1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	ADAM ROSE (SB# 210880) adam@frontierlawcenter.com FRONTIER LAW CENTER 23901 Calabasas Road, #2074 Calabasas, California 91302 Telephone: (818) 914-3433 Facsimile: (818) 914-3433 Attorneys for Plaintiff CRAIG OGANS E. JEFFREY GRUBE (SB# 167324) ELIZABETH A. BROWN (SB# 235429) C. YEWLEH CHEE (SB# 281710) jeffgrube@gbgllp.com lisabrown@gbgllp.com gRUBE BROWN & GEIDT LLP 601 Montgomery Street, Suite 1150				
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12 13	Attorneys for Defendant UNITED PARCEL SERVICE, INC.				
14					
15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
16	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
17					
18	CRAIG OGANS, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,	Case No. 3:17-cv-02443-MMC			
19	Plaintiff,	STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER			
20	VS.				
21	UNITED PARCEL SERVICE, INC. and	Judge: Hon. Maxine M. Chesney Courtroom: 7			
22	DOES 1 to 100,				
23	Defendants.				
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		STIDUI ATION AND IDDODOGDD			
	Case No. 3:17-cv-02443-MMC	STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER			
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PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of 3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public 4 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. 5 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following 6 Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket 7 protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from 8 public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to 9 confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as 10 set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be 11 12 followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to 13 file material under seal.

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2.

DEFINITIONS

15 2.1 <u>Challenging Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
 16 information or items under this Order.

17 2.2 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of how it is
18 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule
19 of Civil Procedure 26(c).

20 2.3 <u>Counsel (without qualifier)</u>: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as
21 well as their support staff).

22 2.4 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that
 23 it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL."

24 2.5 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the
25 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,
26 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or
27 responses to discovery in this matter.

2.6 <u>Expert</u>: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent
 to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as
 a consultant in this action.

4 2.7 <u>House Counsel</u>: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
5 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

6 2.8 <u>Non-Party</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other
7 legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

8 2.9 <u>Outside Counsel of Record</u>: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this 9 action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this 10 action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of 11 that party.

2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

14 2.11 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
15 Material in this action.

2.12 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support services
(e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and
organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and
subcontractors.

20 2.13 <u>Protected Material</u>: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
 21 "CONFIDENTIAL."

22 2.14 <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
 23 Producing Party.

3. <u>SCOPE</u>

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The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

1 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following 2 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a 3 Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as 4 a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the 5 public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party б prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who 7 obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating 8 Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

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4.

DURATION

Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

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5.

DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party
or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care
to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.
The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents,
items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material,
documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions. If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

- 5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
 Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.
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Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

9 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
10 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing
11 Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains protected material. If only
12 a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also
13 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the
14 margins).

15 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection 16 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which 17 material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all 18 of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the 19 inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party 20 must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. 21 Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the 22 "CONFIDENTIAL" legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or 23 portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly 24 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

(b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that
the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other
proceeding, all protected testimony.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any
 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend
 "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,
 the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's
right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is
treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

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6.

CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality
designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to
challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
original designation is disclosed.

18 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution 19 process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis 20 for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written 21 notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this 22 specific paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in 23 good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other 24 forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In 25 conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality 26 designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the 27 designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, 28 to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next

stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or
 establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in
 a timely manner.

4 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court 5 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under 6 Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) within 21 days 7 of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and 8 confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be 9 accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet 10 and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party 11 to make such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if 12 applicable) shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged 13 designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality 14 designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the 15 designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to 16 this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has 17 complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the court rules on the challenge.

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7.

ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed
or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for
prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be

disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. 1 2 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of 3 section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION). 4 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and 5 in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order. 6 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise 7 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may 8 disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to: 9 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as 10 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the 11 information for this litigation; 12 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the 13 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation; 14 Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom (c) 15 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation; 16 (d) the court and its personnel; 17 court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock (e) 18 jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation; 19 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is 20 reasonably necessary. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that 21 reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be 22 disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; 23 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a 24 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information; 25 (h) any other individuals to whom Outside Counsel of Record or House 26Counsel has deemed disclosure to be reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have 27 signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed 28 to by the Parties or ordered by the Court.

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8.

PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that Party must:

6 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall
7 include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

8 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
9 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
10 subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated
11 Protective Order; and

12 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued
13 by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the
subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as
"CONFIDENTIAL" before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order
issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party's permission. The Designating Party
shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material –
and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving
Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

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9.

A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a NonParty in this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." Such information produced by NonParties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this
Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking
additional protections.

In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to 1 (b) 2 produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the 3 4 Party shall: 5 (1)promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party 6 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a 7 Non-Party; 8 (2)promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated 9 Protective Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific 10 description of the information requested; and make the information requested available for inspection by the 11 (3)12 Non-Party. 13 If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court (c) 14 within 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may 15 produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the 16 Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information 17 in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party 18 before a determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall 19 bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material. 20 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL 21 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected 22 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective 23 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the 24 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were 25 26 made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the 27 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A. 28

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11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL

3 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently 4 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the 5 Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This 6 provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery 7 order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of 8 Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a 9 communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product 10 protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order 11 submitted to the court. Nothing herein shall diminish or waive the Parties' right to request the 12 return or destruction of inadvertently-produced privileged documents or information.

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12. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>

14 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to
15 seek its modification by the court in the future.

16 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective
17 Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
18 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly,
19 no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material
20 covered by this Protective Order.

21 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party 22 or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in 23 the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any 24 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be 25 filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected 26 Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon a 27 request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade 28 secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file

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Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d) is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed by the court.

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FINAL DISPOSITION

5 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each 6 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such 7 material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, 8 compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected 9 Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must 10 submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the 11 Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all 12 the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has 13 not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or 14 capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to 15 retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, 16 legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work 17 product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected 18 Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject 19 to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

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IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

21 DATED: June 6, 2017 22 23 24 25

FRONTIER LAW CENTER

() Myry three BY:

ADAM ROSE

Attorneys for Plaintiff CRAIG OGANS

1	DATED: June 6 2017	GRUBE BROWN & GEIDT LLP
2	DATED: June 6, 2017	OROBE BROWN & OEIDT EEF
3		BY: /s/ Elizabeth A. Brown
4		ELIZABETH A. BROWN
5		Attorneys for Defendant UNITED PARCEL SERVICE, INC.
6		UNITED PARCEL SERVICE, INC.
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	Case No. 3:17-cv-02443-MMC	- 12 - STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER

1	ORDER
2	PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.
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5	Dated: June 7, 2017
6	hai noli
7	Honorable Maxine M. Chesney United States District Judge
8	United States District Judge
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	Case No. 3:17-cv-02443-MMC - 13 - STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER

1	EXHIBIT A
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND
3	I,, of[address], declare under
	penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order
5	that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on
;	, 2017, in the case of Ogans v. United Parcel Service, Inc., No. 3:17-cv-02443-MMC. I
	agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I
	understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and
)	punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner
	any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity
	except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.
2	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
	Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
ŀ	Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.
5	I hereby appoint [print or type full name] of
5	[print or type full address and telephone
	number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any
	proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.
)	
)	Date:
	City and State where sworn and signed:
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3	Printed name:
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5	Signature:
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8	
	Case No. 3:17-cv-02443-MMC - 14 - STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER

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