also Section 1920 of Title 28, which reads in part as follows:

"A bill of costs shall be filed in the case and, upon allowance, included in the judgment or decree."

The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure contain the following provisions: RULE 54(d)(1)

Costs Other than Attorneys' Fees.

Unless a federal statute, these rules, or a court order provides otherwise, costs — other than attorney's fees — should be allowed to the prevailing party. But costs against the United States, its officers, and its agencies may be imposed only to the extent allowed by law. The clerk may tax costs on 1 day's notice. On motion served within the next 5 days, the court may review the clerk's action

RULE 6

(d) Additional Time After Certain Kinds of Service.

When a party may or must act within a specified time after service and service is made under Rule5(b)(2)(C), (D), (E), or (F), 3 days are added after the period would otherwise expire under Rule 6(a).

RULE 58(e)

Cost or Fee Awards:

Ordinarily, the entry of judgment may not be delayed, nor the time for appeal extended, in order to tax costs or award fees. But if a timely motion for attorney's fees is made under Rule 54(d)(2), the court may act before a notice of appeal has been filed and become effective to order that the motion have the same effect under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(4) as a timely motion under Rule 59.