

27 issuance of a discovery scheduling order to begin discovery on defendants' Rule 30(b)(6)

28 witnesses. When the (since-modified) scheduling order was issued on June 7, 2012, both

1 parties were aware that non-medical expert disclosures would be due in advance of the 2 close of discovery. Specifically, the original scheduling order provided for non-medical 3 expert disclosures to be made on May 1, 2013, and provided for the close of discovery on 4 August 1, 2013. See Dkt. 464. The deadlines have since been modified to provide for non-5 medical expert disclosures to be made on July 17, 2013, and for the close of discovery on 6 September 3, 2013. See Dkt. 521. Thus, plaintiffs were aware of the need to conduct any 7 discovery needed by their experts before the expert disclosure date. However, it appears that plaintiffs did not even seek discovery from defendants' Rule 30(b)(6) witnesses until 8 9 May 28, 2013, and noticed the deposition for July 25, 2013 - after non-medical expert 10 disclosures are due. Thus, the court reiterates its finding that plaintiffs have not been 11 diligent in seeking discovery. The deadlines imposed by this court were not arbitrary, but 12 were determined with the input of counsel. All of the prior modifications of the schedule 13 were at one or both of the parties' request not at the whim of the court. In view of plaintiffs' 14 complaints to the court and to the Attorney General about the delays in this case and given 15 that the deadline was imposed more than a year ago and the deposition notice issued only 16 a few weeks ago, the court finds a lack of diligence on the part of plaintiffs. For these 17 reasons, the court DENIES plaintiffs' motion for leave to file a motion for reconsideration, 18 and DENIES plaintiffs' second administrative motion to further modify the pretrial schedule.

19 IT IS SO ORDERED.

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20 Dated: July 12, 2013

PHYLLIS J. HAMILTON United States District Judge