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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
OAKLAND DIVISION

MARIO H. ESTRADA,

Plaintiff,

No. C 09-2330 PJH (PR)

vs.

**ORDER DISMISSING ONE  
CLAIM AND GRANTING  
PLAINTIFF’S MOTION FOR  
AN EXTENSION OF TIME**

Correctional Officer J. R. McBRIDE, IGI;  
Sergeant D. HIGGERSON, IGI;  
Lieutenant J. A. McKINNEY, IGI;  
ROBERT A. HOREL, Warden; R. S.  
MARQUEZ; KERI BERKLER; and  
SCOTT SKISSEL,

Defendants.

This is a pro se civil rights action filed by a prisoner at Pelican Bay State Prison. He has been granted in forma pauperis status. Defendants have moved for summary judgment and plaintiff has requested an extension of time to oppose the motion.

**DISCUSSION**

For unknown reasons, plaintiff’s motion for an extension of time to oppose the motion for summary judgment did not make it to the docket and did not come to the court’s attention. The clerk has been instructed to file it.

Plaintiff says in his motion that his complaint was written for him by a jailhouse lawyer who subsequently was moved out of his unit, that he is ignorant of the law and unable to conduct legal research, that he mistakenly thought that the court would send him a separate order setting a deadline for opposing the motion, and that he has only recently found a new jailhouse lawyer. Although the court’s initial order in fact did provide a deadline for filing an opposition if a dispositive motion were filed, in view of plaintiff’s pro se

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1 status the motion will be granted.

2 Plaintiff alleged in the complaint that the defendants had various roles in validating  
3 him as a member of a prison gang, which resulted in his being placed indefinitely in the  
4 Security Housing Unit at Pelican Bay. He asserted that (1) the evidence was not sufficient  
5 to support the validation; (2) defendant Marquez was an investigator on a previous attempt  
6 to validate him and also one of three decision makers in the most recent validation; and (3)  
7 that he was validated in retaliation for having “beaten” the earlier attempt to validate him by  
8 Marquez.

9 As to plaintiff’s contention that his rights were violated by Marquez’s being on the  
10 panel, the only applicable federal constitutional rights in this context are to (1) notice; (2) an  
11 informal hearing; (3) an opportunity to be heard; and (4) “some evidence” in support of the  
12 decision. See *Bruce v. Ylst*, 351 F.3d 1283, 1287-88 (9th Cir. 2003) (noting “some  
13 evidence” requirement and that any one of three pieces of evidence -- a sheriff’s  
14 department report that prisoner was a gang member, a probation report that prisoner’s  
15 codefendant was a gang member, and a statement from a prison informant -- would  
16 constitute “some evidence”); *Toussaint v. McCarthy*, 801 F.2d 1080, 1091-92 (9th Cir.  
17 1986) (due process requirements for segregation are (1) an informal nonadversary hearing;  
18 (2) notice to the prisoner of the reasons segregation is being considered; and (3) an  
19 opportunity for the prisoner to present his views). There is no right not have someone with  
20 prior knowledge on the panel, so Marquez’s presence on it did not violate plaintiff’s rights.  
21 Claim two will be dismissed, and because the deficiency is a legal one -- the  
22 absence of a relevant constitutional right -- the dismissal will be without leave to  
23 amend. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)((B)(ii) (court may dismiss in forma pauperis case “at  
24 any time” if it “fails to state a claim . . .”); *Janicki Logging Co. v. Mateer*, 42 F.3d 561, 566  
25 (9th Cir. 1994) (listing proper grounds for denying leave to amend, including futility).

26 As to the two remaining claims, the only question is whether plaintiff has facts  
27 that would support them. For the “some evidence” claim, the constitutional issue is  
28 different from the department of correction’s regulatory requirement of three items of

1 evidence; for constitutional purposes, any one of the three items relied upon to  
2 validate plaintiff would suffice as “some evidence.” See *Bruce*, 351 F.3d 1283, 1287-  
3 88. Plaintiff thus must provide the court with facts that show that none of the three items of  
4 evidence actually were before the decision-maker, or that none of them logically tended to  
5 show that he was a gang associate. For the retaliation claim, plaintiff must provide the  
6 court with facts that would show that the reason for the segregation was retaliation for his  
7 exercise of some constitutional right, rather than even in part because he was deemed to  
8 be a gang associate. See *Pratt v. Rowland*, 63 F.3d 802, 806 (9th Cir. 1993) (prisoner  
9 plaintiff has the burden of proving absence of legitimate correctional goals for the conduct  
10 of which he complains).

11 Neither of these two tasks requires legal knowledge or research. If plaintiff has the  
12 facts described above, he can supply them in the form of a declaration, a statement setting  
13 out the facts from personal knowledge and signed under penalty of perjury. Plaintiff either  
14 has these facts or he does not, and he has had many months since the motion for  
15 summary judgment was filed to obtain them. In fact, in his motion he asks for only “sixty  
16 days from today,” and the motion is dated January 8, 2011. The extension therefore will be  
17 short.

### 18 CONCLUSION

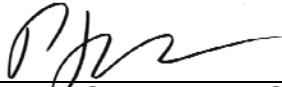
19 1. Plaintiff’s second claim, that Marquez was involved in the most recent validation,  
20 is **DISMISSED**.

21 2. Plaintiff’s motion for an extension of time to oppose the motion for summary  
22 judgment is **GRANTED**. The time to oppose the motion is **EXTENDED** to March 14, 2011.  
23 **No further extensions will be granted.**

24 3. If an opposition is filed, defendants may file a reply by March 25, 2011.

25 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

26 Dated: February 25, 2011.

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28 PHYLLIS J. HAMILTON  
United States District Judge