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 CITY OF UNION CITY; UNION CITY POLICE
 8 DEPARTMENT

9 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 10 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
 11 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

13 THE ESTATE OF VASILIOS
 KATSOURAS; KLEARCHOS
 14 KATSOURAS, an individual; and
 NANCY KATSOURAS, an individual,

15 Plaintiff,

16 v.

17 CITY OF UNION CITY; UNION CITY
 18 POLICE DEPARTMENT; and DOE
 OFFICERS 1-20,

19 Defendants.

Case No. 3:17-cv-01075-RS

**CONFIDENTIAL STIPULATED
 PROTECTIVE ORDER**

22 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

23 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
 24 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public
 25 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted.
 26 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following
 27 Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket
 28

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1 protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from
2 public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to
3 confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as
4 set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file
5 confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be
6 followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to
7 file material under seal.

8 2. DEFINITIONS

9 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
10 information or items under this Order.

11 2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is
12 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule
13 of Civil Procedure 26(c).

14 2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as
15 well as their support staff).

16 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that
17 it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

18 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the
19 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,
20 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or
21 responses to discovery in this matter.

22 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent
23 to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as
24 a consultant in this action.

25 2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
26 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

27 2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other
28 legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

1 2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this
2 action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this
3 action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of
4 that party.

5 2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
6 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

7 2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
8 Material in this action.

9 2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services
10 (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and
11 organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and
12 subcontractors.

13 2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
14 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

15 2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
16 Producing Party.

17 3. SCOPE

18 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material
19 (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2)
20 all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,
21 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.
22 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following
23 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a
24 Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as
25 a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the
26 public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party
27 prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who
28

1 obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating
2 Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

3 4. DURATION

4 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by
5 this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court
6 order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all
7 claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after
8 the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this
9 action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time
10 pursuant to applicable law.

11 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

12 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party
13 or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care
14 to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.
15 The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents,
16 items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material,
17 documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
18 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

19 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
20 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
21 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary
22 expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

23 If it comes to a Designating Party’s attention that information or items that it designated for
24 protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other
25 Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

26 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
27 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
28 Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so

1 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

2 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

3 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
4 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing
5 Party affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains protected material. If only
6 a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also
7 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the
8 margins). A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for
9 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
10 which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the
11 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed
12 “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and
13 produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for
14 protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing
15 Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL” legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If
16 only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party
17 also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the
18 margins).

19 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the
20 Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other
21 proceeding, all protected testimony.

22 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other
23 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
24 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend
25 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,
26 the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

27 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
28 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s

1 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
2 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is
3 treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

4 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

5 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
6 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality
7 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
8 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to
9 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
10 original designation is disclosed.

11 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution
12 process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis
13 for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written
14 notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this
15 specific paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in
16 good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other
17 forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In
18 conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality
19 designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the
20 designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered,
21 to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next
22 stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or
23 establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in
24 a timely manner.

25 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
26 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under
27 Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) within 21 days
28 of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and

1 confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be
2 accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet
3 and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to
4 make such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable)
5 shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In
6 addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at
7 any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the designation of a
8 deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must
9 be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the
10 meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

11 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
12 Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose
13 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to
14 sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to
15 file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the
16 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's
17 designation until the court rules on the challenge.

18 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

19 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed
20 or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for
21 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be
22 disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order.
23 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of
24 section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

25 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and
26 in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

27 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise
28 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may

1 disclose any information or item designated “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

2 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as
3 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the
4 information for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
5 Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

6 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the
7 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have
8 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

9 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
10 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
11 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

12 (d) the court and its personnel;

13 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors,
14 and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who
15 have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

16 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably
17 necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit
18 A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of
19 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be
20 separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
21 under this Stipulated Protective Order.

22 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or
23 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

24 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
25 LITIGATION

26 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
27 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that
28 Party must:

1 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a
2 copy of the subpoena or court order;

3 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in
4 the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to
5 this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order;
6 and

7 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the
8 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

9 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the
10 subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as
11 “CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order
12 issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party
13 shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material –
14 and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving
15 Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

16 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS
17 LITIGATION

18 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this
19 action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in
20 connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order.
21 Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking
22 additional protections.

23 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-
24 Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with
25 the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential information, then the Party shall:

26 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some
27 or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

28 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective

1 Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of
2 the information requested; and

3 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

4 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14
5 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce
6 the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party
7 timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its
8 possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a
9 determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the
10 burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

11 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

12 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
13 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective
14 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the
15 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the
16 Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were
17 made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the
18 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

19 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
20 MATERIAL

21 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently
22 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the
23 Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This
24 provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery
25 order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of
26 Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a
27 communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product
28 protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order

1 submitted to the court.

2 12. MISCELLANEOUS

3 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to
4 seek its modification by the court in the future.

5 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective
6 Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
7 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly,
8 no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material
9 covered by this Protective Order.

10 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party
11 or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in
12 the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any
13 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be
14 filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected
15 Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon a
16 request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade
17 secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file
18 Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d) is denied by the court, then
19 the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule
20 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed by the court.

21 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

22 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each
23 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such
24 material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts,
25 compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
26 Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must
27 submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the
28 Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all

1 the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has
2 not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or
3 capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to
4 retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts,
5 legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work
6 product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected
7 Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to
8 this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

9 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

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Dated: May 31, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

ALLEN, GLAESSNER,
HAZELWOOD & WERTH, LLP

By: /s/ Dale L. Allen, Jr.
DALE L. ALLEN, JR.
KEVIN P. ALLEN
PHILIP J. DOWNS, JR.
Attorneys for Defendants
CITY OF UNION CITY; UNION CITY
POLICE DEPARTMENT

DATED: May 31, 2017

GERAGOS & GERAGOS

By: /s/ David Gammill
DAVID GAMMILL
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: 5/31/17


UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on [date] in the case of _____ **[insert formal name of the case and the number and initials assigned to it by the court]**. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of _____ [print or type full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____