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18 Attorneys for Plaintiffs JEFFREY A. AMES and  
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19 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
20 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA - SAN FRANCISCO

21 JEFFREY A. AMES and SASHA M.  
D'AMICO,

22 Plaintiffs,

23 v.

24 CITY OF NOVATO; LT. OLIVER  
25 COLLINS; and DOES 1-10,

26 Defendants.  
27  
28

Case No.: 3:16-cv-02590-JST

Complaint Filed: May 13, 2016

FAC Filed: May 16, 2016

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER  
(PEACE OFFICER RECORDS)**

1 Plaintiffs Jeffrey A. Ames and Sasha M. D’Amico and Defendants City of Novato and Lt.  
2 Oliver Collins (collectively the “Parties” to this Stipulated Protective Order), by and through their  
3 respective counsel, stipulate to this Protective Order, to protect private and confidential  
4 information that may be produced, exchanged or disclosed by any Party (as defined below) or  
5 non-Party in connection with the above-captioned action (the “Litigation”), including subpoena(s)  
6 for documents or testimony, as may be necessary during the pendency of the Litigation, and to  
7 render moot any objection to discovery on the ground of privilege based on privacy, proprietary  
8 or confidential information or trade secrets.

9 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

10 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of  
11 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public  
12 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted.  
13 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated  
14 Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on  
15 all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure  
16 and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment  
17 under the applicable legal principles.

18 2. DEFINITIONS

19 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of  
20 information or items under this Order.

21 2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is  
22 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule  
23 of Civil Procedure 26(c).

24 2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as  
25 well as their support staff).

26 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that  
27 it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

28 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the

1 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,  
2 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or  
3 responses to discovery in this matter.

4 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to  
5 the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a  
6 consultant in this action.

7 2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House  
8 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

9 2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal  
10 entity not named as a Party to this action.

11 2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this  
12 action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action  
13 on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

14 2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,  
15 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

16 2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery  
17 Material in this action.

18 2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services  
19 (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and  
20 organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and  
21 subcontractors.

22 2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as  
23 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

24 2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a  
25 Producing Party.

26 3. SCOPE

27 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material  
28 (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material;

1 (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,  
2 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

3 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following  
4 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a  
5 Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as  
6 a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the  
7 public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party  
8 prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who  
9 obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating  
10 Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

11 4. DURATION

12 Even after final disposition of this Litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by  
13 this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court  
14 order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all  
15 claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after  
16 the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action,  
17 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to  
18 applicable law.

19 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

20 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party  
21 or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care  
22 to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.  
23 The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents,  
24 items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material,  
25 documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept  
26 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

27 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are  
28 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to

1 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary  
2 expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

3 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated  
4 for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other  
5 Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

6 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order  
7 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,  
8 Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so  
9 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

10 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

11 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but  
12 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing  
13 Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains protected material. If only a  
14 portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also  
15 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the  
16 margins).

17 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for  
18 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated  
19 which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the  
20 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed  
21 "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and  
22 produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for  
23 protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing  
24 Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL" legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If  
25 only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party  
26 also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the  
27 margins).

28 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that

1 the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other  
2 proceeding, all protected testimony.

3 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any  
4 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the  
5 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL.”  
6 If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to  
7 the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

8 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
9 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s  
10 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a  
11 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is  
12 treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

13 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

14 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of  
15 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality  
16 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic  
17 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to  
18 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the  
19 original designation is disclosed.

20 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution  
21 process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis  
22 for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written  
23 notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this  
24 specific paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in  
25 good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other  
26 forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In  
27 conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality  
28 designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the

1 designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered,  
2 to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next  
3 stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or  
4 establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in  
5 a timely manner.

6 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court  
7 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under  
8 Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) within 30 days  
9 of the initial notice of challenge or within 21 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer  
10 process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be  
11 accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet  
12 and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to  
13 make such a motion including the required declaration within 30 days (or 21 days, if applicable)  
14 shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In  
15 addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any  
16 time if there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition  
17 transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be  
18 accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet  
19 and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

20 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating  
21 Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose  
22 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to  
23 sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to  
24 file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the  
25 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's  
26 designation until the court rules on the challenge.

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1       7.       ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

2               7.1       Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or  
3 produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,  
4 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only  
5 to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation  
6 has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below  
7 (FINAL DISPOSITION).

8               Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and  
9 in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

10              7.2       Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered  
11 by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any  
12 information or item designated “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

13                       (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as  
14 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the  
15 information for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be  
16 Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

17                       (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the  
18 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have  
19 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

20                       (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is  
21 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and  
22 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

23                       (d) the court and its personnel;

24                       (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock  
25 jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation  
26 and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

27                       (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is  
28 reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”



1 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of  
2 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be  
3 separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted  
4 under this Stipulated Protective Order.

5 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian  
6 or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

7 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER  
8 LITIGATION

9 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels  
10 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that Party  
11 must:

12 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a  
13 copy of the subpoena or court order;

14 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the  
15 other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this  
16 Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

17 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the  
18 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

19 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the  
20 subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as  
21 “CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order  
22 issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party  
23 shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material –  
24 and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving  
25 Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

26 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS  
27 LITIGATION

28 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this

1 action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in  
2 connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order.  
3 Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking  
4 additional protections.

