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United States District Court  
Northern District of California

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
EUREKA DIVISION

PETER NEWSOM, et al.,  
Plaintiffs,  
v.  
BANKERS ALLIANCE INC., et al.,  
Defendants.

Case No. [09-cv-05288-SBA](#) (NJV)

**ORDER SETTING EVIDENTIARY HEARING**

Re: Dkt. No. 189

Upon finding that plaintiffs Peter and Stephanie Newsom had failed to even attempt to serve defendant Julie Whiteside for more than a year after they named her in this action, the undersigned recommended that the district court issue an order to show cause why the action should not be dismissed pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(m). *See* Doc. No. 103. The district court issued that order to show cause. In their response to the district court’s order to show cause, Plaintiffs’ counsel represented that (1) “Whiteside could not be found for the majority of this case, despite all good faith efforts by counsel to do so. Julie Whiteside has moved several times”; and (2) Whiteside understood that the action was pending against her and did not “have the slightest inclination of defending it” . . . was “not concerned with the summons, the case, or a defense thereto.” Doc. No. 106 at 2. These statements were not made on information and belief, but were presented as facts within the personal knowledge of Plaintiffs’ attorney. *Id.* at 1 (“after investigating . . . I have learned the following”). The district court discharged the order to show cause and ordered Plaintiffs to serve defendant Julie Whiteside within thirty days. *See* Doc. No. 109 (September 5, 2012 order).

When Whiteside appeared in the action, she filed a motion to dismiss, an opposition to

1 Plaintiffs’ motion for default judgment, and a motion to set aside entry of default. Doc. Nos. 125,  
2 130, 144. In connection with these various filings, she declared that she had resided and received  
3 mail at the same Los Angeles address since 2009; that Plaintiffs knew where she resided and had  
4 served her at this address in November 2011; that she had spoken with Plaintiffs’ counsel and that  
5 he told her that he was pursuing a case against Countrywide; and, that she had not understood that  
6 she was a party (as opposed to a witness). *See* Doc. Nos. 137 & 143. Plaintiffs’ counsel accused  
7 Whiteside of evading service and fabricating her conversation with him. *See* Doc. No. 141.

8 Whiteside again moved to dismiss the complaint for insufficient service of process based  
9 on Plaintiffs’ failure to serve her within 120 days of naming her in the second amended complaint.  
10 Doc. No. 168. The district court referred the matter to the undersigned. Doc. No. 172. In his  
11 report and recommendation to the district court, the undersigned noted that he was “concerned that  
12 Plaintiffs knowingly or recklessly misrepresented certain facts to the court.” *See* Doc. No. 182.  
13 The district court re-referred the matter to the undersigned, for findings and recommendation as to  
14 whether the district court should reconsider its prior decision discharging the order to show and  
15 finding “good cause” to grant Plaintiffs an extension of time in which to serve Whiteside and  
16 whether the district court should dismiss the action as to Whiteside on any basis. The district  
17 court empowered the undersigned to order the submission of further briefing and to order the  
18 parties to participate in an evidentiary hearing.

19 Accordingly, the undersigned will hold an evidentiary hearing on January 7, 2014, at 10:00  
20 a.m. The parties shall appear in Courtroom D, 15th floor, 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San  
21 Francisco, California.

22 Plaintiffs’ counsel shall be prepared to address the following:

- 23 (1) Describe any efforts made to serve Julie Whiteside between January 1, 2010 (when  
24 Plaintiffs first named her as a defendant in the action) and December 15, 2010.  
25 (2) The declaration of Diane Kromer addresses the efforts Plaintiffs made to serve  
26 Whiteside starting on December 15, 2010. *See* Doc. No. 145. Kromer’s declaration  
27 describes unsuccessful attempts to serve Whiteside in December 2010 at an address  
28 Kromer or the process server found through a “Google Search consistent with the

