1 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 Northern District of California 9 10 San Francisco Division 11 LARRY RICHARDS, No. C 14-03293 LB 12 Plaintiff, DER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A v. MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION 13 CAROLYN COLVIN, et al., 14 [Re: ECF No. 11] Defendants. 15 In this action, Larry Richards filed a petition asking the court to issue a writ of mandamus 16 17 directing the Social Security Administration ("SSA") to "properly process" his "January 4, 1987" 18 request for reconsideration of SSA's original December 21, 1986 decision denying his November 19 21, 1986 application for disability insurance benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act. See generally Petition, ECF No. 1. He also filed an application to proceed in forma pauperis. IFP 20 21 Application, ECF No. 3. The court held a case management conference on July 31, 2014, during 22 which the court spoke to Mr. Richards at length about his action. See 7/31/2014 Minute Order, ECF 23 No. 8. Upon conducting its required review under 28 U.S.C. § 1915, the court found that Mr. 24 Richards's IFP application should be granted but that his action is barred by res judicata. See 25 8/8/2014 Order, ECF No. 10. Accordingly, the court granted Mr. Richards's IFP application and dismissed the action. See id. 26 27 28 ¹ Citations are to the Electronic Case File ("ECF") with pin cites to the electronicallygenerated page numbers at the top of the document. C 14-03293 LB ORDER

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On September 11, 2014, Mr. Richards filed a motion "for an enlargement of time to file a motion for reconsideration" and asking the court to provide him with a "last date certain" for filing it. *See* Motion, ECF No. 11. He also asks for copies of the entire case files for two of his previous actions: *Richards v. Apfel*, No. C-98-4132-CAL (N.D. Cal.), and *Richards v. Astrue*, No. C-08-1532-PJH (N.D. Cal.).

By asking the court to give him more time to file a motion for reconsideration, Mr. Richards seems to assume that he already has permission to file one. He does not. For this reason, the court construes his motion as one seeking such permission. Under Civil Local Rule 7-9(a), a party must seek permission from the court prior to filing a motion for reconsideration. N.D. Cal. Civ. L.R. 7-9(a).² In seeking permission from the court, the moving party must specifically show:

- (1) That at the time of the motion for leave, a material difference in fact or law exists from that which was presented to the Court before entry of the interlocutory order for which reconsideration is sought. The party also must show that in the exercise of reasonable diligence the party applying for reconsideration did not know such fact or law at the time of the interlocutory order; or
- (2) The emergence of new material facts or a change of law occurring after the time of such order; or
- (3) A manifest failure by the Court to consider material facts or dispositive legal arguments which were presented to the Court before such interlocutory order.

N.D. Cal. Civ. L.R. 7-9(b).

Even if the court grants a party leave to file a motion for reconsideration, reconsideration is only appropriate in the "highly unusual circumstances" when (1) the court is presented with newly discovered evidence, (2) the underlying decision was in clear error or manifestly unjust, or (3) there is an intervening change in controlling law. *See School Dis. No. 1J, Multnomah County, Or. v. ACandS, Inc.*, 5 F.3d 1255, 1263 (9th Cir. 1993). "No motion for leave to file a motion for reconsideration may repeat any oral or written argument made by the applying party in support of or in opposition to the interlocutory order which the party now seeks to have reconsidered." N.D. Cal.

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² Civil Local Rule 7-9(a) provides: "Before the entry of a judgment adjudicating all of the claims and the rights and liabilities of all the parties in a case, any party may make a motion before a Judge requesting that the Judge grant the party leave to file a motion for reconsideration of any interlocutory order made by that Judge on any ground set forth in Civil L.R. 7-9 (b). No party may notice a motion for reconsideration without first obtaining leave of Court to file the motion."

Civ. L.R. 7-9(c). "Unless otherwise ordered by the assigned Judge, no response need be filed and no hearing will be held concerning a motion for leave to file a motion to reconsider." N.D. Cal. Civ. L.R. 7-9(d).

In his motion, Mr. Richards says without having copies of the entire case files for his previous actions, it is "absolutely impossible" for him to "prove" the merits of his Petition. *See* Motion, ECF No. 11 at 3. He says nothing about there being a material difference in fact or law from that which was presented to the court before it issued its August 8, 2014 order, new material facts that emerged or a change of law that occurred since the court's August 8, 2014 order, or a manifest failure by the court to consider material facts or dispositive legal arguments which were presented to it.

Accordingly, the court denies Mr. Richards's motion for leave to file a motion for reconsideration.

The court also will issue a separate judgment in this action as a separate docket entry.

As for Mr. Richards's request for the entire case files of his two previous actions, the court does as follows. The case file for the 2008 action, *Richards v. Astrue*, No. C-08-1532-PJH (N.D. Cal.), is relatively small and available electronically on the court's ECF system. As a courtesy to Mr. Richards, and upon consideration of his specific circumstances, the court has printed the entire case file for that action. Mr. Richards may pick it up at the Intake desk in the Clerk's Office. When doing so, Mr. Richards should bring a copy of this order.

The case file for the 1998 action, *Richards v. Apfel*, No. C-98-4132-CAL (N.D. Cal.), is less accessible. Due to its age, it is not available on the court's ECF system. However, when considering Mr. Richards's Petition, the court retrieved the original case file from off-site storage and currently has it. The court will instruct the Clerk's Office to keep the case file until December 19, 2014. Mr. Richards may come to the Clerk's Office at any time before then to inspect and copy (at his own cost) any of the documents that he wishes. When doing so, Mr. Richards should bring this order and tell Intake that the case file may be retrieved by the FRC clerk.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: September 18, 2014

LAUREL BEELER United States Magistrate Judge