

United States District Court For the Northern District of California

2 including (1) the fact and expert discovery cut-off dates; (2) the last day to hear or file dispositive 3 motions; (3) claim construction or class certification briefing deadlines and hearing dates; and (4) 4 pretrial conference and trial dates. Going issue-by-issue, the joint letter shall describe each 5 unresolved issue, summarize each party's position with appropriate legal authority, and provide each 6 party's final proposed compromise before moving to the next issue. The joint letter shall not exceed 7 eight pages (12-point font or greater; margins no less than one inch) without leave of court. Parties 8 are expected to plan for and cooperate in preparing the joint letter so that each side has 9 adequate time to address the arguments. In the rare instance that a joint letter is not possible, 10 each side may submit a letter not to exceed **three** pages, which shall include an explanation of why a United States District Court 11 joint letter was not possible. The parties shall submit one exhibit that sets forth each disputed 12 discovery request in full, followed immediately by the objections and/or responses thereto. No other For the Northern District of California 13 information shall be included in the exhibit. No other exhibits shall be submitted without prior court 14 approval. The court will review the submission(s) and determine whether formal briefing or 15 proceedings are necessary. Discovery letter briefs must be e-filed under the Civil Events 16 category of Motions and Related Filings > Motions - General > "Discovery Letter Brief". 17 The court has found that it is often efficient and beneficial for counsel to appear in person at

18 discovery hearings. This provides the opportunity to engage counsel, where appropriate, in 19 resolving aspects of the discovery dispute while remaining available to rule on disputes that counsel 20 are not able to resolve themselves. For this reason, the court expects counsel to appear in 21 person. Permission to attend by telephone may be granted upon written request made at least one 22 week in advance of the hearing if the court determines that good cause exists to excuse personal 23 attendance, and that personal attendance is not needed in order to have an effective discovery 24 hearing. The facts establishing good cause must be set forth in the request.

letter. The letter must also include a paragraph listing relevant case management deadlines,

25 In emergencies during discovery events (such as depositions), any party may, after 26 exhausting good faith attempts to resolve disputed issues, seek judicial intervention pursuant to Civil 27 L.R. 37-1(b) by contacting the court through the courtroom deputy. If the court is unavailable, the 28 discovery event shall proceed with objections noted for the record.

1

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

CHAMBERS COPIES AND PROPOSED ORDERS

Pursuant to Civil L.R. 5-1(e)(7) and 5-2(b), parties must lodge an extra paper copy of certain filings and mark it as a copy for "Chambers." All chambers copies should be three-hole punched, and must include tabs between exhibits.

Any stipulation or proposed order submitted by an e-filing party shall be submitted by email to dmrpo@cand.uscourts.gov as a word processing attachment on the same day the document is efiled. This address should only be used for this stated purpose unless otherwise directed by the 8 court.

PRIVILEGE LOGS

10 If a party withholds responsive information by claiming that it is privileged or otherwise 11 protected from discovery, that party shall **promptly** provide a privilege log that is sufficiently 12 detailed for the opposing party to assess whether the assertion of privilege is justified. Unless the 13 parties agree to alternative logging methods, the log should include: (a) the title and description of 14 the document, including number of pages or Bates-number range; (b) the subject matter addressed in 15 the document; (c) the identity and position of its author(s); (d) the identity and position of all 16 addressees and recipients; (e) the date the document was prepared and, if different, the date(s) on 17 which it was sent to or shared with persons other than its author(s); and (f) the specific basis for the 18 claim that the document is privileged or protected. Communications involving trial counsel that 19 post-date the filing of the complaint need not be placed on a privilege log. Failure to promptly 20 furnish a privilege log may be deemed a waiver of the privilege or protection.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: August 11, 2014

DONNA M. RYU United States Magistrate Judge