1 address provided by Plaintiff Peter Newsom.” *Id.*, ¶ 3. On January 15, 2011, Plaintiffs  
2 obtained a skip trace report, which provided them with the Stearns Drive address for  
3 Whiteside in Los Angeles. Plaintiffs personally served Whiteside with a copy of the  
4 summons and superseded complaint at the Stearns Drive address on January 20, 2011.  
5 *Id.*, ¶ 5. Kromer declares that a process server spoke to Whiteside’s husband at the  
6 Stearns Drive address November 5, 2011 and learned that “she was out of town on  
7 business and return date unknown.” *Id.*, ¶ 9 & Ex. E. Whiteside appeared for a  
8 deposition in this case in November 2011. *Id.*, ¶ 10. It does not appear that Plaintiffs  
9 attempted to serve Whiteside with any documents between November 2011 and  
10 September 2012. *Id.* On September 17, 2012, twelve days after the district court  
11 ordered them to serve Whiteside within 30 days or face dismissal, Plaintiffs obtained a  
12 new summons for Whiteside. *Id.*, ¶ 13. On October 11, 2012, Plaintiffs’ process  
13 server provided a Certificate of *Non Estes* stating that Whiteside no longer lived at the  
14 Stearns Drive address. *Id.*, ¶ 14 & Ex. F. The Certificate of *Non Estes* does not  
15 describe the facts that led the process server to conclude that Whiteside no longer lived  
16 at that address. *See id.* No declaration of due diligence is attached. *Cf.* Doc. No. 145,  
17 Ex. G (declaration of due diligence re Santa Monica address). As summarized above,  
18 Whiteside has declared, under penalty of perjury, that she has resided at the Stearns  
19 Drive address since she was named in this action; Plaintiffs’ only evidence supporting  
20 their declaration that Whiteside had moved is that their process server was unable to  
21 serve her at that address between September 17, 2012 and October 11, 2012. *Id.*  
22 Plaintiffs should be prepared to address the *factual basis* for their representations that  
23 Whiteside “could not be found for the majority of this case, despite all good faith  
24 efforts by counsel to do so” and that she had moved “several times.” If Plaintiffs made  
25 these representations, under oath, solely on the basis of the statements of their process  
26 server, they should be prepared to address the specific representations their process  
27 server made to them regarding the process server’s conclusion that Whiteside no longer  
28 lived at Stearns Drive. The emails Kromer attached to her declaration demonstrate that

1 Plaintiffs repeatedly inquired about the status of service, and urged the process server  
2 to serve Whiteside, but they do not include substantive discussions regarding the  
3 process server's attempts to serve Whiteside or the basis for the process server's  
4 conclusion that Whiteside had moved.

5 (3) Plaintiffs should be prepared to describe how they came to the conclusion that  
6 Whiteside had moved "several times" since the beginning of the action. If Plaintiffs  
7 based this representation solely on the skip trace report they ordered, they must be  
8 prepared to describe their understanding of how a skip trace report is created, what it  
9 shows, and how reliable it is.

10 (4) Plaintiffs should be prepared to address the factual basis for their representations that  
11 Whiteside understood that the action was pending against her and did not "have the  
12 slightest inclination of defending it" . . . was "not concerned with the summons, the  
13 case, or a defense thereto." The court is aware of Plaintiffs' arguments that Whiteside  
14 understood the action was pending against her because she was served with the  
15 superseded complaint and that she appeared at her deposition and read the allegations  
16 made against her in the operative complaint. What else led Plaintiffs' counsel to state,  
17 under oath, that Whiteside did not "have the slightest inclination of defending" this  
18 lawsuit?

19 (5) Plaintiffs also should address why they made these representations on personal  
20 knowledge instead of on information and belief.

21 (6) Both Plaintiffs' counsel and Whiteside shall be prepared to describe their conversations  
22 relating to the case. Whiteside should attempt to locate phone records or  
23 contemporaneous notes documenting the alleged phone conversations with Plaintiffs'  
24 prior and current counsel.

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Plaintiffs shall file a declaration addressing these issues no later than December 17, 2013.

Whiteside shall file a responsive declaration no later than December 31, 2013.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

Dated: November 22, 2013



NANDOR J. VADAS  
United States Magistrate Judge