5 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-  
6 Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with  
7 the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential information, then the Party shall:

8 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some  
9 or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

10 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order  
11 in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the  
12 information requested; and

13 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

14 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14  
15 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the  
16 Non-Party’s confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely  
17 seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession  
18 or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a  
19 determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the  
20 burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

21 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

22 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected  
23 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective  
24 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the  
25 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the  
26 Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were  
27 made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the  
28 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

1 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED  
2 MATERIAL

3 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently  
4 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the  
5 Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This  
6 provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery  
7 order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of  
8 Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a  
9 communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product  
10 protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order  
11 submitted to the court.

12 12. MISCELLANEOUS

13 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to  
14 seek its modification by the court in the future.

15 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective  
16 Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any  
17 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly,  
18 no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material  
19 covered by this Protective Order.

20 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without first obtaining written permission from the  
21 Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a  
22 Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. Any party seeking to  
23 file a document under seal must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and Judge Tigar's Standing  
24 Order governing Administrative Motions to File Materials Under Seal, dated May 31, 2016. The  
25 parties intend to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the  
26 sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing  
27 order will issue upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is privileged,  
28 protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving

1 Party's request to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d) is denied  
2 by the court, only then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record pursuant  
3 to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed by the court.

4 12.4 The parties recognize that the California protections for peace officer records under  
5 *Pitchess v. Superior Court* (1974) 11 Cal.3d 531 do not apply to this federal litigation. However,  
6 the parties seek to maintain confidentiality of peace officer records consistent with the official  
7 information privilege and right to privacy, and pursuant to a tightly drawn protective order. See  
8 *Soto v. City of Concord*, 162 F.R.D. 603, 616 (N.D. Cal. 1995) and *Kelly v. City of San Jose*, 114  
9 F.R.D. 653, 660 (N.D. Cal. 1987). The City of Novato agrees to the disclosure of Plaintiffs'  
10 personnel files, timesheets, payroll records, personnel investigation reports and other documents  
11 only subject to an appropriate protective order. The parties contemplate that most, if not all, of  
12 the discovery produced in this litigation will consist of Protected Material, since the documents  
13 will likely consist of confidential peace officer personnel records, including personnel records of  
14 Plaintiff Sasha D'Amico, Plaintiff Jeffrey Ames, individual defendant Lt. Oliver Collins, and  
15 possibly other third party peace officers. Such personnel records include any file maintained  
16 under that individual peace officer's name by his or her employing agency and containing records  
17 relating to any of the following:

18 (a) Personal data, including marital status, family members, educational and employment  
19 history, home addresses, or similar information.

20 (b) Medical history.

21 (c) Election of employee benefits.

22 (d) Employee advancement, appraisal, or discipline.

23 (e) Complaints, or investigations of complaints, concerning an event or transaction in  
24 which he or she participated, or which he or she perceived, and pertaining to the manner in which  
25 he or she performed his or her duties.

26 (f) Any other information the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted  
27 invasion of personal privacy.

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13. FINAL DISPOSITION

Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed; and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected

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1 Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to  
2 this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

3  
4 **IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.**

5 Dated: January 13, 2017

LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

6  
7 By: /s/ Suzanne Solomon  
8 Suzanne Solomon  
9 Arlin Kachalia  
10 Attorneys for Defendants CITY OF  
11 NOVATO and LT. OLIVER COLLINS

12 Dated: January 13, 2017

THE SHEA LAW OFFICES

13 By: /s/ Mary J. Shea  
14 Mary J. Shea  
15 Attorneys for Plaintiffs JEFFREY A.  
16 AMES and SASHA M. D'AMICO

17 Dated: January 13, 2017

LAW OFFICE OF FULVIO F. CAJINA

18 By: /s/ Fulvio J. Cajina  
19 Fulvio J. Cajina  
20 Attorneys for Plaintiffs JEFFREY A.  
21 AMES and SASHA M. D'AMICO

22 **PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.**

23 Dated: January 18, 2017

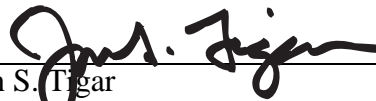
24  
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26 Jon S. Tigar  
27 United States District Judge  
28

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

1  
2  
3 I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of \_\_\_\_\_  
4 [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and  
5 understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for  
6 the Northern District of California on [date] in the case of \_\_\_\_\_ **[insert formal name of**  
7 **the case and the number and initials assigned to it by the court]**. I agree to comply with and to  
8 be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge  
9 that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt.  
10 I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject  
11 to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the  
12 provisions of this Order.

13 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the  
14 Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective  
15 Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

16 I hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name] of  
17 \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address and telephone  
18 number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any  
19 proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

20  
21 Date: \_\_\_\_\_

22 City and State where sworn and signed: \_\_\_\_\_

23  
24 Printed name: \_\_\_\_\_

25  
26 Signature: \_\_\_\_\_